XIVE YEAR 12 PAGES.

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World, in
Special performance Sunday Night Admission, 15c, 20c and 30c. Box seats, 50c, 75c.

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OUNT LOWE RAILWAY - FOR TIME MISS MARY STONE, 1381/4 N. SPRING-

# Cathes

THE MORNING'S NEWS

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS, BRIEFED. The Second Session of

BY TELEGRAPH; The second session of the Fifty-third Congress opens; scenes in the two houses; flowers and cheers; resolutions introduce and pointers from committee-rooms-President Cleveland's annual mes sage; the nation's foreign relations generally satisfactory; he recom-mends the removal of duty from im-ported sugar also free iron, coal and ships; his financial scheme amounts to an indorsement of Secretary Car-lisle's banknote proposition; a na-tional board of health favored—Awful atrocities perpetrated by Turks among the Armenians; villages wiped out and their inhabitants slaughtered; stories of eye-wit-nesses — The brutal treatment of Father Goette by the Chinese of -The Lexow Committee sumes its investigations. The Trade mionists entertain the English agitators at Cooper Union—Prize-win ners at the San Francisco horseshor sold for ridiculously low prices—The Western railroads unable to sgree— The Tacoma National Bank closes its doors-J. W. Payne, the ex-Los Angeles contractor, sued by interested par-

Dispatches were also received from New York, Chicago, Lexington, Ky.; Cambridge, Portland, Or.; Milwau-kee, Washington, Fresno, London, Rome, Tacoma, San Francisco, Seattle, Volcano, Sacramento, Spokane Pasco, Wash.; Sonora, Denver, Du luth, Minn.; St. Louis, Carson, Woodland, Flagstaff and other places. THE CITY.

The result of the city election; Ba der elected Mayor; the vote on other officers — The sensational Campbell-Kelso slander suit on in Department Two; the attorneys argue a demurrer. The annual report of the City Water The annual report of the City Water Overseer filed; zanja system paid a profit — Evangolists Yatman and Pratt continue their revival meetings—Meting of the Single Tax Club. Another charge of murder likely to be brought against Healey, the slayer of Elikan at Long Beack—Chinese opium manufacturers captured—Sud-

A man run down by a train at Pas-adena—The cost of the tramp nuisance in Riverside county—The de serted child of Rev. J. W. Crouch pro vided with a good home in Santa Ana—An oil boom at Summerland, Santa Barbara county.

WEATHER INDICATIONS. For Southern California: Fair, nearly stationary temperature; light to fresh variable winds.

## COL. FELLOWS.

Over Eight Hundred Specific Charges Preferred Against Him.

Associated Press Leased-wire Services.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The trial of Col. John R. Fellows, District Attorney of the city and county of New York, on charges of neglect of duty, was begun before Gov. Flower's commissioner, Penator John B. Lenson of Kingston, today. One set of charges made by the Good Government Club people, embraces over 300 specific charges, while another set presented by the German-American Reform Union, made exactly 507. The first series of charges were read by McMahon, who swore to Cross-examination brought out that the

witness was swearing to the information. It was conceded by counsel that the ac-cused was under no compulsion to take the witness-stand to swear that the defense was true. The attorney for the German-American Reform Union argued that the charges preferred by that body should, where the specific charges are not th same, be tried separately and as distinct cases. Pending a decision of this question a recess was taken.

## ITALY'S AFFAIRS.

King Humbert Opens Parliament-Credit to be Improved.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

ROME, Dec. 3. — (By Atlantic Cable.) King Humbert oponed Parliament today with a touching reference to the suffer-ing and ruin caused by the recent earth-quakes. He added that national industry was reviving; that the credit of the country had improved, and that the confidence also said that imperious measures would be presented to Parliament for the ameliobe presented to Parliament for the amelio-ration of the money circulation and to im-prove credit. His Majesty concluded with expressions of confidence in the continued maintenance of the peace of Europe.

# NOT HANGED.

Gov. Turney of Tennessee Respites Two Murderers.

CHATTANOOGA (Tenn.,) Dec. 3.—There was to have been a scene of double hanging today, but thirty minutes before the execution Gov. Turney telegraphed Sheriff Hide that he had granted the doomed men a respite until January 11, pending an investigation for commutation of sentence The man are Buddy Wooten and George Mapp, two young negroes, who, en Jan-uary 17, 1892, murdered Marion Ross for robbery. Wooten made a confession to a fellow-prisoner in the workhouse where he was confined. Mapp is 17 years old.

The Gold Beceipts.

The Gold Receipts.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The receipts of gold at the sub-treasury today on account of the government loan were \$500,000, making a total of \$49,000,000 and leaving a balance to be paid in this city of \$400,000. The payment at Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago and San Francisco have been sufficient to complete the balance of \$55,500,000 required.

Congress. Scenes in the Two Houses

Yesterday. "Flowers for the Living and for the

Dead"—Cheers for the Leaders. Reading of the President's Message Various Resolutions Introduced.
Pointers from the Commit-

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3 .- The opening of

gress after a recess of three months made the Capitol building the center of interthe capitol building the center of interest was owing to the political revolution which recently oc-curred. The crowd seemed to be drawn mainly to the House, as here that politi-The spectators showed an eager interest in the arrival of each conspicuous figure on the floor. Congressional veterans who had spent a good share of their lives in the House came in for their final ses sion. The tidal wave has retired most all of the leaders of the majority. there were few disc the defeated, and they joined with the members of the minority in good-natured sailles. Representative Holman of Indi-ana was greeted warmly by his old friends

in arriving, and some of those who had been most conspicuous in recent public events, notably Senator Hill, were absent.

events, notably Senator Hill, were absent.

President Cleveland came to the White House at 10 o'clock this morning. It was the first visit he had made to the city in two weeks. He came alone, and was met by Mr. Thurber when he entered. The President looked very well, considering the savere-illness he had suffered from, and the only outward sign of his aliment is the pronounced limp which characterized his walk from the carriage into the house.

There were very few callers in the morning, the only one of note being Capt. Catchings of Mr. slavippi, who, in behalf of the Speakes, came to inquire if the Presidant would receive the Committee on Notification at the White House.

## FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION. WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—SENATE.— Promptly at 12 o'clock Vice-President Stevenson called the Senate to order and Chaplain Milburn offered the opening prayer. He referred feelingly to the prayer. He referred feelingly to the critical illness through which the daughter of the Vice-President has safely

Senator Harris of Tennessee offered the cuspomary resolution, asking that a com-mittee be named to notify the President that the Senate was in session. The pre-siding officer named Senators Harris of Tennessee and Manderson of Nebraska as

nator Cockrell of Missouri, chairman of the Combittee on Appropriations, of-fered a resolution, which was adopted, providing that daily sessions of the Sen-sic begin at 12 o'clock noon. The roll-tall developed the presence of sixty-six

utes. On the desk of Senator White of California was a tall cluster of red roses. At 12:30 o'clock the Senate took a further recess until 1:30.

On the reassembling of the Senate at On the reassembling of the Senate at 1:30 o'clock, Executive Clerk Pruden appeared at the main, door and white-haired Isaac Bassett announced: "A message from the President." On its receipt, Secretary Cox began to read the document. Special attention was given to the reference to the China-Japan war. It was the first official information known even to first official information known even to the members of the Foreign Affairs Co. mittee. It was much more brief, however, than had been expected, and left still open the actual details of the negotia-

3:40 p.m., having taken two hours and ten inutes. The Vice-President announced that in accordance with the usual custom the President's message would lay on the table and be printed. Mr. George of Mississippi presented a resolution directing the Committee on Rules to report a comprehensive revision of the rules with a view to expediting business and compelling vote. Referred to the Committee on

Senator Chandler of New Hampshire offered a resolution, which was adopted, fix-ing December 20 as a day for the reception of the statues of Daniel Webster and Gen. John Stark, which are to be placed in Statuary Hall. Senator Hoar of Massachusetts offered

a resolution, which was adopted, request-ing the President for information not incompatible with the public service, con-cerning the recent massacres of Armenians in Turkey, and as to what protest, memo-rials, etc., had been presented by Ameri-Senator Turple of Indiana offered a reso

lution reciting that the time had come for the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people. Senator Turpi submit some remarks on the resolution. Meantime the resolution went over.
Senator Lodge of Massachusetts offere a resolution calling on the Secretary of State for particulars concerning the exe-cution of two Japanese students by the

Chinese authorities at Shanghai when the students had been given the protection of

THE MODERN SINBAD AND HIS "OLD MAN OF THE SEA."



(Labor:) "What! another! I've got just as much as I can stagger under now."

this government be communicated to Tur-key. Referred to the Committee on For-eign Affairs. Senator Dolph of Oregon presented a me-

morial from the commercial organizations of Portland, Or., favoring the Nicaragua Canal. Mr. Dolph briefly urged the importance of the pending measures for prosecuting the canal. Senator Peffer of Kansas offered two res

olutions. The first directs the Judiciary Committee of the Senate to investigate the circumstances and legal authority under which the Secretary of the Treasury second resolution calls on the President for information concerning the stances and necessity for sending United States troops to Chicago during the pen-dency of the Pullman strike. Both resolutions went over under the rules. Senator Call of Florida offered a resolu

tion for the appointment of a specia mittee to inquire to what extent the Louis iana, er Henduras, lotter was operated in Florida, whether either of them had sought to control State or national elecpended by them in securing the election Senators, considerably more than a quorum. A recess was then taken until 12:30 o'clock p.m.

Many Senators had received floral tributes. On the desk of Senator White of

directors of the Union Pacific Railroad was received from the Secretary of the Interior. The Secretary of the Navy submitted a reply to the Senate resolu-tion, calling for the relative standing of American citizens and aliens in the United States navy. The annual reports of the various departments and bureaus were received, and then, on motion of Mr. Gor-man, the Senate adjourned. HOUSE.—The House was called to order

promptly at noon. Many members' desks were strewn with flowers, as one wit said: "Flowers for the living and flowers for the dead:" The desk of ex-Speaker Reed ore an immense floral ship of state sent by a "Protectionist." On the desk of Ren A.P.A. organization in acknowledgement of his championship of public schools. When Mr. Reed entered, a ringing cheer from his party associates greeted him. A moment later Representative Wilson of West Virginia entered and was enthusiastically greeted by his associates. As the hands of the clock pointed to 12 Speaker Crisp entered and ascended the rostrum smid ap-With several hard bangs of the plause. With several hard bangs of the gavel the Speaker restored order, and the second session of the Fifty-third Congress began. Rev. Bagby, chaplain of the Heuse, invoked the divine blessing and then the roll was called.

Representative Breckinridge of Kentucky, with snow-white hair and beard, entered and walked quietly to his entered and walked quietly to his seat.

A page carrying a large armful of Marechal Niel roses followed and placed them on his desk. Roses, chrysanthemums, orchids and other flowers were carried in profusion to other members until the hall looked like a

bower.

The roll-call developed the presence of 216 members, forty-seven more than a quorum. John S. Harrison of Alabama, John Little of Arkansas, William L. Henry, Charles E. Coffin and William Henry, Charles E. Coffin and William Laird of Maryland, William Becker of Ken-tucky, J. H. Bromwell of Ohio and Michael Griffin were escorted to the bar of the House and were sworn in. The Speaker announced the resignation of Amos J. Cummings, who resigned to accept the ap-pointment of sub-way commissioner of Now

Wilson, Holman and Reed were students had been given the protection of the United States. At the request of Senstor Gorman the resolution went over under the rules until tomorrow.

Senator Blanchard of Louisiana presented a resolution, protesting against the recent Turkish atrocities against Armenians, and directing that the remonstrance of the President's executive clerk, appeared the President that Congress was ready to receive any communication which he desired to make. At 12:30 o'clock the House took as received and the President's executive clerk, appeared to make the president that Congress was ready to receive any communication which he desired to make. At 12:30 o'clock the House took as received and the President that Congress was ready to receive any communication which he desired to make. At 12:30 o'clock the House took as received and the President that Congress was ready to receive any communication which he desired to make. At 12:30 o'clock the House took as received and the President that Congress was ready to receive any communication which he desired to make. At 12:30 o'clock the House took as received and the President that Congress was ready to receive any communication which he desired to make. At 12:30 o'clock the House took as received and the President that Congress was ready to receive any communication which he desired to make the president that Congress was ready to receive any communication which he desired to make the president that Congress was ready to receive any communication which he desired to make the president that the

with the message, which was read by the clerk of the House.

The reading of the messag our and forty-five minutes. It was listened to with careful attention, especially banking scheme, but there was no demon stration when it was concluded. Several routine reports were presented, after which Mr. Scranton of Pennsylvania announced tative from the Fifteenth District of Pennsylvania. The usual resolutions were adopted, and then, as a further mark of respect, the House, at 3 o'clock, adjourned till tomorrow at 12 o'clock.

## WASHINGTON POINTERS.

Chairman McCreary Expects Little Important Work.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.-Representative McCreary, chairman of the House Commit-tee on Foreign Affairs, says he does not expect many matters of importance before the committee during the present session. He has not given the Nicaragua Canal any special attention. He thinks that were the government to expend or guarantee \$75,000,000 or \$100,000,000, great care should be exercised and the government not be rashly committed to an enterprise of such magnitude.

ENATOR COKE NOT A CANDIDATE WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Senator Coke of Texas expressed the opinion today that ex-Senator Chilton will be elected to succeed him, as enough members of the islature are already pledged. Senator is positively not a candidate again.

THE INCOME TAX LAW.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Representative McMillin of Tennessee, prime mov the income tax law, says that there danger that it will be repealed, but there will be no appropriation for it this year.

Chairman Sayers of the House Committee
on appropriations says that the income
tax will be provided for in the Urgency
Deficiency bill. GOV. M'KINLEY ON PROTECTION.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3. — When Gov. McKinley was asked yesterday what course he would suggest that Republicans pursue during the remainder of the term

Congress, he replied:
"It would be decidedly unbecoming in me, being no longer a member of Congress, to advise the Republicans what to do at the coming session. From what I can gather, however, from the talks of our friends, it will be the determination to prevent the further mischlef to American industries. I shall be surprised if the free iron and free coal bills become laws by acts of the present Congress. While I, during the Fifty-farst Congress, did what I could to have sugar made free, and that provision was made a part of the tariff law of 1890, it may be claimed now that, owing to a decrease in government receipts, it would be hazardous to place sugar on the free list.

"I see that the estimated deficiency in government revenues is something like

"I see that the estimated deficiency in government revenues is something like \$9,000,000. That is not encouraging. I hope as little evil as possible may be committed during the short session, and that when the Republicans resume control in Congress wise remedial legislation may be enacted. I prefer hot to make any suggestions to the Fifty-fourth Congress just at this time."

NO TARIFF LEGISLATION. WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The Repub-licans do not favor any tariff legislation at this session. Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island says he thinks, it will be best to allow matters to rest where they are.
"Let the country recover," he added, "and
we will see if any further legislation is

THE FIRST FREE-SILVER BILL. WASHINGTON, Dec. 3 .- A bill providing for the free coinage of silver was intro-duced in the House today by Representa-tive Hartman of Montana. An important provision of the measure is that requiring

Continued on eighth page.

# Mr. Cleveland on State Affairs.

His New Financial Policy Set Forth.

He Indorses Carlisle's Scheme of Banknotes—The Tariff Question.

Work of the Departments-National Board of Health Recommended. The Indian Problem—The

ated Press Leased-wire Service WASHINGTON, Dec. 3 .- The President's annual message to Congress is as follows:

To the Congress of the United States: The assemblage within the nation's legislative halls of those charged with the duty of making laws for the benefit of a duty of making laws for the benefit of a generous and free people, impressively suggests the exacting obligation and inexorable responsibility involved in their task; At the threshold of such labor now to be undertaken by the Congress of the United States, and, in the discharge of an executive duty enjoined by the Constitution, I submit this communication containing submit this communication containing a brief statement of the condition of our national affairs and recommending such legislation as seems to me necessary and

expedient. FOREIGN POLICY. The history of our recent dealings with other nations and our personal relations with them at this time additionally demonstrate the advantage of consistently adhering to a firm but just foreign policy, free from envious or ambitious national schemes and characterized by entire honesty and sincerity

THE ANTWERP EXPOSITION. During the past year, pursuant to a law of Congress, commissioners were appointed to the Antwerp Industrial Exposition. Though the participation of American exhibitors fell far short of completely illus-trating our national ingenuity and indus-trial achievements, yet it was quite creditable in view of the brief time allowed for

itable in view of the brief time allowed for preparations.

I have endeavored to impress upon the Belgium government the needlessness and positive harmfulness of its restrictions upon the importation of certain of our food products, and have strongly urged that the rigid supervision and inspection under our laws are amply sufficient to prevent the exportation from this country of diseased cattle and unwholesome meat.

THE BRAZILIAN WAR. The termination of the civil war in Brazil has been followed by the general prevalence of peace and order. It appears ing at an early stage of the insurrection that its course would call for unusual watchfulness on the part of this govern-ment, our naval force in the harbor of Rio de Janeiro was strengthened. This pre-caution, I am satisfied, tended to restrict the issue to a simple test of strength be-tween the Brazillan government and in-surgents and avert complications which. at times, seemed imminent. Our firm attitude of neutrality was maintained to the end, the insurgents received the encouragement of eventual asylum from our commanders, and such opposition as they encountered was for the protection of our commerce and was clearly justified by pub-

A serious tension of relations having arisen at the close of the war between Brazil and Portugal, by reason of the escape of the insurgent Admiral de Gama and his followers, the friendly offices of of either within the territory of the other THE COMMERCIAL TREATY WITH BRAZIL.

Although the government of Brazil was duly notified that the commercial arrange-ment existing between the United States and that country based on the third sec tion of the tariff act of 1890 was abrogated of the tariff law in force, that government subsequently notified us of its intention to terminate such arrangements on the first day of January, 1895 in the exercise of the right reserved in the agreement between the two countries. I invite attention to the correspondence between the Secretar of State and the Brazilian Minister on this

subject. CHILEAN CLAIMS. The commission organized under the co vention which we had entered into with Chile for the settlement of the outstanding claim of each government against each other, adjourned at the end of the period stipulated for its continuance, leaving un-determined a number of American cases, which had been duly presented. claims are not barred, and negotiations are in progress for their submission

AFFAIRS WITH CHINA. AFFAIRS WITH CHINA.
On the 17th of March last the
new treaty with China in further
regulation of immigration was signed
at Washington, and on August 13 it
received the sanction of the Sennte.
Ratification on the part of China and for-

mai exchange are awaited to give effect to this mutually beneficial convention. A gratifying recognition of the uniform impartiality of this country toward all foreign States was manifested by the coinci-dent request of the Chinese and Japanese governments that the agents of the United States should, within States should, within proper limits, afford protection to the subjects of the other during the suspension of diplomatic relations due to a state of war. This delicate office was accepted and a misapprehension which gave rise to the belief that in ar-fording this kindly unofficial protection our agents would exercise the same authority which the withdrawn agents of the bellig-

Although the war between China and Although the war between China and Japan endangers no policy of the United States, it deserves our gravest consideration by reason of its disturbance of our growing commercial interests of the two countries, and the increased dangers which may result to our citizens domiciled or sojourning in the interior of China. Acting under a stipulation in our treaty with Korea (the first concluded with a western power) I felt constrained at the beginning.

troversy to tender our good ofthe controversy to tender our good ofste induce an amicable arrangement
the initial difficulty growing out of
Japanese demands for administrative
orms in Korea, but the unhappy preciption of actual hostilities defeated this
dly purpose. Deploring the destructive
between the two most powerful of the
tern nations, and anxious that our comrecial interests in those countries may be
served, and that the safety of the citithere shall not be jeopardized. I ms there shall not be jeopardized. I ould not hesitate to heed any intimation at our friendly aid for the honorable ter-lination of hostilities would be acceptable

DISPUTE WITH ECUADOR. A convention has been finally concluded for the settlement by arbitration of the prolonged dispute with Ecuador growing out of the proceedings against Emilio Santos, a naturalized citizen of the United States.

PRIENDLY WITH FRANCE. Our relations with the republic of France continue to be such as should exist between nations so long bound together by friendly sympathy and similarity in their form of government. The recent cruel assassination of the President of this sister republic called forth such universal expressions of sorrow and condolence from our people and government as to leave no of the depth and sincerity of our attachment. The resolutions passed by the Senate and House of Representative on the occasion have been communicated to the widow of President Carnot.

OUR GERMAN FRIENDS.

Acting upon the reported discovery of Texas fever in cargoes of American cat-tle, the German prohibition against imthe the German prohibition against importations of livestock and fresh meats from this country has been revived. It is hoped that Germany will soon become convinced that the inhibition is as needless as it is harmful to such as needless as n as it is harmful to mutual interest The German government has protested against the provision of the Customs Tariff act which imposes a discriminating duty of one-tenth of 1 cent a pound on sugars coming from countries paying an export bounty thereon, claiming that the exaction of such a duty is in contravention of articles V and IX of the treaty

of 1876 with Prussia.

In the interests of the commerce of both countries and to avoid even the acation of treaty violation, I recommen the repeal of so much of the statute as imposes that duty and I invite attention imposes that duty and I invite attention to the accompanying report of the Secre-tary of State containing a discussion of the question raised by the German pro-tests.

BERING SEA.

Early in the present year an agreement was reached with Great Britain concerning instructions to be given to the navail commanders of the two governments in Bering sea and the contiguous North Pacific Ocean, for their guidance in the experiments of the two properties. ecution of the thorough examination upon the principles as well as the facts which they involve. I am convinced that a settlement upon the terms mentioned would be an equitable and advantageous one and I recommend that provision be made for the prompt payment of the stated sum. Thus far only France and Portugal have signified their willingness to adhere to the regulations established under the award of the Paris tribunal o

THE ALASKA SURVEY.

Preliminary surveys of the Alaskan boundary and preparatory examination of the question of protection of food fish in the contiguous waters of the United States and the Dominion of Canada are in progress. GREAT BRITAIN-VENEZUELA.

The boundary of British Guiana still remains in dispute between Great Britain and Venezuela. Believing that its early settlement on some just basis alike honorable to both parties is in the line of our established policy to remove from this hemisphere all causes of difference with powers beyond the sea, I shall remain the afforts heretofore made to height new the efforts heretofore made to bring bout a restoration of diplomatic rela-ions between the disputants and to in-luce a reference to arbitration, a resort which great Britain so conspicuously fav ors in principle and respects in practice and which is earnestly sought by he

ker adversary.

RECOGNITION OF HAWAII.

Since communicating the voluminous orrespondence in regard to Hawaii, and respondence in reaction taken by of Representatives on certain question submitted to the judgment and wider dis cretion of Congress, the organization of a government in place of the provisional arrangement, which followed the deposiwith evidence of its effective operation. The recognition usual in such cases has been accorded the new government. EXTRADITION WITH ITALY.

der the present treaties of extraditi with Italy, miscarriages of justice have oc curred owing to the refusal of that gov-ernment to surrender its own subjects. Thus far our efforts to negotiate an amended convention obviating this difficulty have been unavailing.

Apart from the war in which ithe island

empire is engaged, Japan attracts increas-ing attention in this country by her evident desire to cultivate more liberal intercourse with us and to seek our kindly aid in furtherance of her laudable desire for complete autonomy in her domestic affairs and full equality in the family of nations. The Japanese empire of today is no longer the Japan of the past, and our relations with this progressive nation should not be less broad and liberal than that with other

OUR SOUTHERN NEIGHBORS.

Good will, fostered by many interests sommon, has marked our relations with our nearest southern neighbors. Peace being restored along her northern frontier, Mex-ico has asked the punishment of the late disturbers along her border. I recommend a treaty of commerce and navigation with that country to take place of the one which terminated thirteen years ago. The friendliness of the intercourse be-tween the two countries is attested by the fact that during this long period the commerce of each has steadily increased under the rule of mutual consideration, being neither stimulated by conventional ar-rangements nor retarded by jealous rival-

or selfish distrust.
n indemnity tendered by Mexico as a gracious act for the murder in 1889 of Leon Baldwin, an American citizen, by a band of marauders in Durango, has been accepted, and is being paid in installments. accepted, and is being paid in inatallments. The problem of the storage and the use of the waters of the Rio Grande for irrigation should be solved by appropriate concurrent action of the two interested countries. Rising in the Colorado heights, the stream Bows intermittently, yielding little water during the dry months to the irrigating channels already constructed on its course. This scarcity is often severely felt in the agions where the river forms a common boundary. Moreover, the frequent changes in its course through levels often raise embarrassing questions on territorial jurisdiction.

the Hinefields incident in what the

bordering on the Atlantic Ocean and within the jurisdiction of Nicaragua. The for mer government expressly recognized the sovereignty of the latter over the strip, and a limited form of self-government was guaranteed to the Mosquito Indians to be exercised according to their customs for themselves and other dwellers within its themselves and other dwellers within its limits. The so-called native government, which grew to be largely made up of aliens, for many years disputed the sovereignty of Nicaragua over the strip and claimed the right to maintain therein a practically independent municipal government. Early in the past year, the efforts of Nicaragua to maintain sovereignty over the Mosquito territory led to serious dis-turbances, culminating in the suppression turbances, culminating in the suppression of the mative government, and the attempted substitution of an impracticable composite administration, in which Nicaragua and alien residents were to participate. The failure was followed by an insurrection which, for a time, subverted Nicaraguan rule, expelling the officers and restoring the old organization. This, in turn, gave place to the existing local government established and upheld by Nicaragua.

turn, gave place to the existing local government established and upheld by Nicaragua.

Although the alien interests arrayed against Nicaragua in these transactions have been largely American, and the commerce of that region for some time has been and still is chiefly controlled by our citizens, we cannot for that reason challenge the rightful sovereignty of Nicaragua over this important part of her domain. For some months one, and part of the time two, of our naval ships have been stationed at Bluefields for the protection of all legitimate interests of our citizens. In September last the government at Managua expelled from its territory twelve or more foreigners, including two Americans for alleged participation in seditious or revolutionary movements against the republic at Bluefields, already mentioned; but, through the earnest remonstrance of this government, the Americans have been permitted to return to the peaceful management of their business. Our naval commanders at the scene of those disturbances, by their constant exhibition of firmness and good judgment, contributed largely to the prevention of more serious consequences and to the restoration of quiet and order.

THE WILSON INCIDENT. I regret that in the midst of those oc-currences there happened a most grave and irritating failure of Nicaragua justice and irritating failure of Nicaragua justice. An American citizen named Wilson, residing at Rama in the Mosquito Territory, was murdered by one Arguello, the acting Governor of the town. After some delay the murderer was arrested, but was so insecurely confined that he escaped, and, notwithstanding repeated demands, it is claimed that his recapture is impossible by reason of his flight beyond Nicaraguan jurisdiction. The Nicaraguan authorities having given notice of the forfeiture of the concession to the canal company, on grounds purely technical and not embraced in the contract, have receded from that position.

PERU'S SYMPTOMS.

PERU'S SYMPTOMS.

Peru, I regret to say, shows symptoms of domestic disturbance, due probably to the slowness of her recuperation from the distresses of the war of 1881. Weakened in resources, her difficulties in facing international obligations invite our kindly sympathy and justly our forbearance in pressing long-pending claims. I have felt constrained to testify this sympathy in connection with certain demands urgently preferred by other powers.

RELATIONS WITH RUSSIA.

The recent death of the Czar of Rus-

The recent death of the Czar of Rus d forth appropriate expressions of sorrow and sympathy on the part of our government with his bereaved family and the Russian people. As a further demonstration of reciprocal friendship, our Minister at St. Petersburg was directed to represent our government at the funeral

SEALING INTERESTS.

The sealing interests of Russia in Bering Sea are second only to our own A modus vivendi was, therefore, concluded

A modus vivendi was, therefore, concluded with the imperial government, restrictive of poaching on the Russian rookeries and of sealing in waters which were not comprehended in the protected area defined in the Paris award.

Occasion has been found to urge upon the Russian government equality of treatment for our great life insurance companies, whose operations have been extended throughout Europe. Admitting, as we do, foreign corporations to transact business in the United States, we naturally expect no less tolerance for our own in the ample fields of competition abroad.

THE KIZEMINSKI INCIDENT.

But few cases of interference with nat-

But few cases of interference with nat-uralized citizens returning to Russia have uralized citizens returning to Russia have been reported during the current year. One Kizeminški was arrested last summer in a Polish province, on a reported charge of unpermitted renunciation of Russian allegiance, but it transpired that the proceedings originated in alleged maifeasance committed by Kizeminski, while an imperial officer a number of years ago. Efforts for his release, which promised to be successful were in progress when he death was reported.

THE EZETA INCIDENT.

The government of Salvador having been overthrown by an abrupt popular outbreak, certain of its military and civil officers, while hotly pursued by infuriated insurgents, sought refuge on board the United States warship Bennington, then lying in South American ports. Although the practice of asylum is not favored by this government, yet, in view of the imminent peril which threatened the fugitives, and solely from considerations of humanity, they were offered shelter by our naval commander, and when afterward demanded by our treaty of extradition with Salvador, for trial on charges of murder, arson and robbery, I directed that such of them as had not voluntarily left the ship be conveyed-to one of our nearest ports, where a hearing could be had before a judicial officer, in compliance with the terms of the treaty. On their arrival at San Francisco, such a proceeding was promptly instituted before the United States District Judge, who held that the acts constituting the alleged offenses were political, and discharged all the accused, except Cienfuegos, who was held for an attempt to murder. Thereupon I was constrained to direct his release for the reason that an attempt to murder was not one of the crimes charged against him, and upon which his surrender to the Salvadoran authorities had been demanded. Unreasonable and unjust discrimination by Spain on the vessels and commerce of the United States have demanded, from time to time during the last twenty years, earnest remonstrance on the part of our government. In the immediate past, exceptional penalties have been imposed upon our versels and goods by customs authorities of Cuba and Porto Rico for clerical errors of the most trivial character in the manifests or bills of lading. In some cases fines amounting to thousands of dollars have been levied upon cargoes or the carrying vessels, when the goods in question were entitled to free entry. Fines have been exacted, even when the error was detected and the Spanish authorities notified before THE EZETA INCIDENT. The government of Salvador having been

was detected and the Spanish authorities notified before the arrival of the goods in port.

This conduct is in strange contrast with the considerate and liberal treatment extended to Spanish vessels and cargoes in our ports in like cases. No satisfactory settlement of these vexatious questions has been yet reached. The Mora case, referred to in my last annual message, remains unsettled. From the diplomatic correspondence on this subject, which has been laid before the Senate, it will be seen that this government has offered to conclude a convention with Spain for disposal by arbitration of outstanding claims between the two countries, except the Mora claim, which, having been long ago adjusted, now only awaits payments, as stipulated, and, of course, it could not be included in the proposed convention. It was hoped that this offer would remove parliamentary obstacles encountered by

say that no definite reply to this offer has yet been made, and all efforts to secure payment of this settled claim have been

TURKEY AND ARMENIANS. TURKEY AND ARMENIANS.

In my last annual message I adverted to the claim on the part of Turkey of the right to expel, as persons undesirable and dangerous, Armenians naturalized in the United States and returning to Turkish jurisdiction. Numerous questions in this relation have arisen. While this government acquiesced in the asserted rights of expulsion, it would not consent that Armenians may be imprisoned, or otherwise punished, for no other reason than having acquiesced, without imperial consent to American citizenship.

Three of the assallants of Miss Melton, an American teacher in Mosul, have been convicted by the Ottoman courts, and I am advised that an appeal against the acquittal of the remaining five has been

acquittal of the remaining five has been taken by the Turkish prosecuting officer.

VENEZUELA.

A convention has been concluded with zuela for the arbitration of a long ing out of the seizure of cerdispute growing out of the seizure of cer-tain vessels, the property of citizens of the United States. Although signed, the treaty of extradition with Venezuela is not yet in force owing to the insistance of that gov-ernment that, when surrendered, its citi-zens shall in no case be liable to capital numbers.

MARITIME RULES. The rules for the prevention of collisions at sea, which were framed by the \*Maritime Conference held in this city in 1889, having been concurrently incorporated in the statutes of the United States and Great British, have have appropried. and Great Britain, have been announced to take effect March 1, 1895, and invitations have been extended to all maritime nations to adhere to them. Favorable responses have thus far been received from Austria, France, Portugal, Spain and Swe-

AFFAIRS IN SAMOA.

AFFAIRS IN SAMOA.

In my last annual message I referred briefly to the unsatisfactory state of affairs in Samoa under the operation of the Berlin treaty as signally illustrating the impolicy of entangling alliances with foreign powers, and on May 9, 1894, in response to a resolution of the Senate, I sent a special message and documents to that body on the same subject which emphasized my previously expressed opinphasized my previously express ons. Later occurrences, the correspond-ence in regard to which will be laid before Congress, further demonstrate that the government which was devised by the three powers and forced upon the natives against their inveterate hostility can be maintained only by the continued presence of foreign military force and at no small sacrifice of life and treasure. The suppression of the Matafa insurrection by the powers and the subsequent banishment of the leader and eleven other chiefs, as recited in my last message, did not bring lasting peace to the islands. Formidable uprisings continued, and finally a rebellion broke out in the eapital island of Upolu, headed by Aana, in the western district by the younger Tamasese, and in Atua, the eastern district, by other leaders. The insurgents ravaged the country and fought the government's troops up the very doors of Apia. The King again appealed to the powers, and the combined British and German naval forces reduced Atuane to apparent subjection, not, however, without considerable loss to the natives. A few days later, Tamasese and his adherents, fearing the ships and marines, professed submission. Reports received from our agents at Apia do not justify the belief that the peace thus brought about will be of long duration. It is their conviction that the natives are at heart hostile to the present government; that such of them as profess loyalty do so from fear of the powers; that the government would speedily go to pieces if the warmaintained only by the continued presviction that the natives are at heart hostile to the present government; that such of them as profess loyalty do so from fear of the powers; that the government would speedily go to pieces if the warships were withdrawn. In reporting to his government on the suppression of the late revolt by foreign armed forces, the German consul at Apia stated that peace will be lasting is hardly to be presumed. The lesson given by firing on Atua was not sufficiently sharp and incisive to leave a lasting impression on the forgetful Samoan temperament; in fact, conditions are existing which show that peace will not last and is not seriously intended. Malietoa, the King, and his chiefs are convinced that the departure of the warships will be a signal for a renewal of war. The circumstance that the representatives of the villages of all the districts which were opposed to the government have already withdrawn to Atua to hold meetings, and that both Atua and Aana have forbidden inhabitants of those districts which fought on the side of the government to return to their villages and have already partly burned down the latter, indicate that a real conciliation of the parties is still far off; and, in a note of the 10th ult. inclosing a piece of that report for the information of this government, the German Ambassador said: "The contents of the report awakened the imperial government's apprehension that, under existing circumstances, the peace concluded with the report awakened the imperial govern-ment's apprehension that, under existing circumstances, the peace concluded with the rebels will afford no assurance of the lasting restoration of tranquillity in the

lasting restoration of tranquillity in the islands."

The present government has utterly failed to correct if, indeed, it has not aggravated the very evils it was intended to prevent. It has not stimulated our commerce with the islands. Our participation in its establishment against the wishes of the natives was in plain defiance of the conservative teachings and warnings of the wise and patriotic men who laid the foundations of our free institutions, and I invite an expression of the judgment of Congress on the propriety of steps being taken by the government looking to withdrawal from its engagements with the other powers on some reasonable terms not prejudicial to any of our existing rights.

TREASURY STATISTICS.

engagements with the other powers on some reasonable terms not prejudicial to any of our existing rights.

TREASURY STATISTICS.

The Secretary of the Treasury reports that the receipts of the government from all sources of revenue during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, amounted to 3372,802,498.29, and its expenditures to 442,605,758.87, leaving a deficit of \$69,-803,260.58. There was a decrease of \$15,-852,674.66 in the ordinary expenses of the government as compared with the fiscal year 1893. There was collected from customs \$131,818,530.62 and from internal revenue \$147,168,449.70. The balance of the income for the year, amounting to \$33,815,517.97, was derived from the sale of lands and bother sources.

The value of our total dutiable imports amounted to \$275,199,086, being \$146,657,625 less than during the preceding year and the importations free of duty amounted to \$337,795,536, being \$46,478,676 less, than during the preceding year. The receipts from customs were \$73,536,486.11 less, and from internal revenue \$13,836,639.97 less than 1893. The total tax collected from distilled spirits was \$85,259,250.25; on manufactured tobacco, \$8,617,898.62;. and on fermanted during the year to \$892,140,572; being an increase over the preceding year of \$44,496,578.

The total amount of gold exported during the fiscal year was \$76,898,061, as against \$110,748.81 during the previous year. The imports of silver were \$13,-286,552 and the exports were \$50,61,265. The total bounty paid upon the preduction of sugar in the United States for the fiscal year, was \$12,100,208.89, being an increase of \$2,725,078 over the payments made during the preceding year. The imports of silver were \$13,-286,552 and the exports were \$50,61,265. The total bounty paid upon the production of sugar in the United States for the fiscal year, was \$12,100,208.89, being an increase of \$2,725,078 over the payments made during the fiscal year was \$130,140.85.

It is estimated that upon the basis of our present revenue laws the receipts of the gove TREASURY STATISTICS.

which \$627,923,201 was gold and \$624,347.757 was silver.

Fifty national banks were organized during the year ending October 31, 1894, with a capital of \$5,185,000, and seventy-nine banks, with a capital of \$10,475,000 went into voluntary liquidation. Twenty-one banks, with a capital of \$2,770,000 were placed in the hands of receivers. The total number of national banks in existence on the 31st day of October last was 356, being forty less than on the 31st day of October, 1893. The capital stock paid in was \$67,671,365, being \$9,933,401 less than at the same time in the previous year, and the surplus fund and undivided profits; less expenses and taxes paid, amounted

the surplus fund and undivided profits; less expenses and taxes paid, amounted to \$324,121,082.10, which was \$16,089,780 less than on October 31, 1893.

The circulation was decreased \$1,741,563. The obligations of the banks to each other were increased \$117,168,334, and the individual deposits were \$277,294,489 less than at the corresponding date in the previous year, and checks and other cash items were \$90,349,963 more. The total resources of the banks at the date mentioned amounted to \$3,471,922,055, as against \$3,-109,563,284.36 in 1893.

THE ARMY.

THE ARMY.
From the report of the Secretary

THE ARMY.

From the report of the Secretary of War, it appears that the strength of the army on September 20, 1894, was 2125 officers and 35,565 enlisted men. Although this is apparently a very slight decrease, compared with the previous year, the actual effective force has been increased to the equivalent of nearly two regiments, though the reorganization of the system of recruiting and the consequent release to regimental duty of the large force of men hitherto serving at the recruiting depots. The abolition of these depots, it is predicted, will furthermore effect an annual reduction approximating 250,000 in the direct expenditures, besides promoting generally the health; morela-and discipline of the troops.

The execution of the policy of concentrating the army at important centers of pepulation and transportation, foreshadowed in the last annual report of the Secretary, has resulted in the abandonment of fifteen of the smeller posts, which was effected under a plan which assembles organizations of the same regiments hitherto widely separated. This renders our small forces more readily effective for any service which they may be called upon to perform, increases the extent of the territory under protection without diminishing the security heretofore afforded to any locality, improves the discipline, training and esprit de corps of the army, besides considerably decreasing the cost of its maintenance. Though the forces of the Department of the East have been somewhat increased, more than three-fourths of the army is still stationed west of the lists in the course the best and greatest service in the interest of the general welfare from the small force comprising our regular army.

This carefully-matured policy, which secures the best and greatest service in the interest of the general welfare from the small force comprising our regular army, should not be thoughtlessly embarrassed by the creation of new and unneccessary posts, through acts of Congress, to gratify the ambitions or interests of localities. While the maximum legal strength of the army is 25,000 men, the effective strength through various causes is but little over twenty thousand men. The purpose of Congress does not, therefore, seem to be fully realized by the existing conditions.

While no considerable increase in the army is, in my judgment, demanded by re-cent events, the policy of seacoast fortifi-cation, in the prosecution of which we have been steadily engaged for some years. cation, in the prosecution of which we have been steadily engaged for some years, has so far developed as to suggest that the effective strength of the army be now made at least equal to the legal atrength. Measures taken by the department during the year, as indicated, have already considerably augmented the effective force, and the Secretary of War presents, a plan which I recommend to the consideration of Congress to attain the desired ond. Economy effected in the department in other lines of work will affect, to a great extent, the expenditure involved in the proposition submitted.

Among other things this contemplates

lines of work will affect, to a great extent, the expenditure involved in the proposition submitted.

Among other things this contemplates the adoption of the three-battalion formation of regiments, which for several years has been indorsed by the Secretaries of War and the generals commanding the army. Compact in fits formation, it provides a skeleton organization, ready to be filled out in the event of war, which is peculiarly adapted to our strength and requirements, and the fact that every other nation, with a single exception, has adopted this formation to meet the conditions of modern warfare should alone secure for the recommendation an early consideration.

It is hardly necessary to recall the fact that, in obedience to the commands of the Constitution and the laws, and for the purpose of protecting the property of the United States, siding the process of Federal courts, and removing lawless obstructions to the performance by the government of its legitimate functions, it became necessary, in various localities, during the year to employ a considerable portion of the regular troops. The duty was discharged promptly, courageously and with marked discretion by the officers and men, and the most gratifying proof was thus afforded that the army deserves that complete confidence in its efficiency and discipline which the country has at all times manifested.

which the country has been free from disturb-fested.

The year has been free from disturb-ances of Indians, and the chances of fur-ther depredations on their part are con-stantly becoming more remote and improb-

stantly becoming more remote and improbable.

The total expenditures for the War Department for the year ending June 30, 1894, amounted to \$56,039,009.34. Of this sum \$2,000,614.99 was for salaries and contingent expenses; \$23,665,156.16 for the support of the military establishments; \$5,001,682.23 for miscellaneous expenses, and \$25,371,155.96 for public works. This latter sum includes \$19,454,037.49 for river and harbor improvements, and \$3,947,863.56 for fortifications and other works of defense. The appropriations for the current year aggregate \$52,429,112.73, and the estimates submitted by the Secretary of War for the next fiscal year call for appropriations amounting to \$52,318,629.55.

COAST DEFENSE.

COAST DEFENSE. COAST DEFENSE.

The skill and industry of our ordnance officers and inventors have, it is believed, overcome the mechanical obstacles which have heretofore delayed the armament of our coasts, and this great national undertaking upon which we have catered may now proceed as rapidly as Congress shall de-

termine. With a supply of finished guns of large calibre already on hand to which additions should now rapidly follow, the wisdom of providing carriages and emplacement for their mounts cannot be too

THE NATIONAL GUARD. The total enrollment of the militia of the several States is 117,533 officers and enlisted men, an increase of 5843 over the number reported at the close of the pre-

The reports of militia inspections by regular army officers show a marked increase in interest and efficiency in the State organizations, and I strongly recommend a continuance of the policy of affording every practical encouragement possible to this important auxiliary of our military establishment.

THE CAPTIVE APACHES. THE CAPTIVE APACHES.

The condition of the Apache Indians held as prisoners by the government for eight years at a cost of \$500,000 has been changed during the year from captivity to one which gives them an opportunity to demonstrate their capacity for self-support, and at least partial civilization. Legislation enacted at the late session of Congress gave the War Department authority to transfer the survivors, numbering 346, from Mt. Vernon Barracks in Alabama, to many suitable reservations. The department selected as their tuture home the military lands near Fort Sill, I. T., where under military surveillance, the former prisoners have been established in agriculture under conditions favorable to their advancement.

TO RAISE SCHOFIELD'S RANK.

In recognition of the long and distinguished military services and faithful dis charge of the delicate and responsible civil duties by Maj.-Gen. John M. Schofield, now general commanding the army, it is suggested to Congress that the temporary revival of the grade of lieutenant-general in his behalf would be a just and gracious act, and would permit his retirement now near at hand with rank befitting his mer-

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

The report of the Attorney-General notes the gratifying progress made by the Su-The report of the Attorney-General notes the gratifying progress made by the Supreme Court in overcoming the arrears of its, business and in reaching a condition in which, it will be able to dispose of cases as they arise without any unreasonable delay. This result is, of course, very largely due to the successful working of the plan inaugurating the Circuit Court of Appeals. In respect to these tribunals a suggestion is made, in quarters entitled to the highest consideration, that an additional circuit judge for each circuit would greatly strengthen these courts and the confidence reposed in their adjudications, and that such an addition would not create a greater force of judges than the increasing business of such courts requires. I commend the suggestion to the careful consideration of the Congress. Other important topics are adverted to in the report, accompanied by recommendations, many of which have been treated at length in previous messages, and at this time therefore, need only be named. a measure of compensation to Federal offi-cers; the enlargement of the powers of United States commissioners, at least in the Territories; the allowance of writh of error in criminal cases on behalf of the United States, and the establishment of degrees in the crime of murder. INDIAN TERRITORY JUSTICE.

A topic dealt with by the Attorney-General of much importance is the condition of the administration of justice in the Indian Territory. The permanent solution of what is called the Indian problem is probably not to be expected at once, but meanwhile such ameliorations of present conditions as the existing system will admit of ought not to be neglected. I am satisfied that there should be a Federal court established for the Territory, with sufficient judges, and that this court should sit within the Territory and have the same jurisdiction as to Territorial affairs as is now vested in the Federal courts sitting in Arkansas and Texas.

THE UNION PACIFIC. A topic dealt with by the Attorney-Gen

THE UNION PACIFIC.

THE UNION PACIFIC.

Another subject of pressing moment referred to by the Attorney-General is the reorganization of the Union Pacific Railway Company on a basis equitable as regards all private interests and as favorable to the government as existing conditions will permit. The operation of a railroad by a court through a receiver is an anomalous state of things which should be terminated on all grounds, public and private, at the earliest possible moment. Besides, not to enact the needed enabling legislation at the present session postpones the whole matter until the assembling of a new Congress and inevitably increases all the complications of the situation, and could not but be regarded as a signal failure to solve a problem which has practically been before the present Congress ever since its organization.

FEDERAL PRISONS. FEDERAL PRISONS.

Eight years ago, in my annual message, I urged upon the Congress as strongly as I could the location and construction as I could the location and construction of two prisons for the confinement of United States prisoners. A similar recommendation has been made from time to time since and a few years ago a law was passed providing for the selection of sites for these institutions. No appropriation has, however, been made to carry the act into effect and the eld and discreditable condition still exists.

It is not my purpose at this time to report the considerations which make an impregnable case in favor of the ownership and management by the government of the penal institutions in which Federal prisoners are confined. I simply desire to again urge former recommendations on the subject and to particularly call attention of the Congress to that part of the report of the Secretary of War in which he states that the military prison at Fort Leavemovth, Kan., can be turned over to the government as a prison for Federal convicts without the least difficulty and with an actual saving of money from every point of view. Pending a more complete reform, I hope that by the adoption of the suggestion of the Secretary of War this easy step may be taken in the direction of the proper care of its convicts by the government of the United States.

The POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT. of two prisons for the

United States.

THE POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.

The report of the Postmaster-General presents a comprehensive statement of the operations of the postoffice department for the last fiscal year. The receipts of the department during the year amounted to \$75,080,479.04, and the expenditures to \$84,324,414.15. The transactions of the postal service indicate with barometric certainty the fluctuation in the business of the country. In as much therefore, as business complications continued to exist throughout the last year to an unforseen extent, it is not surprising that there is a deficiency of revenue to meet the expenditures of the postoffice department, which was estimated in advance at about \$8,000,000.

The ascertained revenues of the last year, which were the basis of calculation for the current year, being less than estimated, the deficiency for the current year will be correspondingly greater, though the Postmaster-General states that the latest indications are so favorable that he confidently predicts an increase of at least 8 per cent. In the revenues of the current year over those of last year.

The expenditures increase steadily and necessarily with the growth and needs of the country, so that the deficiency is greater or less in any year depending upon the volume of receipts. The Postmaster-General states that this deficiency is unnecessary and might be obviated at once if the law regulating rates upon mail matter of the second-class matter is 1 cent per pound, while the cost of such transmission to the government is eight times that amount. In the general terms of the law, this rate covers newspapers and periodicals. The extensions of the extensions of the propound, while the cost of such transmission to the government is eight times that amount. In the general terms of the law, this rate covers newspapers and periodicals. The extensions of the extensions of the periodicals. THE POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.

meaning and terms from time to time have admitted to the privileges intended for legitimate newspapers and periodicals a surprising range of publications and created abuses, the cost of which amount in the aggregate to the total deficiency of the Postoffice Department.

total deficiency of the Postoffice Department.

Pfetended newspapers are started by business houses for the mere purpose of advertising goods, complying with the law in form only and discontinuing the publication as soon as the period of advertising is over. "Sample copies" of pretended newspapers are issued in great numbers for a like purpose only. The result is a great loss of revenue to the government, besides its humiliating use as an agency to ald in carrying out the scheme of a business house to advertise its goods by means of a trick upon both its rival houses and the regular and legitimate newspapers.

by means of a trick upon both its rival bouses and the regular and legitimate newspapers.

Paper-covered literature, consisting mainly of trashy novels to the extent of many thousands of tons, is sent through the mails at 1 cent per pound, while the publishers of standard works are required to pay eight times the amount in sending their publications. Another abuse consists in the free carriage through the mails of hundreds of tons of seed and grain uselessly distributed through the Department of Agriculture.

The Postmaster-General predicts that if the law be so amended as to eradicate these abuses not only will the Postome Department not show a deficiency, but he believes that in the near future all legitimate newspapers and periodical magazines might be properly transmitted through the mails to their subscribers free of cost. I invite your prompt consideration of this subject and fully indores the views of the Postmaster-General.

The total number of postomees in the

invite your prompt consideration of this subject and fully indorse the views of the Postmaster-General.

The total number of postoffices in the United States on the 20th day of June, 1894, was 69,805, an increase of 1403 over the preceding year. Of these \$423 were Presidential, an increase in that class of sixty-eight over the preceding year. Six hundred and ten cities and towns are provided with free delivery, ninety-three other cities and towns entitled to this service under the law have not been accorded it on account of insufficient funds.

The expense of free delivery for the current fiscal year will be more than \$12, 200,000, and, under existing legislation, this item of expenditure is subject to constant increase. The estimated cost of rural free delivery generally is so very large that it ought not to be considered in the present condition of affairs. During the year, 830 additional domestic money-order offices were established. The total number of these offices at the close of the year was 19,266. There were 14,408,041 money orders issued during the year, being an increase of over the preceding year of \$11,217,145.84.

There were also issued during the year postal notes amounting to \$12,649,094.55. During the year 218 international money-order offices were added to those already established, making a total of 2625 such offices in operation June 20, 1894. The number of international money orders issued during the year was \$113,72,455.31, a decrease in amount of \$2,649,382.55. The number of orders paid was \$61,180, an increase over the preceding year of 60,262, and their value was \$6,588, and

star, 792,455.31, a decrease in amount of \$2,649,382.55. The number of orders paid was 361,180, an increase over the preceding year of 60,262, and their value was \$6,568,493.78, an increase of \$1,285,118.08. From the foregoing statements it appears that the total issue of money orders and postal notes for the year amounted to \$165,235,124.35.

The number of letters and packages mailed during the year, for special delivery, was \$4,36,970. The special delivery, was \$4,36,970. The special delivery, stamps used upon these letters and packages amounted to \$343,697. The messengers' fees amounted to \$343,697. The messengers' fees amounted to \$361,299.70, leaving a basence in favor of the government of \$82,487.30. The report shows most gratifying results in the way of economies worked out without affecting the efficiency of the postal service. These constitution contracts, and in the cost and amount of supplies used in the service, amounting in all to \$16,619,047.42.

This report also contains a valuable contribution to the history of the Universal Postal Union, an arrangement which amounts practically to the establishment of one postal system for the entire civilized world. Special, attention is directed to this subject, in view of the fact that the next congress of the union will meet in Washington in 1897, and it is hoped that timely action will be taken in the direction of perfecting preparations for the event.

in the direction of perfecting preparations for the event.

The Postmaster-General renews the for the event.

The Postmaster-General remember in a previous report that suggestion made in a previous report that the department organization be increased to the extent of creating a direct supervision of all postal affairs, and in this suggestion I fully concur. There are connected with the postoffice establishment 32,661 employees, who are in the classisfied service. This includes many who have been classified on the suggestion of the Postmaster-General. He states that another year's experience at the head of the department serves only to strengthen conviction as to the excellent working envice law in this branch

Attention is called to the report of tion of ships for our new navy. All the vessels now building, including the torvessels now building, including the torpedo-boats, authorized at the last session of Congress, and excepting the first-class battleship Iowa, will probably be completed during the coming fiscal year. The estimates for the increase of the navy for the year ending June 30, 1896, are large, but they include practically the entire sum necessary to complete and equip all the new ships not now in commission, so that, unless new ships are authorized, the appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, should fall below the estimates for the coming year by at least \$12,090,000.

BATTLESHIPS AND TORPEDO-BOATS.

BATTLESHIPS AND TORPEDO-BOATS. The Secretary presents with much earnestness a plea for the authorization of three additional battleships and ten or twelve torpedo-boats. While the unarmored vessels heretofore authorized, in

of three additional battleships and ten or twelve torpedo-boats. While the unarmored vesels heretofore authorized, including those now nearing completion, will constitute a fleet which, it is believed, is sufficient for ordinary cruising purposes in time of peace, we have now completed and in process of construction but four first-class battleships and but few torpedo-boats. If we are to have a navy for war-like operations, offensive and defensive, we certainly ought to increase both the number of battleships and torpedo-boats.

The manufacture of iron requires an expensive plant and an aggregation of many skilled workmen. All the armor necessary to complete the vessels now building will be delivered before the 1st of June next. If no new contracts are given out, contractors must disband their workmen and their plants must lie idle. Battleships authorised at this time would not be well under way until late in the coming fiscal year, and at least three years and a half from the date of the contract would be required for their completion. The Secretary states that not more than 15 per cent. of the cost of such ships need be included in the appropriation for the construction of additional battleships and torpedo-boats. The Secretary recommends the manufacture not only of ordnance and ordnance material for ships for the navy, but that a supply of guns and their appurtenances should be provided and kept on hand-for both these-purposes. We have not today a single gun that could be put on the ships Paris or New York of the International Navigation Company, or any other ship or our reserve navy. The manufacture of guns at the Washington navy-yard is proceeding satisfactorily, and none of our new ships will be required to wait for their guns or ordnance equipments.

An important order has been issued by the Secretary of the Navy co-ordinating the duties of the soveral bureaus concerned in the construction of ships. This order it is believed, will secure to a greater extent than has heretofore been possible the harmonlos

and make the attainment of the best results more certain.

WARSHIPS IN DEMAND.

WARSHIPS IN DEMAND.

During the last fiscal year there has been an unusual and pressing demand in many quariers of the world for the presence of vessels to guard American Interests. In January last, during the Brazillan insurrection, a large fleet was concentrated in the habor of Rio de Janeiro. The vigorous action of Rear-Admiral Benham in protecting the personal and commercial rights of our citizens during the disturbed conditions afforded results which will, it is believed, have a far reaching and wholesome influence whenever in like circumstances it may become necessary for our naval commanders to interfere on behalf of our people in foreign ports.

THE ASIATIC WAR.

THE ASIATIC WAR. The war now in progress between China and Japan has rendered it necessary or expedient to dispatch eight vessels to those

THE COAST SURVEY.

THE COAST SURVEY.

Both the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Treasury recommend the transfer of the work of the Coast Survey proper to the Navy Department. I heartily concur in this recommendation. Excluding Alaska and a very small area besides, all the work of mapping and charting our coast has been completed. HYDROGRAPHIC WORK.

HYDROGRAPHIC WORK.

The hydrographic work, which must be done over and over again, by reason of the shifting and varying depths of water consequent upon the action of streams and the tides, has heretofore been done under the direction of naval officers in subordination to the Superintendent of the Coast Survey. There seems to be no good reason why the navy should not have entire charge hereafter of such work, especially as the hydrographic office of the Navy Department is now, and has been for many years, engaged in making efficient maps, entirely similar to those prepared by the Coast Survey.

STAGNATION OF PROMOTION.

I feel it my imperative duty to call at-

STAGNATION OF PROMOTION.

I feel it my imperative duty to call attention to the recommendation of the Secretary in regard to the personnel of the line of the navy. The stagnation of promotion in this, the vital branch of the service, is so great as to seriously impair its efficiency. I consider it of the most importance that the young and middle-aged officers should, before the eve of retirement, be permitted to reach a grade entiting them to active and important duty. The system adopted a few years ego regulating the employment of labor at the navy-yards is rigidly upheld and has fully demonstrated its usefulness and efficiency.

ficiency.

It is within the domain of civil service reform, inasmuch as workmen are employed through a board of labor selected at each navy-yard, and are given work without preference to politics and in the order of their application; preferences, lowaver, being given to army and navy veterans and those of former navy-yard experience. Amendments suggested by experience have been made to the rules regulating the system. Through its operation the work of our navy-yards has been improved in efficiency, and the opportunity to work has been honestly and fairly afforded to willing and competent applicants. It is hoped that if the system continues to be strictly adhered to there will soon be, as a natural consequence, such an equalization of party benefit as will remove all temptation to relax or abendon it.

INTERIOR AFFAIRS. It is within the domain of civil service

INTERIOR AFFAIRS.

INTERIOR AFFAIRS.

The report of the Secretary of the Interior exploits the situation of the numerous and interesting branches of the public service in connection with his department. I commend this report and the valuable recommendations of the Secretary to the careful attention of Congress. The public land disposed of during the year amounted to 40,485,100 acres, including 2,886,705 acres of Indian lands.

It is estimated that the public domain still remaining amounts to a little more than 600,000 acres, excluding, however, about 360,000,000 acres in Alaska, as well as military reservations and reli-

well as military reservations and road and other sections of lands yet

road and other sections adjudicated.

The total cash receipts from sale of lands amounted to \$2,674,285.79, 'including \$91,981.08 received from Indian lands. Thirty-five thousand patents were issued for agricultural land and 3100 patents were issued to Indians on allotments of their lands in severalty, the land so altheir lands in severalty, the land so al-lotted being inalienable by the Indian allottees for a period of twenty-five years

LAND GRANTS.

sistion of all postal affairs, and in this aggestion I fully concur. There are consisted with the postoffice establishment, 561 employees, who are in the classid service. This includes many who have en classified on the suggestion of the statemater-General. He states that another year's experience at the head of the department serves only to strengthen the conviction as to the excellent working the civil service law in this branch the public service.

THE NAVY.

Attention is called to the report of a Secretary of the Navy, which shows by gratifying progress in the constructions and educational grants were approved during the year, 36,355,645 acres of land, and at the close of the year 29,000,000 acres were embraced in the lists of selections and at the close of the year 29,000,000 acres were embraced in the lists of selections and at the close of the year 29,000,000 acres were embraced and wagon-road during the year, 36,355,645 acres of land, and at the close of the year 29,000,000 acres were embraced in the lists of selections and at the close of the year 29,000,000 acres were embraced in the lists of selections and at the close of the year 29,000,000 acres were embraced in the lists of selections and at the close of the year 29,000,000 acres were embraced in the lists of selections and at the close of the year 29,000,000 acres were embraced in the lists of selections and at the close of the year 29,000,000 acres were embraced in the lists of selections and at the close of the year 29,000,000 acres were embraced in the lists of selections and at the close of the year 29,000,000 acres were embraced in the lists of selections and at the close of the year 29,000,000 acres were embraced in the lists of selections and at the close of the year 29,000,000 acres were embraced in the lists of selections and at the close of the year 29,000,000 acres were embraced in the lists of selections and at the close of the year 29,000,000 acres were patentic. There were certified and patented on acproved during the provided unadjusted.

125,036,381 acres remained unadjusted.

APPROPRIATIONS FOR PROTECTING PUBLIC LANDS.

Appropriations for

It appears that the appropriations for the current year, on account of special service, for the protection of public lands and the timber thereon, is much less than those for previous years, and inadequate those for previous years, and inadequate for an efficient performance of the work. A larger sum of money than has been appropriated during a number of years past on this account, has been returned to the government, as a result of the labors of those employed in the particular service mentioned, and I hope it will not be crippled by an insufficient appropriation. I fully indorse the recommendations of the Secretary that an adequate appropriation be provided for our forest reserves, and that a comprehensive forestry system be inaugurated. Such kespers and superintendants as are necessary to protect the forests already reserved—should be provided. I am of the opinion that there should be no abandonment of the policy sanctioned by the present laws, under which the government, for a very small consideration, is rapidly losing title to immense tracts of land, covered with timber supply. The suggestion that a change be made in the manner of securing sur-

mense tracts of land, covered with time ber supply. The suggestion that a change be made in the manner of securing sur-veys of the public lands, is especially worthy of consideration. I am satisfied that these surveys should be made by a corps of competent surveyors, under the immediate control and direction of the Commissioner of the General Land Office. LITIGATED CASES.

An exceedingly important recommenda-tion of the Secretary relates to the man-ner in which the contests and litigated cases, growing out of efforts to obtain, government lands, are determined. The entire testimony upon which these con-troversies depend, in all their stages, is taken before the local registrars and re-ceivers, and yet the officers have no power to subpoens witnesses or, to enforce their

taken before the local registrars and receivers, and yet the officers have no power
to subpoena witnesses or to enforce their
attendance to testify. These cases, numbering three or four thousand annually,
and sent by the local officers to the Commissioner of the General Land Office
for his action. The exigencies of his
other duties oblige him to act upon the
decisions of the registrars and receivers
without an opportunity of thorough personal examination.

Nearly two thousand of these cases are
appealed from the Commissioner to the
Secretary of the Interior. Burdened with
other important administrative duties, his
determination of these appeals must be
almost perfunctory, and based upon the
examination of others, though this determination of the Secretary operates as a
final adjudication upon rights of very
great importance. I concur in the opinion
that the Commissioner of the General
Land Office should be relieved from the
duty of deciding litigated land cases, that
a non-partian court should be created to
pass on such cases, any fact the facilities.

Bruises

as the decisions of the department now final. ar as the decisions of the department are now final.

The proposed court might be given authority to certify questions of law in matters of special importance to the Supreme Court of the United States or the Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia for decision. The creation of such a tribunal would expedite the disposal of cases, and insure decisions of a more satisfactory character. The registers and receivers who originally hear and decide these disputes should be invested with authority to compel witnesses to attend and testify before them.

CHEYENNES AND ARAPAHOES.

CHEYENNES AND ARAPAHOES. tuation is not satisfactory at all points, the of them to whom allotments of land we been made are found to be unable or sinclined to follow agricultural pursuits to otherwise beneficially manage their not. This is especially true of the Cheynnes and Arapahoes, who, as it appears report of their agent, have in many inances never been located upon their altiments, and in some cases do not even now where their allotments are. Their indition has deteriorated. They are not inflequence that they are not inflequence to the company of the company

ments are made and the disposition of the remaining lands to settlers or purseers from the government.

The meaning lands to settlers or purseers from the government.

The consideration of the land and the success from the government.

The land are successed as the land and the successed settler and honesty of reservation ents and the interest which they have their work. An agent fitted for his too can do much toward preparing the class under his charge for citizenship did allotment of their lands and his address as to any matter concerning their hidrer will not mislead. An unfit agent li make no effort to advance the Indians his reservation toward civilization or eparation for allotment of lands in sevalty and his opinion as to their condimin this and other regards is heedless dy valueless.

osition to improve it in any way, such should be certainly allotted to him this should be made plainly obliga-

includ be certainly allotted to him it his should be made plainly obligaty of the statute.

In the light of experience, and considing the uncertainty of the entire Institution and exigencies in future, I not only disposed to be very cautious making allotments, but I incline to see with the Secretary of the Interior the opinion that when allotments are de, the balance of reservation lands raining after allotment, instead of ag bought by the government from the lans and opened for settlement with h scandals and unfair practices as me unavoidable, should remain for a eat least as common land or be sold the government on behalf of the Inse in an orderly way and at fixed set to be determined by its location desirability and that the proceeds, expenses, should be held in trust for benefit of the Indian proprietors.

INDIAN SCHOOLS.

he intelligent Indian-school manage-

The intelligent Indian-school management of the past years has been followed by gratifying results. Efforts have been nade to advance the work in a sound, ractical manner. Five institutes of inflant teachers have been held during the ear and have proved very beneficial hrough the views exchanged and methods iscussed, particularly applicable to Indian education. Efforts are being made in the direction of a gradual reduction of the number of Indian contract schools that in a comparatively short time they may give way altogether to government chools, and it is hoped that the change may be so gradual as to be perfected without too great expense to the government of increase of the government of the contract schools. The appropriation uch contract schools. The appropriation intelligent Indian-school manage

At the close of the last fiscal year, on he 30th day of June, 1894, there were 69,644 persons on our pension rolls, being net increase of 3532 over the number re-ported at the end of the previous year. anet increase of 3532 over the number reported at the end of the previous year. These pensioners may be classed as follows: Soldiers and Sailors, survivors of all wars, 753,965; widows and relatives of deceased soldiers, 215,163; army nurses in the war of the rebellion, 414; of these pensioners 22,039 are surviving soldiers of Indian and other wars prior to the late civil war, and the widows are relicts of such soldiers. The remainder, numbering 237,505, are receiving pensions on account

Indian and other wars prior to the late civil war, and the widows are relicts of such soldiers. The remainder, numbering 37,505, are receiving pensions on account of the war of the rebellion, and of these 69,344 are on the rolls under the authority of the act of June 17, 1890, sometimes called the Dependent Law.

The total amount expended for pensions furing the year was \$139,304,461.05, leaving an unexpended balance from the sum appropriated of \$25,205,712.55. The sum necessary to meet pension expenditures for the year ending June 30, 1896, is estimated at \$140,000,000. The Commissioner of Pensions is of the opinion that the year 1895, being the thirtieth after the close of the war of the rebellion, must, according to ill sensible human calculations, see the ilghest limit of the pension-roll, and that fiter that year it must begin to decrease. The claims pending in the bureau have ecreased more than 90,000 during the year. A large proportion of the new claims filed are for increase of pension by those now at the rolls. The number of certificates saued was 80,213. The names dropped from he rolls for all causes during the year numbered 37,951. Among our pensioners re nine widows and three daughters of oldiers of the revolution, and forty-five urvivors of the war of 1812. The bareaced and expensive pension frauds, exosed under the direction of the courageous nd veteran soldier now at the head of the ureau, leave no room for the claim that to purgation of our pension rolls was eeded, or that continued vigilance and rompt action are not necessary to the ame end. The accusation that an effort of detect pension frauds is evidence of unriendliness toward our worthy veterans, nd a denial of their claims to the generality of the government, suggests an unortunate indifference to the commission of an offense which has for a motive the ecuring of a pension, and indicates a willingness to become blind to the existence of treachery which plays upon demagogic ears and makes sport of the patriotic mpulse of a grateful people.

THE ELEVENTH CENSUS. completion of the eleventh census i

The completion of the eleventh census is

in charge of Commissioner Thayer.

disbursements on account of the

the fiscal war ending June 30,

amounted: \$10,365,676.81. At the

the number of persons employed in

Census Office was 679; at present there

brabut 400. The whole number of vol
es necessary to comprehend the elev
the census will be twenty-five, and they

il contain 22,270 printed pages. The as
rance is confidently given that before

close of the present calendar year the

terial still incomplete will be practically

hand, and the census can certainly be

sed by the 4th of March, 1895. After

that, the revision and proof-reading necessary to bring out the volumes will still be required.

The text of the census volumes has been limited as far as possible to the analysis of statistics presented. The method, which is in accordance with law, has caused mere or less friction, and in some instances individual disappointment, for when the Commissioner of Labor took charge of the work, he found much matter on hand, which, according to this rule, he was compelled to discard. The census is being prepared according to the theory that it is desired to collect facts and certify them to public, not to elaborate arguments or to present personal views.

THE AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

THE AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

The Secretary of Agriculture in his report reviews the operations of his department for the last fiscal-year, and makes recommendations for the further extension of its usefulness. He reports a saving in expenditures during the year of \$600,000, which is covered back into the treasury. This sum is 23 per cent. of the entire appropriation. A special study has been made of the demand for American farm products in all foreign markets, especially Great Britain.

That country received from the United States during the nine months ending September 20 2000. THE AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT

Great Britain.

That country received from the United States during the nine months ending September 30, 1894, 305,910 live beef cattle valued at \$25,500,000, as against 181,611 cattle valued at \$25,500,000, as against 181,611 cattle valued at \$15,624,000' during the same period for 1893. During the first six months of 1894, the United Kingdom took also 110,000,000 pounds of dressed beef from the United States, valued at nearly \$10,000,000. The report shows that during the nine months immediately preceding September 30, 1894, the United States exported to Great Britain, 222,676,000 pounds of pork; of apples, 1,900,000 pounds, valued at \$2,500,000, and of horses, 2811, at an average value of \$189 per head. There was a falling-off in American wheat exports of 13,500,000 bushels, and the Secretary is inclined to believe that wheat exports of 13,500,000 bushels, and the Secretary is inclined to believe that wheat may not in the future be the staple export cereal product of our country, but that corn will continue to advance in importance as an export on account of the new uses to which it is constantly being applied. The exports of agricultural products from the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, amounted to \$628,363,038, being 72.82 per cent. of American exports of every description, and the United Kingdom of Great Britain took more than 54 per cent. of all farm products finding foreign markets.

NEW LINES OF PESHADOU The Department of Agriculture has un-dertaken during the year two new and important lines of research. The first important lines of research. The first relates to grasses of the United States and teaching how to introduce valuable foreign forage plants, which may be adapted to this country. The second relates to agricultural soils and crop production, involving the analysis of samples of soils from all sections of the American Union, to demonstrate their adaptability to particular plants and crops. Mechanical analysis of soils may be of such inestimable utility that it is foremost in the new lines of agricultural research, and the Secretary, therefore, recommends that a division having it in charge be permanently established in this department.

THE WEATHER BUREAU. The amount appropriated for the Weather Bureau was \$951,100. Of that Weather Bureau was \$951,100. Of that sum, \$138,500, or 14 per cent., has been saved, and is returned to the treasury. As illustrating the usefulness of this service, it may be here stated that the warnings, which were very generally given, of two tropical storms occuring in September and October of the present year, resulted in detaining safely in port 2305 vessels, valued at \$36,283,913, laden with cargoes of probably still greater value. What is much more important and gratifying, many human lives on these ships were also undoubtedly saved.

ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

The appropriation to the Bureau of Ani-

ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

The appropriation to the Bureau of Animal Industry was \$850,000, and the expenditures for the year were only \$495,-429,24, thus leaving unexpended, \$554,-750.56. The inspection of beef animals for export and interstate trade has been continued, and 2.9,44,650 head were laspected during the year at a cost of 1% cents per head, against 4% cents for 1893. The amount of pork microscopically examined was 34,437,967 pounds, against 20,677,410 pounds in the preceding year. The cost of this inspection has been diminished from 8% cents per head in 1893 to 6% cents in 1894.

The expense of inspecting the perk sold in 1894 to Germany and France by the United States was \$88.592.10. The quantity inspected was greater by 15,600,000 pounds than during the preceding year, when the cost of such inspection was \$172,267.08. The Secretary of Agriculture recommends that the law providing for the microscopic inspection of expert and interstate meat be so amended as to compel the owners of the meat inspected to pay the cost of such inspection, and I call attention to the arguments presented in his report in support of this recommendation.

The live beef cattle exported and tagged during the year numbered 363,555. This is an increase of 69,533 head over the previous year. The sanitary inspection of cattle shipped to Europe has cost an ave.sge of 10% cents for each animal, and the cost of inspecting Southorn cattle and the disinfection of cars and stockyards average!

of 10% cents for each animal, and the cost of inspecting Southorn cattle and the disinfection of cars and stockyards averaged 27 cents per animal. The scientific inquiries of the Bureau of Animal Industry have progressed steadily during the year. Much tuberculin and mallein have been furnished to State authorities for use in the agricultural colleges, and experiment stations for the treatment of tuberculosis and glanders.

Quite recently this department has published the results of its investigations of bovine tuberculosis, and its researches will be vigorously continued. Certain herds in the District of Columbia will be thoroughly inspected, and will probably supply adequate scope for the department to intelligently prosecute its scientific work and furnish sufficient material for purposes of illustration, description and definition. The sterilization of milk suspected of containing the baccilli of tuberculosis has been, during the year, thoroughly explained in a leaflet by D. E. Salmon, the chief of the bureau, and given a general circulation throughout the country.

EXPERIMENTAL STATIONS.

EXPERIMENTAL STATIONS. The office of experimental stations, which is a part of the United States De-

The office of experimental stations, which is a part of the United States Department of Agriculture, has during the past year engaged itself almost wholly in preparing for publication works based upon the reports of agricultural experimental stations and other institutions for 'agricultural inquiry in the United States and foreign countries. The Secretary in his report for 1893 called attention to the fact that the appropriations made for the support of the experiment stations throughout the Union were the only moneys taken out of the national treasury by an act of Congress for which no accounting to Federal authorities was required.

Responding to this suggestion the Fifty-third Congress, in making its appropriation for the department for the present fiscal year, provided that the Secretary of Agriculture shall prescribe the form of annual financial statement required by Sec. 3 of said act of March 2, 1887; shall ascertain whether the expenditures under the appropriation hereby made are in accordance with the provisions of said act and shall make report thereupon to Congress. The best searce of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture is the ascertainment by diligence and care of the actual and real conditions favorable or unfavorable of the farmers and farms of the country and to such causes which produce the conditions to the end that the facts ascertained may guide their intelligent treatment. In obedience to this law, the Department of Agriculture immediately sent out blank forms of expense accounts to make through trusted experts a systematic examination of the several station and proposes in addition to make through trusted experts a systematic examination of the several station and proposes in addition to make through trusted experts a systematic examination of the several stations and proposes in addition to make through trusted experts a systematic examination of the several stations and the stations and proposes in addition to make through trusted experts a systematic examination of the seve

of the several stations with great alacrity and cordiality have approved the amendment to the law providing for supervision of their expenditures, anticipating that it will increase the efficiency of the stations and protect their directors and managers from loose charges concerning their use of public funds, besides bringing the Department of Agriculture into closer and more confidential relations with the experimental stations and, through their joint service, largely increasing the usefulness to the agriculture of the country.

HUMAN FOOD INVESTIGATIONS.

Acting upon a recommendation contained

fulness to the agriculture of the country.

HUMAN FOOD INVESTIGATIONS.

Acting upon a recommendation contained in the report of the 1893 Congress appropriating \$10,000 to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to investigate and report upon the nutritive value of various articles and commodities used for human food, with special suggestion of full, wholesome and edible rations less wasteful and more economical than those in common use. Under this appropriation the department has prepared and now has nearly ready for distribution an elementary discussion of the nutritive value and pecuniary economy of food.

When we consider that fully one-half of all the money earned by the wage-earners of the civilized world is expended by them for food, the importance and utility of such an investigation is apparent. The department expended in the fiscal year 1892 \$2,254,809.50, and out of that sum the total amount expended in scientific research was 45.5 per cent. but in the year ending June 30, 1894, out of a total expenditure of \$1,948,983.33, the department applied 51.6 per cent. of that sum to scientific work and investigation. It is thereby very plainly observable that the economies which have been practiced in the administration of the department have not been at the expense of scientific research. DEPARTMENT DOCUMENTS.

The recommendation contained in the report of the Secretary for 1893, that the vicious system of promiscuous free distribution of its departmental documents be abandoned is given urgod. These publicatribution of its departmental documents be abandoned, is again urged. These publications may well be furnished, without cost, to public libraries, educational institutions and the officers and libraries of States and of the Federal government, but from all individuals applying for them a price, covering the cost of the document asked for should be required; thus the publications and documents would be secured by those who really desire them for proper purposes. Half a million of soples of the report of the Secretary of Agriculture are printed for distribution, at an annual cost of about \$300,000. Large numbers of them are cumbering storerooms at the Capitol, and the shelves of second-hand bookstores throughout the

rooms at the Capitol, and the shelves of second-hand bookstores throughout the country. All this labor and waste might be avoided if the recommendations of the Secretary were adopted.

The Secretary also again recommends that the gratuitous distribution of seeds cease, and that no money be appropriated for that purpose, except to experiment stations. He reiterates the reasons given in his report of 1893 for discontinuing this unjustifiable gratuity, and I fully concur in the conclusions which he has reached.

cur in the conclusions which he has reached.

A further important utility in agricultural statistics is found in the elucidation of the relation of the supply of farm products to the demand for the markets of the United States and of the world. It is deemed possible that the agricultural census may be taken each year through the agents of the statistical division of the department. Such a course is commended for trial by the chief of that division. Its scope would be Pitts the mended for trial by the chief of that division. Its scope would be: First, the
area under each of the more important
crops; second, the aggregate product of
each of such crops; third; the quantity of
wheat and corn in the hands of farmers
at a date after the spring sowings and
plantings, and before the beginning of harvest; and also the quantity of cotton and
tobacco remaining in the hands of planters, either at the same date or at some
other designated time. The cost of the
work is estimated at \$500,000.

Owing to the peculiar quality of the statistician's work and the natural and acquired ability necessary to its successful
prosecution, the Secretary of Agriculture
expresses the opinion that every person
employed in gathering statistics under the
chief of that division should be admitted
to that service only after a thorough, exhautivared.

invite careful attended mendations it contains.

A NATIONAL BOARD OF HEALTH. I am entirely convinced that we ought not to be longer without a national Board of Health or national health offiof Health or national health officers charged, with no other duties than such as pertain to the
protection of our country from invasion of pestilience and disease. This
would involve the establishment, by such
board of officers, of proper quarantine precautions, or the necessary aid and counsel
to local authorities on the subject; also
prompt advice and assistance to local
boards of health or health officers in the
suppression of contagious diseases,
and in cases where there are no
such local boards or officers, the
immediate direction by the national
board of officers of measures of
suppression. Constant and authentic information concerning the health of foreign
countries and all parts of our own country,
as related to contagious diseases, and consideration of regulations to be enforced in
foreign ports to prevent the introduction
of contagion into our cities should be had
and measures should be adopted to secure
their enforcement. charged, with no other

and measures should be adopted to secure their enforcement.

There seems to be at this time a decided inclination to discuss measures of protection against contagious diseases in international conference with a view of adopting means of mutual assistance. The creation of such a national health establishment would greatly aid our standing in such conferences and improve our opportunities to avail ourselves of their benefits. I earnestly recommend the inauguration of a National Board of Health or similar national instrumentality, believing the same to be a needed precaution against contagious diseases and in the interest of the safety and health of our people.

THE STRIKE COMMISSION.

THE STRIKE COMMISSION. By virtue of a statute of the United By virtue of a statute of the United States, passed in 1888, I appointed in July last Hon. John D. Kernan of the State of New York and Hon. Nicholas E. Worthington of the State of Illinois to form, with Hon. Carroll D. Wright, Commissioner of Labor, who was designated by said statute a commissioner for the purpose of making careful inquiry—into the causes of the controversies between certain railroads and their employees, which had resulted in an extensive and destructive strike, accompanied by much violence and dangerous disturbance, with considerable loss of life and destruction of property. The report of the commissioners has been submitted and

will be transmitted to the Congress with the evidence taken upon their investigation. Their work was well done and their standing and intelligence give assurance that the report and suggestions which they make are worthy of careful consideration.

THE TARIFF MUST BE AMENDED.

THE TARIFF MUST BE AMENDED.

The tariff act passed at the last session of Congress needs important amendments if it is to be executed effectively and with certainty. In addition to such necessary amendments as will not change fates of duty, I am still very decidedly in favor of putting coal and iron upon the free list. So far as the sugar schedule is concerned, I would be glad, under existing aggravations, to see every particle of differential duty in favor of refined sugar stricken out of our tariff law. If, with all the favor now accorded the sugar-refining interest in our tariff laws, it still languishes to the extent of closing refineries and thousands of discharged workmen, it would seem to present a hopeless case for reasonable legislative aid.

ABROGATE THE SUGAR BOUNTY.

ABROGATE THE SUGAR BOUNTY.
Whatever else is done or omitted, I earnestly repeat here my recommendation which I have made in another portion of this communication that the additional duty of one-tenth of I cent per pound laid upon sugar imported from counsries paying a bounty on its export, be abrogated. It seems to me that exceedingly important considerations point to the propriety of this amendment. With the advent of a new tariff policy not only calculated to relieve the consumers of our land in the cost of their daily living, but invite a better development of American thrift and create for us closer and more profitable commercial relations with the rest of the world, it follows as a logical and imperative necessity that we should at once remove the chief, if not the only obstacle which has so long prevented our participation in the foreign carrying trade of the sea.

A tariff built upon the theory that it is ABROGATE THE SUGAR BOUNTY

move the chief, if not the only obstacle which has so long prevented our participation in the foreign carrying trade of the sea.

A tariff built upon the theory that it is well to check imports and that a home market should bound the industry and effort of American producers, was fitly supplemented by a refusal to allow American registry to vessels built abroad, though owned and navigated by our people, thus exhibiting a willingness to abandon all conlest for the advantages of American transoceanic carriage.

Our new tariff policy, built upon the theory that it is well to encourage such importations as our people fieed, and that their products and manufactures should find markets in every part of the habitable globe, is consistently supplemented by the greatest possible liberty to our citizens in the ownership and navigation of ships in which our products and manufacturers may be transported. The millions now paid to foreigners for carrying American passengers and products across the sea should be turned into American hands. Shipbullding, which has been protected to strangulation, should be revived by the prospect of profitable employment for ships when built and the American sailor should be resurrected and again take his place as a steady and industrious citizen in time of peace and a patriotic and safe defender of American registry to ships built abroad and owned by Americans appears in the light of present conditions not only to be a failure for good at every point, but to be nearer a relic of barbarism than anything that exists under the permission of a statute of the United States, I earnestly recommend its prompt repeal.

THE GOLD RESERVE.

During the last month the gold reserved in the treasury for the purpose of redeeming the notes of the government circulating as money in the hands of the people, became so reduced, and its further depletion in the near future seemed so certain that in the exercise of proper care for the public welfare it became necessary to replenish the reserve and thus maintain popular faith in the ability and determination of the government to meet as agreed its pecuniary obligations. It would have been well if, in this emergency, the authority had existed to issue the bonds of the government, bearing a low rate of interest and maturing within a short period But the Congress having failed to confer such authority, a resort was necessarily bad to the resumption act of 1875, and, pursuant to its provisions, bonds were issued drawing interest at the rate of 5 per cent, per annum and maturing ten years after their issue, that believ the shortest time author-

the hands of the United States Civil Service Commission. This has led him to call for such examination of candidates for the position of assistant statisficians and also of candidates for chiefs for section in that division.

The work done by the Department of Agriculture is very carefully dealt with in this communication, and I commend the report of the Secretary and the very important interests with which it deals to the careful attention of the Congress. The advantages to the public service of an adherence to the principles of civil service reform are constantly more apparent and nothing is so encouraging to those in official life who honestly desire good government as the increasing apparedation by our people of these advantages.

A vast majority of the voters of the land are ready to insist that the time and attention of those they select to perform for them important public duties; should not be distracted by doling out minor offices, and they are growing to be unanimous in regarding party organization as something that should be used in establishing party principles instead of directing the distribution of public places as rewards of partisan activity. Numerous additional offices and places have lately been brought within civil service rules and regulations, and some others will probably soon be included. The report of the commissioners will be submitted to the Congress and I invite careful attention to the recommendations it contains.

A NATIONAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

tions claiming this peculiar gold redemption.

Our small gold reserve is thus subject to drain from every side. The demands that increase our danger, also increase the necessity of protecting this reserve against depletion, and it is most unsatisfactory to know that the protection afforded is only a temporary pallation. It is perfectly and palpably plain that the only way, under the present conditions by which this reserve, when dangerously depleted, can be replenished, is through the issue and sale of the bonds of the government for gold, and yet Congress has not only thus far declined to authorize the issue of bonds best suited to such a purpose, but there seems a disposition in some quarters to deny both the necessity and power for the issue of bonds at all. I cannot, for a moment, believe that any of our citizens are deliberately willing that their government should default in its pecuniary obligations, or that its financial operations should be reduced to a silver basis.

At any rate, I should not feel that my duty was done if I omitted any effort.

cial operations should be reduced to a silver basis.

At any rate, I should not feel that my duty was done if I omitted any effort I could make to avert such a calamity. As long, therefore, as no provision is made for the final redemption or the putting aside of the currency obligation now used to repeatedly and constantly draw from the government its gold, and as long as no better authority for bond issues is allowed than at present exists, such authority will be utilized whenever and as often as it becomes necessary to maintain a sufficient gold reserve and abundant funds to save the credit of our country and make good the financial declarations of our government. Questions relating to our banks and currency are closely connected with the subject just referred to and also present some unsatisfactory features. Prominent among them are the lack of elasticity in our currency circulation and its frequent concentration in financial centers when it is most needed in other farts of the country.

SECRETARY CARLISLE'S SCHEME The absolute divorcement of the government from the business of banking is the ideal relationship of the government to the circulation of the currency of the country. This condition cannot be immediately reached, but is a step in that direction and, as a means of securing a more elastic currency and obviating other objections to the present arrangement of bank circulation the Secretary of the Treasury presents in his report a scheme modifying the present banking laws and providing for the issuing of circulating notes by State banks free from The absolute divorcement of the gov-

taxation under certain limitations. The Secretary explains his plan so plainly and its advantages are developed by him with such remarkable clearness that any effort on my part to present argument in its support would be superfluous. I shall, therefore, content myself with an unqualified indorsement of the Secretary's proposed changes in the law and a brief and imperfect statement of their prominent features.

It is proposed to repeal all laws providing for the deposit of United States bonds as security for circulation; to permit national banks to issue circulating notes not exceeding in amount 75 per cent. of their paid-up and unimpaired capital, provided they deposit with the government as a guarantee fund in United States legal tender notes including treasury notes of 1890, a sum of equal amount to 30 per cent. of the notes they desire to issue; this deposit to be maintained at all times, but whenever any bank retires any part of its circulation a proportionate part of its guarantee fund shall be returned to it to permit the Secretary of the Treasury to prepare and keep in hand ready for issue, in case an increase in circulation is desired, blank national bank notes for each bank having circulation, and to repeal the provisions of the present law imposing limitations and restrictions upon banks desiring to reduce or increase their circulation, thus permitting such increase or reduction within the limit of the 75 per cent. of capital to be quickly made as emergencies arise. In addition to the guarantee fund required, it is proposed to provide a safety fund for the immediate redemption of the circulation notes of failed banks by imposing a small annual tax, say one-half of 1 per cent. upon the average circulation of each bank until the fund amounts to 5 per cent. of the total circulation outsanding.

When a bank fails, its guarantee fund is to be paid into this safety fund, and its tion outstanding.

When a bank fails, its guarantee fund

tion outstanding.

When a bank falls, its guarantee fund is to be paid into this safety fund, and its notes are to be redeemed in the first instance from such safety fund thus augmented, any impairment of such fund caused thereby to be made good from the immediate available cash assets of said bank, and if these should be insufficient, such impairment to be made good by prorata assessment among other banks, their contributions constituting a first lien upon the assets of the failed bank in favor of the contributing banks.

As a further security, it is contemplated that the existing provision fixing the individual liability of stockholders is to be retained and the banks' indebtedness on account of its circulating notes is to be made a first lien on all its assets. For the purpose of meeting the expense of printing notes, official supervision, cancellation and other like charges, there shall be paid a tax say one-half of 1 per cent, per annum on the average amount of notes in circulation. Is is further provided that there shall be no national bank notes issued of less denomination than \$10\$; that each national bank, except in case of a failed bank, shall redeem or release its notes in the first instance at its vided that there shall be no national bank notes issued of less denomination than \$10; that each national bank, except in case of a failed bank, shall redeem or release its notes in the first instance at its own office at agencies to be designated by it and that no fixed reserve need be maintained on account of deposits. Another very important feature of this plan is the exemption of State banks from taxation by the United States in cases where it is shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury and Comptroller of the Currency by banks claiming such exemption that they have not had outstanding their circulating notes exceeding 75 per cent. of their paid-up and unimpaired capital; that their stockholders are individually liable for the redemption of their circulating notes to the full extent of their ownership of stock; that the liability of such banks upon their circulating notes constitutes under their State law the first lien upon their assets, that such banks have kept and maintained a guarantee of United States legal tender notes, including treasury notes of 1839 equal to 30 per cent. of their outstanding circulating notes, and that such banks have promptly redeemed their circulating notes when presented at their principal or branch offices. It is quite likely that this scheme may be usefully amended in some of its details, but I am satisfied that it furnishes the basis for very great improvement in our present banking and currency system.

I conclude this communication, fully appreciating that the responsibility for all legislation affecting the people of the United States rests upon their representatives in the Congress, and assuring them that, whether in accordance with recommendations I have made or not, I shall be glad to co-operate in perfecting any legislation that can add to the prosperity and welfare of our country.

(Signed) GROVER CLEVELAND. Executive Mansion, Dec. 3, 1894.

A SUICIDE CLUB

West Duluth Citizens Insure Their Lives and Kill Themselves. Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

luth, Arthur M. Bailey cut his throat with a razor and died instantly last night Bailey was unmarried and 38 years old He has lived in West Duluth a number of years. The police think a suicide clu is in existence in Duluth and West Du

luth.

There have been several suicides within the last month, the majority of which the last month, the majority of which were unaccountable. Friday Sherman Huich, postmaster of Proctor Knott, and related by marriage to the millionaire mine-owners, Alfred and C. C. Merritt, shot himself. He carried \$4000 life insurance. He had had the suicide clause shot himself. He carried \$4000 life insurance. He had had the suicide clause erased. Bailey also carried considerable insurance, and it is claimed that he paid an extra fee to have the suicide clause stricken out. Nearly all the men who committed suicide were young and had invested in land and mining property. All values have depreciated of late, and the police believe that the suicide club was formed in consequence. It is expected that the inquest will reveal some interesting things.

ing things. A VIOLATED CHARTER. The Good Government Club is After Tammany's Scalp.

ted Press Leased-wire Ser NEW YORK, Dec. 3 .- The Good-govern ment Club, of which John Brooks is the president, has appointed a committee, which is going to call soon upon the At-torney-General. He will be requested to bring to the attention of the courts the violation of the charter of the Tam-many Society of the Columbia Order, whereby the latter will be compelled to

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show cause why its charter should not

show cause why its charter should not be annulled.

The club claims that the Tammany Society has violated that provision of its charter, which stipulates that the society shall never have an income from real estate exceeding \$5000. It is also claimed that the charter, as violated, in reference to the provision that it shall have a pension fund, devoted to the widows and orphans of its members. They assert that if there be such a fund in the hands of the society, it is never applied, and, therefore, the necessity for the existence of the society ceases. It is claimed by the members of the society that there is such a fund, and that it is expended for the relief of needy members when occasions arise.

The Tammany Society meets tonight. It is the regular meeting of the "Month of Frosts and the Season of Snow in the Year of Independence One Hundred Eighteen and the Discovery of American Independence Four Hundred."

J. W. PAYNE SUED.

Two Los Angeles Contractors Seek to Prevent His Collecting Money.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service. DENVER, Dec. 3 .- In the District Court John A. Fonthman and John J. through their attorneys, today filed suf against J. W. Payne of Los Angeles. The complaint alleges that on September 1, 1894, the defendant entered into six articles of agreement with Maj. E. B. Atwood, quartermaster of the United States Army, by which he agreed to deliver large consignments of barley and oats to severa

signments of barley and oats to several places named in the agreement in which the supplies were contracted for, and that they should receive in return the sums to be paid by the government of the United States on condition that all profit should be equally divided.

The plaintiffs have faithfully carried out their contract in Los Angeles, where they reside and do business, but when it came time to draw the money they allege that Payne, without their knowledge or consent, and without notifying them, collected from Uncle Sam the sum of \$3568.22, and departed from Los Angeles. Payne came to Denver, and the plaintiffs pray that he will be restrained from collecting the remaining \$11,214.24.

will be restrained from collecting the remaining \$11,214.24.

Payne was arrested two weeks ago on the charge of embezzlement, but was released by habeas corpus petitions. He was discharged later, and the civil suit followed. He has an action pending against Chief of Police Hamilton, Armstrong and others for false imprisonment.

A STEAMER COLLISION.

The Albertine Arrives at Yarmouth in a Leaky Condition.

sociated Press Leased-wire Service. The steamer Albertine from Shields to this port arrived at Yarmouth today with her bows completely stove in, and leaking badly. Her commander reported that she was in collision yesterday with a large passenger steamer. The Albertine struck the steamer amidships and the latter dis-speared in the fog which enveloped that

appeared in the log winch enveloped that part of the coast all day yesterday. The Albertine, in spite of her damaged condition, returned to the point where the collision occurred and searched for the vessel with which she had collided, but no trace of the steamer could be fou and it is supposed she foundered. A l buoy and four hatches marked "Kenmo were washed ashore near Yarmouth today. The steamer Kenmore left Shields on November 18 for Carthagenia. Several other collisions of small steamers are reported to have occurred during the fog of yester-

"TENDERFEET" ABROAD.

Six Hunters Make a Display of Themselves in Oklahoma

EL RENO (Okla..) Dec. 3.-In Poca City six young men, strangers, caused intense excitement by walking down the principal street of the town heavily armed with Winchester rifles, pistols and bowie-knives Sheriff and constables summoned a large posse and arrested the young men in a saloon. When the officers went to the sa-loon the boys voluntarily held up their hands and said: "Here's our cash."

It was ascertained later that the men were not used to the country, had armed themselves to combat the roughs, and when the officers came in they thought the Cook gang was on them. The boys passed through Newkirk, Kildare and Cross thus armed. They were a hunting party from the East, and are called here "tenderfest."

Heading off Kolb. MONTGOMERY, (Ala.,) Dec. 3.—A bill was introduced in the House today by Representative Knight, intended to put a stop to Kolb's interference and prea stop to Kolb's interference and prevent all possible danger of a dual government. The bill makes the crime punishable by fine or imprisonment for any person to take the oath of office and attempt to discharge the duties of such office without first having been declared elected thereto by a person or body having authority. Its introducement in the House at this time, when so much hot blood was up, created a sensation and great indignation among the Populists.

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# The Tos Ameles Times

VOLUME XXVII.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

The President's annual message to

Congress is printed in other columns

of The Times this morning. If any-

body has expected the message to con

tain sensational features, he will be

disappointed. It is an exceedingly

dry and commonplace document-ever

more so than such papers usually are

It is evident that Mr. Cleveland

penned it in a perfunctory spirit, for

which should be evinced by a writer

interested in his theme and throughly

A large amount of space is devoted

to an elaborate setting forth of our

foreign relations. This portion of the

message is without special features

The President notes that the "pro

visional arrangement" in Hawaii has

been succeeded by a form of govern

ment which is now in "effective opera

tion," and which has been accorded

mends the cultivation of closer rela

tions between our government and the

"grand empire" of Japan, and ex-

presses the hope that the oriental was

fying the readiness of the administra

tion to exercise its good offices to that

end. The unjust discriminations

against American commerce by Spain

are mildly deprecated. The President

recommends that the United States

withdraw from the tripartite arrange,

ment between this country, Germany

and Great Britain regarding Samoa.

The deficit in the national revenues

or the last fiscal year amounted to

\$69.803,260. Dutiable imports de

creased \$146,657,625, and free imports

decreased \$64,748,675 during the year. Customs receipts decreased \$73,536,

186, and the decrease of internal reve

nue amounted to \$13,836,539. The es-

timated amount of revenue for the

current year, on the basis of the pres

ent laws, is \$424,427,748, being \$20,-

000,000 less than the estimated ex-

penditures. It is safe to say, how

ever, that the deficit will be much

greater than is indicated in this opti-

The President recommends an in

crease of the army to the legal effec

ive, at least of 25,000 men. He evi-

dently believes the army should be much larger than that, but lacks the

courage to say so. He refers very gin-

gerly to the use of troops to suppress

the rioting during the railroad strike

but commends the efficiency and

discipline of the army as evinced on

that occasion.

An increase in the number of cir-

cuit judges is recommended; also the establishment of a Federal court in the

Indian Territory: In the Postoffice

Department the deficit for the year

was upward of \$9,000,000. The Presi-

General in recommending a modifica-

tion of the law relating to second-

class matter so as to shut out a large

class of publications, which consist

chiefly of advertising matter or of

trashy novels. The discontinuance of

Mr. Cleveland quite earnestly recom-

The principal recommendation rela-

ive to the tariff is for the repeal of

the differential duty on refined sugar.

and the abandonment of the discrim-

inating duty of one-tenth of one cent

per pound on sugar imported from

ountries levying an export bounty.

and providing for the issuing of cir-

culating notes by State banks free

publishing the facts as to Mr. Budd's

ecord, prior to the recent State and

Congressional elections. But the sim-

ple fact of the matter is that the

charges against Budd were founded

upon court records and other docu-

mentary proofs, which have not as

vet been impeached. Mr. Budd's own

letters, the authorship of which he has

not denied, were sufficient to convict

him, in the eyes of all honest men, of

the principal misdeeds charged against

him. It will be time enough to talk of "villification" after Mr. Budd has

disproved these damaging charges.

Until he has done so, the less said about the matter by his apologists the

mends the further strengthening of

a dozen torpedo-boats.

ple generally.

nistic view of the situation.

nay soon be brought to an end, signi

"the usual recognition."

He recom

lacks the zest and appositeness

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, receiving every night in the year from 14,000 15,000 words of FRESH TELEGRAPHIC NEWS over 18,500 miles of leased wires. TERMS: By Mail, 89 a year; by carrier, 85 cents a month, or 20 cents a week. SUNDAY TIMES \$2 a year. WEEKLY, \$1.30; six months, 75 cents.

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# AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

IMPERIAL.—Vaudeville. BURBANK.—The Operator.

#### "THE SMOKE OF BATTLE."

The election is over and the result known: The Times does not look upon the success of Rader with any more favor than it looked upon his nomination and canvass; but, nevertheless, we can stand the result with adamantine endurance and granitelike firmness, neither viewing with alarm nor pointing with pride to any appreciable degree. In short, we feel that we can contemplate the outcome with complacency, conscious that we had justifiable grounds for our opposition, and being still convinced that we championed the cause of the very best man of the four candidates for the first place. The Republican ticket was very generally successful. Mr. Hazard was not elected-unfortunately for the city, in our judgment-but we, in common with other citizens of like faith, can stand fast and wait for the turn of the municipal

Mayors may come and mayors may go, but The Times goes on just the same, coming out every morning in the year from the old stand, Times Building, corner of First and Broadway, with "all the news all the time"-price 5 cents-and the widest circulation "by a large majority."

Fetch the next victim into the arena and prepare your thumbs for action!

## DODDERING DEMAGOGUES.

The antics of the organ-grinders who persistently and slavishly turn the crank of the "organized labor" machine would be amusing if they were not so contemptible. Organ-grinders of this class, with a pettiness of spirit born of envy and malice, are fond of referring to this paper as "the enemy The best answer to all such silly insinuations is the record of this journal, which no man can honestly say is antagonistic to the bes interests of laboring men. On the contrary, The Times is, and has always been, a far better friend and a more liberal employer of labor than the puny organs which seek in vain to injure it by misrepresenting its position and its motives. These weakling organs, in their slavish subserviency to the small minority which they constantly refer to as "organized lab ignore the vastly greater interests of the majority of laborers who are anorganized. They thoughtlessly indorse the claims of the noisy minority, however unreasonable or revolutionary, while the rights and interests of the undemonstrative majority are despised and sneered at. .The Times is sincere and unswerving friend of all men who labor honestly with hands or brains, but it has little use for blatherskites, charlatans and walking delegates, who labor only with their mouths, and who are the worst enemies of labor, both organized and unorganized. The journalistic organgrinders who are constantly abasing themselves before the joss of so-called "organized labor," are the same sort of blathering idiots as the professional jawsmiths and agitators who assume to lead the cause of labor, but lead it only to its ruin.

## MR. HAZARD'S CAMPAIGN.

Henry T. Hazard, although he failed of an election to the office of Mayor, has every reason to be gratified at the splendid canvass he has made, and the large vote he has polled. He was heavily handicapped in the race, by reason of the support given to his op-ponent on the Republican ticket by a ecret society, and to his opponent on the Democratic ticket by the adherents of a strong religious organization. The fact, moreover, that his opponents were the "regular" nominees of their respective parties, and that the party whip was freely used by the organs of those parties on behalf of their candidates, served to hold many timid and unthinking voters in the party

In the face of all these adverse influences, Mr. Hazard, on the strength of his own personal worth and inmerit, received a total of 2123 votes. These votes for Mr. Haz ard were not the votes of the ignorant of the thoughtless. They the votes of the more intelligent, faired and level-headed citizens of Los Angeles, who recognized in Mr. Hazard the ablest and most suitable man for the office of Mayor, among the candidates before the people. The total number of votes given for Mr. Rader was 5515; for Mr. Ryan 2506,

#### AN OPENING FOR AN EXTEN-SION OF TRADE.

A few days ago the president of the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce received a communication from the secretary of an organization in Kings county-formerly a part of Tulare county-which has for its object the ncouragement of railroad competition in the San Joaquin Valley. The correspondent said that up to the present the people of that section have been working for a line to San Francisco, but that they have now about come to the conclusion that it would be more profitable for them to build in this direction, as even if they should reach San Francisco with a separate line they would still be with art competition on their Eastern business Mr. Freeman was asked for his views in regard to the proposition of building a railroad from that section to Los Angeles city. The question involved in this issu

is an important one-more important than appears on the surface. It is not merely a question of building s railroad up into the San Joaquin Valley, but of reaching out for the trade of that section, which lies immediately north of the Tehachepi. The mer chants and manufacturers of Los Angeles have hitherto been short-sighted in this respect-in figuring upon the territory tributary to Los Angeles. We have been in the habit of taking in Arizona and New Mexico, and even Lower California and Sonora, to some extent, but have generally drawn the line at Tehachepi. There is no reason our doing this. The whole of Kern and Tulare counties should cer tainly be tributary to Los Angeles there is no reason why should not make a good struggle to capture Fresno also. The northern oundary of Kern county is only as far from Los Angeles as San Diego city, and the city of Fresno is nearer than Yuma to Los Angeles. It is not as if it would be a difficult task for us to obtain a foothold in this northern territory. So far from this being the case, the people in that section are not only willing, but anxious, to make Los Angeles city their headquarters. They have no affection for San Francisco, which city, they say, looks upon the San Joaquin Valley merely as a cow to be milked. They would far prefer to do their tradin in Los Angeles, and they have felt this way for many years, but hitherto our people have not made any par

ticular effort to encourage them. This is a mistake which should be orrected as soon as possible. If Los Angeles is to grow as it should grow our merchants and manufacturers and inanciers must be broad-minded and enterprising, continually reaching out for new commercial worlds to conmer. It is this spirit that has built up Chicago, and we need a little more of that spirit in this Chicago of the Southwest. Here is a rich and rapidly-growing section situated within few miles of our doors, which is anxious to trade with us and make this city its headquarters. Certainly we should do everything possible to ncourage these people and show them that we appreciate their friendship

and will be glad of their custom. The imaginary barrier to the growth of Southern California on the north, which we have erected at Tehachepi, must be broken down. No such pent up Utica should confine the power and progress of this the most-favored portion of a great State. Southern California ought to mean the south-ern half of the State, which would bring the northern boundary line near the city of Merced, but in any case commercially speaking, we certainly ought to take in Kern, Tulare, Inyo and San Luis Obispo, and at least divide with San Francisco the trade

of Fresno county The people of that section are anxious to do business with us. Shall we

#### not encourage them? . AN IMPORTANT PURCHASE.

During the past few years The Times has paid special attention to the beet-sugar industry in Southern free seed distribution is also favored. California, recognizing the fact that in this industry there are possibilities the navy, by the construction of at which, in connection wth horticulture least three additional battleships and already so firmly established in this section, guarantee the prosperity of Southern California, from the products of the soil alone, independent of commerce, manufactures, tourist travel. and the many other resources which this favored corner of the United States possesses. In Germany and France the sugar-beet has been scien-The recent bond issue is heartily tifically cultivated and improved for commended, and quasi indorsement is a century, and the industry forms one given to a scheme outlined in the reof the principal sources of income to those countries. Here in Southern port of the Secretary of the Treasury, modifying the present banking laws California the industry is only about five years old, and yet such results have been achieved as to astonish from taxation under certain limita-European experts. Where 14 per tions." This scheme, devised by Mr. cent, of sugar is considered an excel-Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle, to lent and highly-profitable return from rehabilitate State bank currency, will beets in Germany, from 18 to 20 per be looked upon with suspicion by cent., and even a greater percentage, has been attained at Chino and Anafinanciers, business men, and the peoheim, and this in the hands of men Some of the implacable Democratic who are "green" in a business which organs of this State are still accusing has been a science in Europe for a the Los Angeles Times and the San Francisco Post of "villification" in hundred years.

Had the Democrats been content to et well enough alone and maintain a county which had already accom plished so much good, we should by this time have seen the beginning of half a dozen factories in Southern California like that at Chino. ever, bounty or no bounty, there is evidently plenty of confidence left in the Southern California beet-sugar industry among shrewd investors

Among the Associated Press dis patches published in yesterday's Times was one which announced that considerable interest had been aroused San Francisco over a check \$1,500,000, which Claus Spreckels, the 'Sugar King," had drawn on the Nevada Bank. The Times is now able to announce that this check was drawn in payment to Richard Gird

for the Chino ranch, which Mr. Spreckels now owns. The importance of this transaction

to Southern California can scarcely be overestimated, Mr. Spreckels owns controls, practically unlimited capital. He knows about all regardng sugar that is worth knowing. His advent into the field of Southern Call-fornia undoubtedly means a great extension of the local industry in the near future, the planting of many additional thousand acres, and the employment of many more thousand With the return of the Republican

party to power and the restoration of the sugar bounty that will undoubtfollow, we risk nothing in assert ing that the raising of sugar-beets in Southern California will before many rears rival in importance the orange industry, and that a goodly share of the \$100,000,000 which is now sent across the Atlantic for sugar will find its way into the pockets of Southern California farmers.

# FOOTPRINTS ON THE SANDS OF

The Los Angeles Times is thirteen rears old, and today begins the four eenth year of its life, with a steady, regular, guaranteed circulation of fourteen thousand copies daily; solid building of its own, alive with superb, modern printing machinery of first quality-and far in advance of that owned by any rival journal published in any city. East or West, of the size of Los Angeles; an unexcelled telegraphic news service, amounting to from 14,000 to 16,000 vords of fresh Associated Press news received nightly over 18,500 miles of eased wires; an advertising patronage which, by its large volume and superior character, shows strikingly the standing of this journal in the business community; and, finally, but most important of all. The Times possesses a hold upon the confidence of the people of Los Angeles and all the south of California which is so firm and enduring as to make this one of the most valuable of the journal's assets; for no more intelligent, solid and virtuous community exists on the continent than the one to whose inter ests this paper is devoted.

We therefore commence the work of another year with more satisfaction than ever before, and with a higher confidence than ever in the great out come which awaits this favored land and its fortunate denizens and citi-

#### GOOD FOR MASSACHUSETTS.

The people of Massachusetts may congratulate themselves that the old commonwealth is, in one respect, a biger man" than is the United States It has brought the Trust to terms, which the Federa authorities have never yet been able to do. The State law of Massachusetts requiring all corporations doing business in the State to file their reports was violated by the Sugar Trust. When Iftigation was begun, the trust, like Capt. Scott's coon, saw that it was no use resisting, and came down handsomely. Only a ridiculously small fine of \$200 was imposed by the court, but the trust has filed its report, paid its fine, and now stands square with the State of Massachusetts until the next filing day comes round. The moral effect of this vicought to stimulate the Federal authorities at Washington to better enforcehas been an executive duty which has been too much neglected. The report of the trust shows a capital of \$100. 000,000 and about nine millions sur

While suppressing sedition and anthe government toward the people in keeping great aggregations of capital within the laws must not be neglected. Unless this is done there will always be some excuse for those who seek to excite the people by telling them that there is in this country one law for the rich and another for the poor.

At last it is dawning upon John Bull's dull comprehension that he was cruelly deceived and misled by Prof. Wilson, who declared at the London banquet that free-trade sentiment was steadily growing in the United States. The London Times says: "It is impossible to contest the evidence it affords that the deep root of the protec-tionist delusion has struck into American minds." Yes, it's no use to con test the evidence.

Mr. Estee's plurality in the State, outside of San Francisco, was about ten thousand, but 'Frisco gave Budd a plurality of over eleven thousand four hundred votes, though its usual Democratic majority is somewhat less than six thousand. The vote of San Francisco may have been honestly cast and counted, but these figures have a suspicious look.

The slaughter of Chinese at Port Arthur, by the victorious Japs, was a terrible case of atrocity, but it was in sense justified by the unspeakable barbarity of the Chinese in burning and otherwise torturing Japanese prisoners of war and citizens. allowance must be made for the ex-ceptional circumstances of this terrible and deplorable affair.

In the opinion of the New York World, "the income tax will not be repealed, and ought not to be repealed, ecause it is a just tax, and because the government needs the revenue." The World's opinion is correct on one point: The government needs the revenue.

"A Daniel come to judgment-Daniel!" The New York World has discovered that at the recent elec "from 20 to 50 per cent, of the De crats stayed at home," and that "

siderable numbers of them voted the uld have dreamed it?

Jim Budd grandiloquently an nounces that "all his appointees shall be Democrats." The announcement is superfluous. Nobody expects Jim of hungry and unwashed Democratic patriots clamoring for "orfis."

The last session of the Fifty-third Congress began at high noon yester day. May it be brief, and productly less ill than the preceding of the same Congress.

The newspapers will be a little ore versatile, at all events, now tha the agony is over.

#### LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

A Ward Without a Saloon. LOS ANGELES, Dec. 3, 1894.—(To the Editor of The Times:) Tonight's Expres mentioned the fact that the Forty mentioned the fact that the Frechet was the only precinct in town that had no saloon. I wish to say, for the benefit of the Express and those who do not know, that the entire Fifth Ward is without a saloon, of which we are justly proud. Yours respectfully,

A FIFTH WARDER.

Third Street Tunnel. LOS ANGELES, Nov. 30, 1894.—(To the Editor of The Times:) It seems as though the bond-issue experts were abroad again, the bond-issue experts were abroad again, and trying to get in their work. When certain public improvements are supposed to be needed, instead of availing themselves of the tax list for raising the money required, the ever-ready bond-issue advocate appears, with his fertile and adroit excuse for the ready cash. There is an old saying that the fool-killer comes around every two wars but he never sets. around every two years, but he never the bond fiend. Instead, the poor helpless taxpayer, who is often begr by plausible arguments by plausible arguments and honeyed theorists, telling him to vote bonds, and be public-spirited, or be branded as an old fogy. The conservatives in municipalities generally manage to save something in life, in property and money; theorists

fogy. The conservatives in municipalities generally manage to save something in life, in property and money; theorists rarely do.

Have we not about bonds enough issued for the present? Would it not be wise and safe to give our taxed people a little rest these hard and trying times? Have not property-owners been real clever and shelled out pretty freely in consenting to make lots of public improvements, streets, parks, schools, sewers and what not during past years? And now plenty of them are at their wit's end to find the means to pay for sewers now being built in a number of new sewer districts; also, cement sidewalks, curbs, etc. Add to this the taxes, city, county and State, just due, and the load is enough, at least until times brighten. What is there at the bottom of one of these bond-issue schemes called the "Third-street tunnel?" Does some railroad company want it eventually, when it is found utterly useless as a public thoroughfare, at a cost to the city at large of nearly \$150,000 (in bonds,) a hole in the ground, dark, damp, dreary and noisome, a dread to the late way-farer at night, even though it may be lit up both night and day at the expense of the city at large, and swept and cleaned of its filth, also by the same broadbacked city? It is intended to begin at Hill and Third streets and run through the hill, and end in an arroyo. People will never use it, preferring to go around a little further to Sixth street or First street cut, along which they can travel in the pure open air at night, and see their way in safety, or in the Pright soulight of day.

This proposed tunnel monstrosity serves no general public good or convenience, and is a purely local affair, and if it is worth anything to people of the Arroyo de los Reyes, or may be a short sewer outlet for stormwater or otherwise, let them petition for it, and pay the \$150,000 for it, if it is worth it to them, for certainly it never can be of any earthly benefit to at least nine-tenths of the city, only two blocks distant, and that

beneat to at least innecessities of the dis-traction of the district of the d

# at Third street. ENGINEER AND TAXPAYER.

## SMILES.

Miss Gush. What a melancholy-looking Mr. Sharpe. Yes; self-love.

(Life:) "Professor von Gookenheimer, they say, is a most marvelous mind-reader and hypotist." "Yes, he claims he can attract the attention of a restaurant merely looking at him steadily merely looking at him steadily

(Indianapolis Journal:) "Well old man ing," said the manufacturer of sporting goods. "I have just received for 4,000,000 pairs of sprinting for the Chinese army."

Mr. Bristles. Chicago, sir, utilizes everyabout a porker except his squeal.

Gotham. Indeed! I fancied they Mr. Gotham. Indeed! I fancied ised that as raw material for brag.

Hardup. I hear of the blessings of poverty, but I'm sure I can't think of a single one of them. Cashly (with unction.) Cheap living, my dear sir, cheap living!

(Hariem Life:) The Professor.
is evidence to show that one of the
famous edifices of antiquity was
structed principally of women.
His wife. Which one?
The Professor. The Tower of Babe

(Philadelphia Record:) Teacher. Johnnie, remember it was Atlas that supported the world, but I want to try your power of imagination. Who do you suppose supported Atlas?

Johnnie, His wife, I guess.

(Boston Transcript:) Ethel. How did you like the play last night?
Maude. Oh, above everything! Harry was with me, and you know what company he is? Well, there was nothing whatever in the play to distract my attention, and I just reveled in Harry's conversation.

(Detroit Tribune:) "Farewell."

She clung to him, sobbing.
"Farewell, my husband!" she cried,
"my heart is breaking, but there is no
other way to get out of the house. Go."
Tearfully she watched him through a
chink in the blinds while he eloped with
the cook.

## FLOATING FACTS.

Ammunition for the Chinese and Japan-ese forces is manufactured largely in Bir-

Stammering is far more common among men than among women, the proportion being almost four to one.

During the years immediately preceding the civil war \$1000 was a common price for a healthy young negro man.

One of the curiosities of Brazil is a tree whose wood and bark contain so much silica that they are used by potters.

The average rainfall of Great Britisin is

The average rainfall of Great Britain is estimated to equal 630,000 gallons per acresvery year—almost three thousand tons. Siberian peasants clean, stretch and dry the skin of the turbot for leather bags and as a substitute for glass window panes. The driest place in the world is that part of Egypt between the two lower falls of the Nile. Rain has never been known to fall there.

#### SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

NEW METHOD OF EXTINGUISH ING INCIPIENT FIRES

How Diamonds are Mined-Amateur Photographers—Some Curious Partner-

ships. NEW YORK, Nov. 24 .- (Special Corre

spondence.) The diamond is one of the things that the public is never tired of hearing about, and is ever anxious to see, discuss and, above all, to possess; but few

have any idea of the tedious and laboriou

process by which the precious gem is mined and brought to the light of day. All the entrances to the mine are rigidly guarded, and only the written permit of the manager will enable a visitor to de-scend the huge shaft which pierces the working level, say, a thousand feet below. In the tunnels of the mine, which are about seven feet high, the miners are lare ground with a large crowbar, which they use with both hands. After making six holes each, which may take three nours, or six, or langer, according to the hardness of the strata they are working in, they-are allowed to retire to their homes in the compound and rest for the remainder of the day. Dynamite cartridges are placed in the drilled holes and expleded, and the blue ground, which has been dialodged, is shoveled into trucks, each of which bolds a ton, run along the level and taken up the shaft. It is carried in large lumps as hard as granite to "the floors," where it is spread out and left from three to six months to be pulverized by the action of the sun, air and rain, a steam harrow being run over it from time to time to assist the process of disintegration. In due time it is taken to the washing machine, the work of which is to sift out all the light deposit, called 'tailings," in which no diamonds are found, and to clean the "ground," which is then placed in a hopper, and carried by revolving buckets, to the top of an elevator, whence 't is dropped into a cylindrical pan. As the pan is rotated water is thrown on its contents, and the mass is chipped and riled by iron knivos, the light mud overflowing in the center, and the heavy deposit containing the diamonds passing into a pulsating receiver, from which it is graded into three different-sized sieves. Water is then pumped through the bottom, and the light deposit is forced over the top, the heavier substance falling through the sieves. It is then passed by reeans of valves into tuos, and the important work of searching for the diamonds commence. Four times do the searchers examine every particle of the material and so carefully and thorougaly is their work done that it is said that a naif karāt diamond might be mixed with a couple of hundred weight of earth in the hopper at the upper end of the sifting machin, with perfect assurance that it would ultimately come into the hands of the sorters. use with both hands. After making six holes each, which may take three hours,

NEW METHOD OF EXTINQUISHING INCIPIENT FIRES. A new method of extinguishing fires means of an automatic chemical process is proposed, and tests have been made in which the inventor claims to have proved the value of his device. He argue that if the oxygen can be dispelled from the atmosphere, combustion will be ar rested, and the fire will immediately dispelled wire is run in the out. An insulated wire is run in the the atmosphere, combustion will be arrested, and the fire will immediately die out. An insulated wire is run in the ceiling of a room, and connected to a thermostat. When the temperature of the room rises to a certain point above the normal, say to 105 deg. Fahr, an alarm bell is sounded and the wire is parted. This sets free a number of weights, arranged at set intervals, which fall on small vials of chemically-prepared solution. This disengages a gas that forces oxygen from the room through valves fixed for the purpose. As soon as the oxygen is forced out the valves swing back into place, and the room becomes air-tight. The fire is extinguished at once, but twenty minutes is allowed before pure air is admitted, and the room can be entered. The inventor's idea is to connect the wires running to the various apartments in a large building in the general office, so that when the alarm is sounded the fire is instantly located. A special arrangement is also provided by which all windows that might be opened at the outbreak of a fire are immediately closed when the thermostat indicator reaches the warning point. outbreak of a fire are immediate when the thermostat indicate

closed when the therm reaches the warning point. A DOUBLE REFRACTING FINDER-

BOON TO PHOTOGRAPHERS. In the great number of cameras tha photographers, the ground-glass plate at the top of the "finder" has always been more or less a source of trouble and vexation. It was found, under certain conditions of weather, and especially in strong sunlight, that when the operator sought to have clearly-defined in the finder the picture to be taken, the image was confused and baffling, and the promptitude of the exposure was often interfered with, at the risk of spoiling the picture. The new double refracting finder provides a stant and offenting the picture. The new double refracting finder provides a steady and effective means of overcoming this difficulty. The usual ground glass is entirely dispensed with, and in its place is a lens on which the image is clearly and steadily reflected by a mirror, acting in conjunction with a powerful convex lens. This gives a finder with a greatly-increased degree of luminosity, and the operator has no further hesitation or anxiety in the adjustment of his camera. This device is likely to be appreciated by both amateur and professional photographers.

NEUTRALIZING NOXIOUS VAPORS IN MANUFACTURE OF ARSENIC The counties of Cornwall and Devon, in England, are the center of a thriving

The counties of Cornwall and Devon, in arsenic manufacturing industry. In the process of production of this mineral the arsenical pyrites are reasted and condensed in long flues, some of which run for half a mile. Formerly, even with the greatest care much of the arsenic would be uncondensed, and the escaping flumes constituted a source of danger to cattle, many of which died from eating grass in the neighborhood of the works. The frequent actions for damages which ensued, at last stimulated the manufacturers to remedy the evil. This has been accomplished by means of wash towers, a dry filterer made of brushwood, gorse, etc., which is found to arrest almost the whole of the arsenic fumes in the escaping gases. It is recorded that in a test made without the filter there was as much as 7.4 grains of arsenic fumes in a cubic foot of the gases passing into the air, whereas the average is mow less than one-tenth of a grain per cubic foot. The resuit has been hastened by the recent agitation in England in favor of purer air for the people of cities and manufacturing districts.

VENTILATING WINDOWS FOR RAIL-VENTILATING WINDOWS FOR RAIL-WAY CARS.

Two of the greatest banes of steam way traveling are smoke and dust, any sitempt to enable a traveler to this destination with even a moderate of cleanliness will meet its own sur of cleanliness will meet its own sur his destination with even a moterate seasor of cleanliness will meet its own sure reward. A ventilating window has, been tried for some time in the cars of a progressive railway company, with a view to remedy the inadequacy of the ordinary methods of car ventilation. The window has a single sash, hinged at both ends and sides by slip hinges, so that either side can be opened, or the sash can be pushed outwards, parallel with the side of the car. Under ordinary conditions the window is swung open from the front hinges, so that the opening is protected by the sash. There is such a supply of fresh air that practically no inconvenience is experienced from the smoke of the locomotive. The rush of air past the window creates an exhaust and draws the air from the car, fresh air being supplied through the deck windows in summer, while is winter the issuage of air around

the windows and front door is sufficient for ventilation, so that a continuous exhaust goes on through the windows at all times. The nuisance of dust and the entrance of rain is prevented by a water table over the window, and there is also a brass shield on the bottom of the sash to hinder the dust entering from beneath. This shield slips in a groove in the sill. The sash closes against rubber strips, making an air-tight fit when closed. To prevent the sashes being opened the wrong way, a locking rod extends the length of the car, which is fitted with a handle over the platform. This rod is under the control of the brakeman, he locks the hinges of the leading side of the window, in the name way as on suburban cars on the alternate light deck are opened or closed, according to the direction in which the car is running. In a test of this new ventilator, the windows were purposely opened in the tunnels, and the small quantity of smoke that leaked in around the dopo window in the doorway and at the forward deck lights was exhausted by the window air current, and the air at the rear end of the car was sweet and clean.

CURIOUS PARTNERSHIPS.

#### CURIOUS PARTNERSHIPS.

Prof. Stewart, in a lecture before the London Institution, gives some instances of the curious partnerships which are of the curious partnerships which are sometimes formed in the animal world, the principle of which has been differentiated by naturalists under the term 'commensalism.' The organisms of the lower animals are interdependent, and, like human beings, few of them are able to live only for and by themselves. There is a hermit crab who earries about with him attached to his shell, or even to his claw, a sea anemone. When the crab feeds, his partner shares the feast, and, moreover, enjoys the benefit of, free locomotion, though little able to move itself. The parasite fully repays this service by hiding the crab when he is in danger, aiding him to numb or kill his prey, and when the time contes for the crab to change his shell, assisting him to his new home. Another example of this spirit of communism is found in the protection afforded the shell, assisting him to his new home. Another example of this spirit of communism is found in the protection afforded the acacia tree of tropical America by a colony of ant warriors. The acacia tree, finding itself in danger of destruction by leaf-cutting and other ants and insects, enlists in its service a tribe of ants, who are not only innocuous, but ready to fight for the plant and keep off its enemies. But the ants are true mercenaries, and will not serve without pay, and for them the tree provides both food and shelter—hollow appendages (stipules) to live in, and nutrient fluids on which they may feed. As soon as the foe sets foot on the leaf stalk he is assailed by the guardian ants and either killed or compelled to beat a hasty retreat.

#### Expensive Armchairs.

The Shah of Persia owns the most valuable armchair in the world. He has an armchair of solid gold, iniaid with precious stones. About a year ago some of the stones were stolen from one of the legs of the chair, and the Shah, full of indignation, ordered the arrest of a number of servants and held the keeper of the paiace responsible for the furniture, with the intimation that if the thief was not discovered the keeper would be beheaded. The culprit being eventually found he was forthwith beheaded and his head carried on a pole by the imperial body guard through the streets of Teberan. A valua-ble armchair is in the possession of the Earl of Radnor. It originally cost \$40,000, and was presented by the City of Augsburg to the Emperor Rudolph II. of Germany about the year 1576. It is of steel and took the artist about thirty years to make it. The chair became the property of Count Tessin, Ambassador from the court of Sweden to the English court. Gua-tavus Brander afterward bought\*it, as an antique, for 1800 guineas, and sold it to the Earl of Radnor for 600 guineas.

Last night, in some lost mood of meditation, The while my dreamy vision ranged the far Unfathomable arches of creation, I saw a falling star; And as my eyes swept round the path

with the swift-dying glory of its glow, With sudden intuition I remembered A wish of long ago—

A wish that, were it made—so ran the fan Of credulous young lover and of lass— As fell a star, by some strange necroman Would surely come to pass.

And, of itself, the wish, reiterated A thousand times in youth, flashed o'er

For my old heart had wished for the unendvotion of a little maid of nine—
that the girl heart, with the wo

And so it was, with eyelids raised, and weighty
With ripest clustering of sorrow's dew

cried aloue Katie! When will my wish come true?" JAMES WHITCOMB RILBY.

That Denver Suffrage Experiment.

That Denver Suffrage Experiment.
(Chicago Inter Ocean:) James S. Clarkson of the Iowa State Register was an interested witness of the woman suffrage experiment in Denver at the late election. He says the women took as keen an interest in the election as the men did, and that their presence at the polls was most salutary, the men behaving as respectfully there as Americans always do in the presence of woman elsewhere. This is valuable evidence on the much-disputed question from a practical politician.

A Bunsbian Reason

(Iowa State Register:) The astute H. D. Morgan, Treasurer of the United States gravely announces, in his annual report that "the impairment of the gold reserve insufficient revenues!" Think of that a child-like and bland explanation of deplorable condition of the natifinances under the "reforms" of free trust and income-tax "reformers."



Food raised with Cleveland's bakng powder has no bitter taste, but a sweet and keeps sweet and fresh.

# THE CITY ELECTION.

#### Entire Republican General Ticket Elected.

The Democrats Capture Four of the Nine Members of the Council.

The Board of Education Solidly Republican—Over Twelve Thou-sand Votes Cast—The Complete Returns.

THE SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES. Mayor-FRANK RADER (Rep.)
City Clerk-CHARLES LUCKENBACH (Rep.)
City Attorney-W. E. DUNN (Rep.)
City Treasurer-W. A. HARTWELL (Rep.)
Tax and License Collector-J. H. (ISH (Rep.)
City Engineer-C. S. COMPTON (Rep.)
Street Superintendent-P. A. HOWARD

Rep.). City Assessor-GEORGE HULL (Rep.) COUNCILMEN. Pirst Ward—G. W., Stockwell (Rep.) Second Ward—M. P., Snyder (Dem.) Third Ward—Frank S. Munson (Rep.) Fourth Ward—Freeman G. Teed (Rep.) Filth Ward—George D. Pessell (Dem.) Seventh Ward—George D. Pessell (Dem.) Seventh Ward—James Ashman (Dem.) Eighth Ward—Thoms F. Savage (Dem.) Ninth Ward—E. L. Blanchard (Rep.) BOARD OF EDUCATION.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.
First Ward—W. A. Kennedy (Rep.)
Second Ward—Dr. le M. Wills (Rep.)
Third Ward—William Quarland (Rep.)
Fifth Ward—Robert Hale (Rep.)
Fifth Ward—Robert Hale (Rep.)
Sixth Ward—Robers Bassett (Rep.)
Seventh Ward—E. L. Grubb (Rep.)
Eighth Ward—S. E., Fultom (Pop.)
Ninth Ward—Q. W. Simonton (Rep.

The city election yesterday was one of the most quiet and orderly ever held in the city. The citizens made no particular demonstration while performing the duty of the Australian system worked to the satisfaction of all except the would-be stuffer and striker who failed to get in repeaters, according to the old-time pracce. The vote cast was a normal one, it being noted generally that the Democratic wards made a somewhat better showing than they did at the last election. Incidents of an unusual nature were absolutely wanting, although a great many carriages and vehicles of all description were brought into service to bring voter to the polls.

Down in the Eighth Ward, where trouble is to be expected on election day, if in any quarter of the city, all was quiet. Ryan claimed this ward by a large majority, but early in the afternoon it was said, that Rader was holding his own on the regular ticket. The principal fight in this ward, however, was on Councilman, Gambler Webber and Tom Savage, inde-pendent and Democratic candidates, respec-tively, furnishing work for all of the "pro-

pendent and Demogratic candidates, respectively, furnishing work for all of the "professionals" in sight. The friends of Mr. de Camp, the regular Republican nominee, worked quietly, and made no bluster or noise in their efforts to bring out all of the better class of people in the ward.

Saloons in every part of the city were elosed, in obedience to the State law, consequently the police were not troubled with intoxicated loafers, who make it a practice to frequent polling places in the hope of being "treated" by anxious candidates.

The Republican City Central Committee had workers in all of the precincts who were prepared to see that the law was carried out, but the voters all seemed to have a due appreciation of the effect of the election regulations, and they took care not to lay themselves liable in that regard.

The count was completed much more rapidly than had been expected, and as early as 3 o'clock the returns from several precincts were completed.

The completed list from Precinct Thirty-five reached the clerk's office at 8:15 o'clock, and was followed in close order by the returns from other smaller precincts. Meanwhile the interest was heightened, and Rader's friends were the most vociferous in their cheers, for the first results obtained indicated that the Republican candidate had carried the day by a winning plurality. After 10 o'clock the tally-sheets fairly poured in and the force of clerks was kept steadily busy entering up the vote until after midnight. The ticket being short and the election officers experienced in the business of counting were factors which aided in bringing in early returns. Thus the general result was easily calculated quite oringing in early returns. Thus the ger result was easily calculated quite in the evening and the residents of the suburbs were able to catch the last cars home in a satisfied or dissatisfied frame of mind, as the case happened to be. The full returns on the general city ticket, Council and Board of Education fol-

GENERAL CITY TICKET. Mayor. PLURALITY OF RADER (REP.,) 2009.

PRECINCTS.	Hazard (Ind.)	Reder (Sep.)	Ryan (Dem.)	Schnabel (Pop.)
No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 No. 4 Ninth Ward—	41 43 28 37	154 197 92 147	46 39 61 89	30 15 41 21
No. 5 No. 6 No. 7 Eighth Ward—	47 50 28	166 157 151	97 70 57	44 35 14
No. 8 No. 9 No. 10 No. 11 No. 12 Np. 13. Seventh Ward—	. 86	56 76 66 71 80 56	106 83 160 115 140 136	18 26 48 32 40 41
No. 14 No. 15 No. 16 No. 17 No. 18 No. 19 No. 20	22 22 33 37 45 37	123	76 103 67 88 76 50 91	23 35 37 38 32 33 36
No. 21 No. 22 No. 23 Fifth Ward—	52 43 98	143	75 83 72	26 8 23
No. 24 No. 25 Fourth Ward—	104		60 68	10
No. 26 No. 27 No. 28 No. 29 No. 30	67 64 103 63 66	105 225 114	75 58 91 65 56	8
No. 81 No. 32 No. 33 No. 34 No. 35 No. 36 No. 37	. 70 . 31 . 47 . 25 . 52 . 61	149 145 79 93 111	58 73 68 64 43 95	35 28 18 24 7 10 10
Second Ward— No. 88 No. 39 No. 40 No. 41 No. 42 No. 43 No. 44 No. 44	62 60 64 58 55 34 44 83	74 158 122 104 85 99	87 53 55 49 67 105 79 108	20 20 40 24 36 18 15 18
Totals	3128	5515	3506	1120

City Clerk. AJORITY OF LUCKENBACH 3700.	(RE	(P.,)	Tax and License Collector MAJORITY OF GISH (REP.,)		
PRECINCTS.	Luckenbach (Rep.)	McKnight (Dem.)	PRECINCTS.	Gish (Rep.)	Mauricio (DemPop.)
rst Ward— No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 No. 4	194 239 132	61 48 77	First Ward— No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 No. 4	185 282 125 182	72 54 91 102
inth Ward— No. 5 No. 6			Ninth Ward— No. 5	194 212	144 95
No. 7 ighth Ward No. 8 No. 9	169 82 116	75 96 74	No. 7 Eighth Ward— No. 8 No. 9 No. 10	74 91	101 101
No. 10 No. 11 No. 12 No. 13	191	159	No. 11 No. 12 No. 13	109 96 114 88	175 122 138 159
eventh Ward— No. 14 No. 15 No. 16	90 172 160	83 107 84	Seventh Ward—   No. 14   No. 15   No. 16	86 173 167	93 109 81
No. 17 No. 18 No. 19 No. 20	165 172 162 226	95 91 64	No. 17 No. 18 No. 19 No. 20	152 164 150	114 99 84 115
Ixth Ward— No. 21 No. 22	215 181	85 108	Sixth Ward— No. 21 No. 22 No. 23	204 182	91 106 121
No. 23 ifth Ward— No. 24 No. 25	278 232 184	112	No. 24 No. 25	267 203	77 79
No. 26	182 313	53 124	Fourth Ward— No. 26 No. 27 No. 28 No. 29 No. 39	160	88 67 126
No. 29 No. 30 hird Ward— No. 31 No. 32	163 183 236	96	No 21	991	88
No. 32 No. 33 No. 34 No. 35 No. 36	193 106 143	92 78 74 47	No. 32 No. 23 No. 34 No. 35 No. 36	213 193 114 145 185	112 75 67 46
No. 37 econd Ward— No. 38	163	102	Second Ward—	106	50
No. 39 No. 40 No. 41 No. 41 No. 42 No. 43	181 166	61 66 92	No. 40 No. 41 No. 42	233 179 152 108	103
No. 44	151	80 95	No. 45	131	94
City Attorney. MAJORITY OF DUNN (REP.,			City Engineer. MAJORITY OF COMPTON, (R.	EP.,)	269

No. 5	159 191 106 152 176 137 115	93 78 100 127 143 136	18 18 15	No. 2	153	100
No. 2 No. 3 No. 4 inth Ward— No. 5 No. 6	191 106 152 176 137	78 100 127 143	18	No. 2		
No. 3 No. 4. inth Ward— No. 5 No. 6	106 152 176 137	100 127 143			214	
No. 4. inth Ward— No. 5 No. 6 No. 7	152 176 137	127	12			72
inth Ward— No. 5 No. 6 No. 7	176 137	143	12		100	111
No. 5	137			No. 4 Ninth Ward—	139	146
No. 6	137		28		163	168
No. 7	115		36		178	140
		104	21		141	94
ighth Ward-				Eighth Ward-	1.00	10000
No. 8	68	97	1	No. 8	57	112
No. 9	83	102	3	No. 9	62	121
No. 10		195	1	No. 11	78	209
No. 11	102	118	5	No. 12	73	179
No. 13	86	158	6	No. 13	65	183
eventh Ward-	00	100	0	Seventh Ward-		01
No. 14	86	90	3.	No. 14	65	107
No. 15	152	121	8		113	153
No. 16	155	86	15		140	111
No. 17	138	117	12		117	141
No. 18	145	108	12		135	129
No. 19	125	98	14		170	154
No. 20ixth Ward—	170	141	18	Sixth Ward-		401
No. 21	173	106	17		164	127
No. 22	157	124	17		155	129
No. 23	218	160	31	No. 23	249	153
ifth Ward-	-	200		Fifth Ward— No. 24		
No. 24	218	97	28		212	128
No. 25	156	111	16	Fourth Ward-	161	118
ourth Ward-	1	12			174	119
No. 26	155	125	13	No. 27	121	113
No. 27	135	90	15	No. 28	248	182
No. 28	233	165	43	No. 29	123	121
No. 29 No. 30	138	100 112	13	No. 30	147	128
hird Ward-	101	114	**	Third Ward— No. 31	193	
No. 31	167	123	31	No. 32	193	130
No. 32		138	33		145	119
No. 33	152	104	13	No. 34	81	102
No. 34	97	79	7	No. 35	125	65
No. 35	116	60	16	No. 36	136	132
Nq. 36	152	111	10	No. 37	73	81
No. 37	100	54	.8	Second Ward— No. 38		
Second Ward—	123	126	01	No. 39	116	149
No. 38		85	21 16	No. 40	186	106
No. 40		118	25	No. 41	148	101
No. 41		88	14	No. 42	118	141
No. 42	122	125	13	No. 43	92	132
No. 43		120	12	No. 44	100	128
No. 44		105	13	No. 45	102	119
No. 45	124	108	4	Totals	2014	24.45
	-		-	Totals	6014	0145
Totals	6235	5094	704			

1 131-

			17.11	Street Sup	erin	tend	ent.		
City Treasurer. MAJORITY FOR HARTWE		(D)	,	MAJORITY OF A	WA	RD (	REP	.,) 28	32.
2060.	بابان	(RE	ir.,)			1	21		_
PRECINCTS.	well (Rep.)	t (Dem.)	lee (Pro.)	PRECINCTS.	Howard (Rep.)	ggs (Dem.)	Randolph (Pop.	idwin (Pro.)	tt (Ind.)
4.	artwe	euhart	Parmel		How	Riggs	Ran	Baild	Truitt
	五	Z	Pa	No. 1	138	87	20		
First Ward— No. 1	174	-	1	No. 2	181	74	18	6	17
	174 203	73 64	18	No. 4	95	58	48	3	19
No. 3	119	83	11	No. 4	135	123	19	3	13
NO. 4	165	102	15	Ninth Ward— No. 5	174	117	-	-1	
Ninth Ward— No. 5				No. 6	169	86	35	13	11
No. 6	192		14	No. 7	145	76	17	7	1
No. 7	152	82	18	Fighth Ward— No. 8	4.0	2 2			
Eighth Ward-	100 120		10	No. 8	58	091	15	3	17
No. 8 No. 9 No. 10	66	101	7	No. 9		69	27	2	16
No. 9	87	84	13	No. 10			34	.:	- 3
No. 11	105	172	8	No. 11	98	119	29	4	1
No. 12	91 106	125	9	No. 13			-31	1	1
No. 13	79	158	11	Seventh Ward-	1	***	91	-	-
Seventh Ward-	900	200	**	No. 14	69	83	20	3	. 9
No. 14	80	87	8	No. 15	141		22	2	3
No. 15	173	99		No. 16	135	86	22	12	3
No. 16	163	82		No. 17		98	32	7	- 2
No. 18	137 158	109	18	No. 18	140	101	25 35	6	
No. 19		72	15	No. 20	183	106	26	4	16
No. 20	196	112	14	Sixth Ward-	104	200	20	da	1
Sixth Ward-		1		No. 21	149	119	27	7	
No. 21	189	100	12	No. 22	152	110	23	7	1
No. 23	243	113	10	No 22	213	147	23	16	.13
Fifth Ward-	240	130	33	Fifth Ward-	-	***		-	
No. 24	205	124	14	No. 24	205	118	9	12	
No. 25	162	105	16	Fourth Ward-	100	99		0	
Fourth Ward— No. 26		-10-6		No. 26	172	103	9	10	1
No. 26	175	107	12	No. 27	121	86	23	3	
No. 27		136	8 28	No. 28	259		15	16	20
No. 29		102	12	No. 29	136	98	8	3	93
No. 80				No. 30	157	102	21	6	
Third Ward-	-	1000	1	No. 31	914	£ 69	20	21	
No.  31	186	100		No. 32		114	21	10	
No. 32	202	98		No. 33	146	105	19	2	
No. 34	106		7	No. 34	91	75	21	1	1
No. 35	131	42		No. 35			10	9	
No. 36	166	90		No. 36	157	80	21	-7	13
No. 37	101	55	4	Second Ward-	87	56	14	-4	
Second Ward- No. 38	146	100	10	No. 38	149	89	19		
No. 39	113			No. 39			22	5	
No. 40		85		No. 40	195	66	40		
No. 41	155	67	18	No. 41			. 16		
No. 42	144		19	No. 42	139		39	5	
No. 43	100			No. 43		108	20		1000
No. 44	124			No. 45	120		15		1
	190	34	8	No. 45	103	01	-	100	1
THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	Section 1	1	A COLUMN	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	\$100 and	Bally No. of	BACKETON .	ALC: UNKNOWN	B. C. Cont.

6231 4380 995 296 278

200	Assessor. MAJORITY OF HULL (RE	IP.,)	1801.	1,	
cio (DemPop.)	PRECINCTS.	Hull (Rep.)	Smith (Dem.)	Adams (Pop.)	
Mauricio	First Ward— No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 No. 4	171 203 99 157	59 61 67 99	35 29 55 33	A theret
54 91 102	Ninth Ward— No. 5 No. 6 No. 7	179 169 145	118 103 84	46 40 19	H
144 95 69 101 101 175	Eighth Ward— No. 8 No. 9 No. 10 No. 11 No. 12 No. 12 No. 13 Seventh Ward—	67 79 88 86 95 77	76 75 150 100 121 127	37 42 46 39 45 46	1
122 138 159 93 109 81 114	No. 14 No. 15 No. 16 No. 17 No. 18 No. 18 No. 19	149 146 134 153 129 177	77 95 64 92 83 70 103	28 40 46 38 34 39 56	
99 84 115	Sixth Ward— No. 21 No. 22 No. 22 No. 23	188 174 235	83 96 118	31 24 52	1
91 106 121	No. 24	243 181	136 94	17 8	3
77 79 88 67	Fourth Ward— No. 26 No. 27 No. 28 No. 29 No. 30	176 140 277 135 174	107 61 127 100 89	15 30 36 15 24	FSI
126 88 81 86 112 75	Third Ward— No. 31 No. 32 No. 33 No. 34 No. 35 No. 36	200 165 108 130 159	58 49 91	31 29 25 21 17 25	A B
67 46 85 50 38	No. 37 Seend Ward— No. 38 No. 59 No. 40 No. 41 No. 42	96 142 133 207 161 152 106	51 102 51 64 59 67 107	26 25 47 28 43 24	I
103 125 101	No. 45 No. 45 Totals	129	81 75	20	70
4298	City Auditor	REP.	.) 11	33.	,

94	City Audi	tor.	EP.,)	113	3.
269.	PRECINCTS.	reals (Rep.)	raylor (Dem.)	White (Pop.)	Threlkeld (Pro.)
Den.	First Ward-	1			-
Kuhrts (Dem	No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 No. 4	167 192 102 154	54 58 63 99	38 23 47 29	8 16 7 7
100 72 111	No. 5 No. 6 No. 7	205 206 163	97 59 50	40 39 17	12 16
146 168 126 94 112	Eighth Ward— No. 8 No. 9 No. 10 No. 11 No. 12 No. 13	67 87 104 77 99 72	76 75 147 116 114 136	30 31 86 31 44 41	5 1 3 1 3 1
121 209 145 179 183	Seventh Ward-  No. 14   No. 15   No. 16   No. 17   No. 18   No. 19   No.	75 153 150 133 171 128	78 95 63 91 68 66	23 37 33 38 27 29	4 4 11 8 6 11
153 111 141 129 108	No. 20 Sixth Ward— No. 21 No. 22 No. 23	194 180 160 209	84 105 160	28 23 24	9 6 17
154	No. 24	200 168	121	10	
127 129 153 128 118	Fourth Ward— No. 26	189 157 266 138	87 53 127 95	13 20 30 11	10 10 23 8
119 112 182 121 128	No. 80 Third Ward— No. 81 No. 82 No. 83 No. 34 No. 35	193 192 158 103 125	91 80 97 91 60 42	29 29 21 25 16	22 14 5 2 13
130 131 119 102 65 132	No. 36 No. 37 Second Ward— No. 38 No. 39 No. 40			18	3 7 8
81	No. 41 No. 42	154	63	25	10

No. No. No.	48 44	 						126 101 125 115	81 114 83 84	19 24 38
Tota	ls	 						6643	3878	1248
		ci	T	Y	C	ol	1	CIL		
		5		-	_	-	-	rd.		

Niemeyer (Pop.) 339
Total vote
Second Ward.
PLURALITY OF SNYDER (DEM.,) 140.
Burns (Rep.)       901         Synder (Dem.)       1041         Townsend (Pro.)       48
Total vote
Third Ward. MAJORITY OF MUNSON (REP.,) 424.

Total .vote
Fourth Ward. MAJORITY OF KINGERY (REP.) 383.
Kingery (Rep.)       919         Attle (Pro.)       79         Accann (Ind.)       457
Total vote1455
Fifth Ward.
MAJORITY OF TEED (REP.,) 97.

Scofield (Dem.) 250 McArthur (Pro.) 18	M
Total vote 633	g
Sixth Ward.  MAJORITY OF PESSELL (DEM.,) 231.	
Walsh (Rep.)	1
Total vote	2

otal vote	
Seventh Ward.	1
ohm (Rep.) 825 man (DemPop.) 874 nes (Pro.) 66 binson (Ind.) 76	
otal vote1841	
Eighth Ward. PLURALITY OF SAVAGE (DEM.) 118.	

MOST PERFECT MADE. A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.



#### IAS THE WARMEST CLIMATE

S-eker ments.	Pleasure S-eker	riety of ements	-	
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and health-restoring atmosphere

side resort in Tourist America.

Coronado Agency, 199 North Spring Ninth Ward.

#### PLURALITY OF BLANCHARD (REP.,) 316 Total vote ...... 887 BOARD OF EDUCATION.

# First Ward. MAJORITY OF KENNEDY (REP.,) 270. Kennedy (Rep.) 614 Frick (Dem.) 263 Dean (Pop.) 37 Clark, (Pro.) 44

Total vote ...... 958 Second Ward. MAJORITY OF WILLS, (REP.,) 4.

Third Ward.

Fifth Ward. MAJORITY OF HALE (REP.,) 184. 

Total vote ...... 620 Sixth Ward. MAJORITY OF BASSETT (REP.,) 44. 
 Bassett (Rep.)
 522

 Meyers (Dem.)
 264

 Pomeroy (Pro.)
 36

 Proctor (Pop.)
 178

Total vote ......1000 Seventh Ward. PLURALITY OF GRUBB (REP.,) 342. 
 Grubb (Rep.)
 944

 Bichorn (Dem.)
 602

 Henderson (Pro.)
 559

 Tournoux (Pop)
 219
 

Eighth Ward. PLURALITY OF FULTON (POP.,) 31. 

 McInerney (Dem.)
 579

 Fulton (Pop.)
 610

 Lewis (Pro.)
 117

 

Ninth Ward. MAJORITY OF SIMONTON (REP.,) 607 Total vote ......825

THE SINGLE TAXERS. A Largely-attended Meeting Held Last Evening.

The Single-tax Club meeting in Blanchard-Fitzgerald Music Hall last evening drew a large audience. A pape: by William S. Creighton, advocating the organization of the M.P.A., as astire on the A.P.A., was read, then followed the discussion of the subject of the evening, "The Problem of the Unemployed, and its Solution." Several representatives of the idle and of labor organizations addressed the meeting, and set forth the necessity for immediate relief to the needy, and advocated experation and the reduction of the Lours of labor, as the only means of giving work to tion and the reduction of the Leurs of labor, as the only means of giving work to all. The single-taxers suggested for immediate relief the adoption of the Detroit plan of allowing the use of the vacant and in the city for temporary cultivation by the unemployed, and the construction, without delay, of such public improvements as might be needed in the near future. The reason for such vast numbers of idle people lay in the denial of access to natural resources. The arbitrary reduction of the hours of labor, the abolition of machinery, the taxing of capital or the issue of money will not offer a solution of the trouble; that can only be obtained by abolishing land monopoly as the single tax will of.

Baptist Ministers.

Baptist Ministers.

The Baptist Ministers' Association convened at the First Baptist Church Monday—at 10:30 o'clock. There was a large number of pastors and visiting brethren present owing to the report that Evangelist Pratt would speak. After scripture reading and prayer, Rev. Pratt gave a strong address on "The Relation of Evangelists to the Church and Pastor."

Mr. Pratt will commence a union meeting of the East side churches at the Congregational Church tonight.

Awarded Highest Henors-World's Fair. DR



# T. Sheward

113-115 N. Spring St.

THERE has never been a time in the history of Los Angeles when you could buy goods so cheap as you can now; provided you have the money to pay for them. You never saw the time that you could buy a cloak as cheap as you can now at our big cut in the prices; provided at all times that you can pay spot cash for your cloak. This is not guess work or hearsay. We are unloading all goods in the Cloak Department at a big reduction from the regularmarked price. Not one cloak, but all cloaks; all capes and all furs. If you want to buy a cloak or a cape, or anything else in the dry-goods line, and you have no money to pay for them, we can't sell you. Other houses will, but you will pay dear for the accommodation. It is not a question whether you are worth \$1 or \$100,000, your credit is not as good as your cash in this house or in any other house in this city. This cannot be refuted. There is a patent-medicine war among the druggists in this city. They are selling these medicines for less than cost. They would be as green as a gourd if they would sell you these medicines at cost and put it on the books and wait a year for their money. Just so with this cloak war. Our prices are on the same basis as the patent-medicine war. The cash must come with the sale in every instance. You know how it is: People will agree to pay you next week; if you get your money in a year you are lucky. The price in the cloak room is the inducement. The original price is on each garment, and from this we will give you the biggest discount you ever heard of. If you want to look; come in. We will show you with pleasure. If you want to buy, bring the money with you; then you can talk with confidence and get a price that will do you good. Elegant canes free with a \$5 purchase. What is true of cloaks is true of dress goods. We are unloading wills, (Rep.) 973 is true of cloaks is true of dress goods. We are sure in the next year to come. On the first day of January the PLURALITY OF GARLAND, (REP.,) 217. new tariff will take effect. A big reduction will then be Garland (Rep.) 852
Stephens (Dem.) 635
Elliott (Pop.) 159
Brodbeck (Pro.) 80

Brodbeck (Pro.) 80

Brodbeck (Pro.) 80

So prices now on dress goods that will be given then. way to do business, and it will pay you to consider this fact. Some may tell you that they will sell you just as cheap and charge it to you. They won't, and you know it. They can't.

> Do you read our Daily Changed

# CRYSTAL PALACE,

138, 140 AND 142 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

The Leading Crockery House of Southern California. Magnificent display of New

Goods in all departments. Cut Glassware. Haviland China. Banquet and Piano Lamps Silver-plated Ware. Clocks, etc., etc.

LARGE SMALL

95c 25c 48c

COMPLETE COMPLETE. COMPLETE Come early and secure best pick MEYBERG BROS.

It's Pure!

That's Sure! Senator Leland Stanford's Sold by all first-class dealers a druggists.

H. J. WOOLLACOTT,

124-126 N. Spring Street, Los Angeles, Cal. Distillery office, Room 3, 819 Market st., San Francisco, Cal

# C. LAUX CO., Druggists, 142 South Spring Street.

CUT PRICES ON ALL PATENT MEDICINES. Our Extract Orange Blossoms, which is obtaining a national reputation, will make a very appropriate Hollday Gift to send East. Come and sample it.

DO YOU KEEP HENS? Sturte-Roup Pills vant's Cures Roup, Swell Head, Diphtheria, Canker, Gapes, etc. Egg Food

Imported Steam and Domestic Coal-

Banning Company, COLUMBIAN COAL - - 58 PER TON
Delivered in bulk.
TELEPHONES - - 36 and 104 130 West Second Street.

F. C. STURTEVANT.



Hydrocele, Varicocele.

Off & Vaughn's

Popular prices for drugs have taken the town. The people are taking the Cor. Spring and Fourth streets. PHONE 491.

TO THE YOUNG FACE Pozzoni's Complexion Powder gives fresheacharms, to the old renewed youth. Try it

Many Wonderful Cures. Dr. Hong Soi, Chinese physician and surgeon, has successfully treated many patients unable to get relief from other physicians. He is the sixth generation of doctors in his family, having graduated and received his diploma from the medical schools of Canten He has made many wonderful cures of consumption, rheumatism, asthma, catarrh, kidney and liver troubles, and all other diseases. Dr. Hong Sol uses only herb medicales and no poisonous drugs. All diseases carefully and correctly diagnosed by feeling the pulse.

Many testimonials at his office of many many testimonials at his office of many testimonials at his office

Dr. Hong Soi, 338 S. Broadway Los Angeles, Cal.

FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY.

atest imported Trimmed Bonnets, eathers, Fancy Embr'id'ries and tings. Pariors 8 and o. Bryson Bi ake MRS. FORSTER HUBE

# 418,175!

teed Circulation at Various Period Since August, 1890.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS

ANGELES, SS.

Personally appeared before me, H. G. Otis, seident and general manager of the Timesirror Company, who, being duly sworn, deses and says that the daily records and 
easaroom reports of the office show that the 
ma fide average daily editions of The Times 
r the months given below were as follows; 
e gross and the net circulation for Novemr, 1894, being each stated separately;

\*\*August 1890 (month) of the

For August, 1890 (month of the printers' strike) 6,713 copies For January, 1891 8,389
For July, 1891 8,657
For July, 1892 9,938
For July, 1892 10,788
For July, 1893 11,715
For July, 1893 12,541
For July, 1894 (net) 13,193
For August, 1894 (net) 12,653
For September, 1894 (net) 12,601
For October, 1894 (net) 12,518
For November, 1894 (net) 13,799
H. G. OTIS. August, 1890 (month of the

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st ay of November, 1894. (Seal) J. C. OLIVER, Notary Public in and for Los Angeles County State of California

#### November Statement in Detail. Aggregate printed in Nov.......418,175

Net daily average circulated..... 13,799 Net increase over October, daily average, 231 copies. Our guaranteed circulation ex-seeds the combined circulation of all other Los Angeles daily newspapers.

NOTE.—Attention is directed to the fact that the NET as well as the GROSS circulation of THE TIMES is shown regularly in these monthly statements. The "returns" are habit ually small, but are always carefully reported and deducted from the gross circulation. The natural fluctuation, up and

circulation. The natural fluctuation, up and down, according to the times and;seasons, is thus truly exhibited.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation, both gross and net, weekly, monthly and yearly, during the past several years. Advertisers have the right to know the NET CIRCULATION of the medium which seeks their humanss, and this THE

#### · LINERS. One Cent a Word for Each Insertion.

PETTY, HUMMEL & CO.,
EMPLOYMENT AGENTS,
300-302 W. Second st., in basement
California Bank Building.
Tel. No. 509.
(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m.,
except Sundays.

except Sundays.

The election is over and there is one hing sure, that whoever else has been lefeated, that Petty, Hummel & Co. are lected. The people long since have voted are agency the best place in all Southern lailfornia to get help, good help, and good lelp promptly. We came near missing an propruintity to vote yesterday because of the tremendous rush of business. Our ousless is growing day by day in scope of aironage. Our attention to business, our bility to handle our customers' business to their satisfaction, is giving us almost verybody for a patron. Join in the prosession.

erybody for a patron. Join in the prossion.

Man for livery barn, \$15 to \$20 etc.; man
ed to shoe factory work; young man for
eat market, \$20 etc.; experienced orchard
an; 2 short-order cooks, \$30 etc.; good
ound cook for small hotel, \$35 etc.

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.
German or Swede girl, city, \$20; woman
r housework who can milk 1 cow, city,
5; girl to assist, \$10; fart-class housegirl,
ty, must have city references, \$20; O. K.
acc, city, German preferred, city referaces, \$20; light place, city, \$30; second
rl, city, \$10; German man greater of the cook
rl, city, \$20; parties in office
10 a.m.; girl to assist, \$10; seamstress,
ty, \$25, Protestant; laundress, city, \$25,
rotestant.

PETTY, HUMMEL & CO.

PETTY, HUMMEL & CO. PETTY, HUMMEL & CO.

WANTED—A STEADY, RELIABLE MAN
to take charge of a stock ranch; good
wages and steady employment to a competent man. Call at or address room No.
7. No. 343½ S. SPRING ST.

WANTED—SHEEP HERDER, DECORAtor, vulcanizer, traveling salesman, teamater, confectioner, ranchman, bushel-man
EDWARD NITTINGER, 319½ S. Spring. 6

WANTED—HONEST YOUNG MAN TO

LOW 14, interest in good paying store busi-WANTED — HONEST YOUNG MAN buy ½ interest in good paying store h ness; must have \$325. Inquire 448 SPRING.

WANTED—4 YOUNG MEN TO OCCUPY A large room with 2 beds, stove and bath free; first-class. Apply 209 SECOND, cor. Hull.

HIII.

WANTED— AN EXPERIENCED PACKER;
none other need apply. BISHOP & CO.,
110 N. Los Angeles.

WANTED.— SASH MAKER. APPLY LOS
ANGELES PLANING MILL CO., 520 San
Pedro st., city. WANTED— CLOTHING CUTTER; MUST be young man. Address W 100, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED - STONE-CUTTERS; STEADY job. Address NORMAL SCHOOL, Tempe, Ariz.

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED CLOAK
salesman. Address BOX 156, Monrovia.

WANTED—
Help, Female.

WANTED — STENOGRAPHER, STATION
ery saleslady, telegrapher, waitresses, plar
macist, housework, housekeeper, office worl
EDWARD NITTINGER, 3194, S. Spring, 4

\*\*THE PRIVATELY PRESENT.\*\* WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, FRENCH OF Spanish A1 cook; excellent situation for proper person. Apply at \$26 W. WASHING TON ST.

WANTED— DRESSMAKERS, IMMEDIATE ly, a number of first-class waist and skir hands, at 348 S. BROADWAY. WANTED - HOTEL AND HOUSEHOLA help. MRS. SCOTT & MISS M'CARTHY 1014 S. Broadway. Tel. 819. WANTED - EXPERIENCED CLOAK AND suit saleslady. Address W, box 98, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — BOSTON FEMALE EMPLOY-MENT AGENCY, 353 S. Broadway. WANTED - BOSTON FEMALE EMPLOY MENT AGENCY, 335 S. Broadway. 8

WANTED— Help, Male and Female WANTED DESIRABLE PERSONS TO take rooms, furnished or unfurnished, on installments. THE ROCHESTER, 1012 Temple st.

# WANTED-HELP FREE AND WORK. E. NITTINGER, 5194, S. Spring, Tel 112 WANTED-

WANTED — PARTNER WITH BUSINESS ability and moderate capital to take half interest in established photographic business; object, to extend the business. Address K, box 7, TIMES OFFICE. WANTED-A PARTNER IN A BUSINESS that will pay \$20 per day; \$1000 required Address K, box 14, TIMES OFFICE. 4

MANTED-

VANTED-BY A GENTLEMAN WHO IN-tends spending the winter in Los Angeles, a Rad a nice, quiet and comfortable, sunny fundament room in a good part of the city; and the company of the city;

WANTED-

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG MAN with some experience, in grocery business; any kind respectable employment; references and security. Address K, box 2, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED-SITUATION BY GERMAN MAN and wife without children; first-class gar-dener, pruner and general work; wife first-class cook and for general housework. 325 E. THIRD ST. E. THIRD ST.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN OF 19, POSItion in grocery business; has experience;
comes well recommended; lives with parents. Address W, box 55, TIMES OF-

WANTED-BY A YOUNG MAN, POSITION WANTED — A SITUATION BY AN EDU-cated young man; prefer some outdoor work; best of references given. Address K, box 13, TIMES OFFICE.

MANTED — POSITION BY JAPANESE AS a family cook; Pasadena, Riverside or vicinity preferred. Communicate UMON, 201 Commercial st.

WANTED — SITUATION BY A SOBER, economical white man cook, ranch or small restaurant. Address K, box 4, TIMES OFFICE.

FICE. 5

WANTED—WORK BY GOOD CARPENTER: competent, and willing to take contract. Address L, box 89, TIMES OFFICE. 6

WANTED— SITUATION BY GOOD JAPA-nese cook, city or country; has references. Address K, box 15, TIMES OFFICE. 5 WANTED-POSITION IN A HOTEL OR family by Japanese laundryman. AVY-AINA, 819 Santee st. 4 AINA, 819 Santee st.

WANTED—POSITION BY JAPANESE TO
do housework, wash windows, 5c each. F.
F. 819 SANTEE ST.

WANTED—OFFICE WORK OF ANY
kinc: good references. A. W. GRIFFIN,
648 S. Spring.

WANTED-POSITION BY ENGLISH GOVerness; accustomed to entire charge, care,
education, young children; long experience
in France; good French, music, thorough
seamatress. Address W, box 28, TIMES
OFFICE:

OFFICE.

WANTED — COMPETENT WOMAN WITH child 7-years old destree a position as house-keeper or some position of trust. Address W, box 78, TIMES OFFICE. 4 WANTED SITUATION BY A COMPETENT German girl; is a first-class cook; would take general housework in small family. O, box 1, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — MARQUERITE RALSTON, will you please give me your correct ad-dress? Could not find you. L. M. S., TIMES OFFICE.

TIMES OFFICE. 4

WANTED — BY A WOMAN, PLACE AS housekeeper or nurse; good manager and willing to work. Address K, box 10, TIMES OFFICE. 4 WANTED — BY FASHIONABLE DRESS-maker, work by day, or suits made at home: satisfaction guaranteed. 223 N.

WANTED - BY COMPETENT WOMAN, A situation as cashier, book-keeper or general office work. Address W, box 66, TIMES OF-FICE. WANTED-BY A GERMAN GIRL, PLACE as plain cook or general housework; wel recommended. 244½ E. FIRST ST., room 15. 15. 4
WANTED— MISS M. D. IRISH, DRESS-maker, 834 S. OLIVE ST.; cutting and fiting a specialty; \$1.75 per day. 10
WANTED— GOOD COOK AND LAUNdess wants situation. Call 321½ W. FOURTH ST., room 17.

# WANTED—SITUATION BY EXPERIENCED girl to do second work. Call 1043 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED-

WANTED—WE HAVE A CUSTOMER FOR a 3 or 4-room house in vicinity of Main and Washington sts; also for a lot bet. Main and Figueroa, 22d and 30th sts; another for a nice lot, southwest; list your property with us. SMITH & O'BRIEN, 14 S. Broadway.

WANTED — AND IF YOU WISH TO GET the highest price spot cash for any furniture send card to RED RICE'S, corner N. Main st. and Plaza.

WANTED—TO BUY OR RENT A WAGON suitable for peddling; who has it? Answer today. K, box 17, TIMES OFFICE. 4

WANTED—FOR CASH, ALL KINDS OF second-hand goods; 617 S. Spring st.

# WANTED- To Rent.

WANTED-DESIRABLE HOUSES TO RENT. furnished or unfurnished: I have frequent calls for well-located, desirable houses to rent; special attention will be given to the rental of such properties if listed with us. HENRY A. DARLING, 242 S. Broadway. 3
WANTED-TO RENT A 4-ROOM HOUSE or part of a house, unfurnished, southwest, not too far out, in a good neighborhood, for 2 people, this week, Address T., 1622 SANTEE ST., city.

WANTED-TO RENT FOR 3 OR 4 MONTHS a furnished or unfurnished house by a family of adults; vicinity of Westlake Park preferred. Address K, box 5, TIMES OFFICE.

FICE.

WANTED — TO RENT A 6 TO 10-ROOM
house, furnished or unfurnished, Boyle
Heights preferred; state price and location.
Address K, box 8, TIMES OFFICE. 5 for light housekeeping near Broadway and Sixth. Apply CREAMERY, 610 S. Broad-

WANTED—TO RENT SMALL NEW COT-tage, conveniently located. Apply M.DON ALD CO., 123 W. Second.

## WANTED-

WANTED—CANVASSERS FOR "LISTS OF TAYAPAYER" OF TAYAPAYER" OF LOS Angeles, San Diego, San Bernardino, Riverside and Orange counties, just issued by The Times; 6 volumes; official and very useful information, never heretofore appearing in print; indiapenable to business men; exclusive territorial rights for sale to reliable men. Apply TIMES BUILDING.

BUILDING.

WANTED—AGENTS, EITHER SEX, FOR first-class office or household articles. Address or call J. OTIS BROWN, 644 S. Spring st. 

## WANTED-

WANTED— 2 OR 3 ADULTS, NO CHIL-dren, to care for school building in ex-change for rent; references required. Cal 2 to 3 p.m., 416 W. TENTH ST. 4 WANTER — A SPRING WAGON IN EX-change for carpenter work. Address 1658 Temple st. or call 433 N. Bonnie Brae. JAMES M. ERWIN. WANTED — DESIRABLE PERSONS TO take furnished or unturnished rooms on invitalments. THE ROCHESTER, 1012 Temple st.

WANTED—3 OR 4 FURNISHED ROOMS for housekeeping in exchange for upright plane. Address I.

for housekeeping in exchange for upright plane. Address L, box 98, TIMES OF FICE.

FICE.

WANTED— HOUSES TO BUILD BY ROBT.

D. COATES, building contractor, 284 S.

Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

WANTED— HORSE AND BUGGY IN EXchange for good upright plano. Address
L. box 95, TIMES OFFICE. WANTED - GOOD COTTON RAGS FOR Wiping machinery. Call at TIMES PRESS-ROOM, 7:30 a.m. ROOM, 7:30 a.m.

FOR BALE—A VALUABLE PATENT THAT will come into general use. Address BOX 871, Pasadena.

WANTED— PIANO IN EXCHANGE FOR lot. Address K, box 3, TIMES OFFICE. 10 WANTED - OAK OFFICE TABLE AND roll-top desk. 203 W. THIRD ST. 4

SUPERFUUOUS HAIR, MOLES, ETC., PER-manently removed by electricity. MRS. SHINNICK, 94 and 96, Potomac Block. BHINNICK, 94 and 98. Potomac Block.

DR. B. G. COLLINS, OPTHALMIC OPTIcian, with the L. A. Optical Institute; eyes
examined free. 125 S. SPRING ST. DR. A. O. CONRAD—DISEASES OF THE ear, cose, throat. Hours 3 to 4. Rooms at 318 87 Stimson Bidg.

FOR SALE-City Lots and Land.
FOR SALE- GRIDER & DOWREAL ESTATE

REAL ESTATE

And

INVESTMENT BROKERS,
1034 S. Broadway.

\$125 buys a nice building lot on 29th, ½
block of the electric cars, on installments,
\$175 each for 2 lots on 28th st. close to
the electric cars,
\$200—Lot 50x150, south of Adams st. and
just west of the Harper tract; owner is
compelled to sell.
\$350—Building lot 50 feet front, covered
with header. compelled to sell. \$350—Building lot 50 feet front, covered with bearing trees, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ block of electric cars on 14th st. \$225—Building lot on Central ave., cement walk and curb, street graded, near Adams st.

\$25—Building lot on Central ave., cement walk and curb, street graded, near Adams st. \$400—50-foot lot on 27th st., close to the electric cars; street graded, cement walks and curbs. \$475—Lot 50x150 on 28th st., 100 feet wide and graded, 6-foot cement walk and curbs, palm trees planted, \( \frac{1}{2}\) block of the electric cars; see this lot before you buy. \$500—Fine building lot on Adams st., 50x 150, \( \frac{1}{2}\) block of the electric cars, cement walks and curbs; see this. \$750 buys a 50-foot lot on 20th st., close to Figueroa st. \$750 buys a 50-foot lot on 20th st., close to Figueroa st. \$100—each buys 4 lots on Fifth st., one a corner, close to the Arcade Depot. \$100—Lovely 6-foom cottage just south of the city, lot 50x150; nice hedge; lot set to bearing fruits and berries; roses and flowers in great profusion; worth \$1200.

\$1000—Lovely 6-room, double bay-window cottage, \( \frac{1}{2}\) block of electric cars; street graded and sprinkled; cement walks and curbs; on easy payments.

\$1500—Nice 6-room cottage, in 1 block of the electric cars; lawn and flowers; only \$1500.

\$2000—Lovely 6-room new colonial cottage; reception hall, plate-glass door, hot and cold water, bath, pantry and closests, piped for gas; lovely mantel and grate; all conveniences; street graveled; cement walks; close-to the electric cars; will sell this fine cottage at a great bargain and on easy payment.

to the electric cars; will sell this fine cottage at a great bargain and on easy payments.

\$1200—With a small cash payment down, balance in small monthly payments, we will build you a lovely 5-room cottage on a 50-foot lot; street graveled, cement walks and curbs; within 1 block of electric cars; why pay rent when with the money you pay rent you can own your own home? See us before you buy.

\$275—Lovely home of 32 acres; 7 acres set to bearing lemons; variety of other fruits; 3 acres to strawberries; water piped; fine 5-room residence, good barn and outbuildings; only few hundred yards from railroad station, 20 minutes' ride to the city; owner is compelled to sell at a sacrifice on account of ill health; price for a few weeks, \$275 per acre, on easy forms.

\$2500—5 acres adjoining the city limits on the south, set solid to 18-year-old oranges and walnuts, with house and improvements; must be sold to satisfy mortgage.

\$5000—20 acres, flighly improved, within 12 miles of the city; 4 acres in navel oranges, 10 acres in deciduous fruits; waterright goes with the land; good 3-room house, barn and outbuildings; choice selection of roses and ornamental plants and flowers.

\$55 to \$200 per acre for choice fruit and farming lands, 1 mile outside the city, close to the electric road, in tracts to suit, on easy terms.

to the electric road, in tracts to suit, on easy terms.

FOR EXCHANGE.

For a vacant lot, nice '1-room cottage, good stable and outbuildings lawn and flowers; lot 95x135, a corner.

5. acres set solid to bearing oranges; 5-room cottage, water piped; for vacant lots in the city; 40 acres of fine farming land south of the city for a residence here.

We have improved properties in Riverside, Orange, San Diego, San Bernardino and Los Angeles counties. See us before you buy. Free carriage from our office, Tel. 1299.

GRIDER & DOW,

4 109% S. Broadway.

FOR SALE-BY JOHN H. COXE, 207 S. Broadway.

Lot on 30th st. at your own price; lo-cated bet. Main and Grand ave.

44 acres, highly improved, including horses, cow, chickens, farm implements, in fact everything complete to go right on; water in abundance; it is without doubt one of the finest places in Southern California; income last year, \$3700.

A handsome residence in the city at a great sacrifice.

100 feet on First st.; will be sold at your own figures; owner desires to leave the blooming country; you should make a rush for this; you will never regret it.

Corner on W. Seventh st., with improve nents; is decidedly low at the price asked

Property on Broadway is going up rapidly; buy before it goes up out of sight; parties with limited capital will do well to invest now.

Make me an offer on a large house lot on First st.; don't be afraid; you get it at any reasonable offer.

Make an offer on lot 77x300 and 8-room house on W. Washington st.; owner lives East and desires to get rid of same; can be bought very low for cash.

JOHN H. COXE, 207 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL LOTS, 70x217, ON Portland st., bet. Adams and 28th; this is positively the finest property in the city.

Lot 100x145 in the Harper tract; if you are looking for something good, see me at are looking for something good, see the stones.

Good lot on W. Pico st; you ought to see this lot at \$850.

Only 4 lots left on beautiful W. Beach st; this is one of the 80-foot streets, and some day you will wish for a lot on it; lots 50x160 to alley, only \$1000.

I have one of the finest homes in the city for sale; all new, and neat as a pin; lot 115x160 to alley and a corner.

E. A. MILLER,

227 W. First st.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL TRUSTEES'S SALE, large lots on and near electric carline in Sycamore Grove tract, \$75.00 to \$250.00, cash or installment; villa lots and acreage close to electric carline in beautiful Highland View tract, prices low, terms reasonable. I. H. PRESTON, TRUSTEE, No. 217 New High street, city.

FOR SALE—A SPECIAL BARGAIN AS AN investment to hold a short time or subdivide into lots, is now offered in 11 acres in the southwest portion of our city; on two car lines; choice resident location; also 4 acres in the oil district, near Second-st. Park. JOHN F. HUMPHREYS, 109 S. Broadway.

Broadway.

FOR SALE—4350; \$15 MONTHLY. 2 LOTS, Kohler st. near Seventh; also lovely new house, 5 rooms and bath \$1500; also 6 rooms, bath, \$1850; also 10 acres best irrigated fruit land, \$25,50 an acre-\$10 cash, 8 yearly payments, 6 per cent.; also 60 acres, East San Gabriel, \$18,500. W. J. FISHER, 227 W. Second st.

Geond st.

Second st.

Second

FOR SALE—CORNER LOT IN OIL BELT.
very cheap; must be sold immediately;
make offer. S. K. LINDLEY, 106 Broad-FOR SALE-5 ACRES, CLOSE IN: FIN-est soll for fruit or alfalfa; plenty of water.

FOR SALE-LOT FOR \$500 ON IMPROVED street, close to W. 28d. Electric and Estrella aves. 502130; \$150 less than real value. Address X. box 60, TIMES OF-FICE. FIGS.

FOR SALE — FOR BARGAINS IN LOTS and small acreage, call on or address LLOYD & OLIVER, N.W. cor. Wesley ave. and 37th st., University, Cal.

and 37th st., University, Cal.

FOR SALE — 2 LOTS, PROMINENT CORner on Temple st., at the surprisingly low
price of \$1000. CARTER & BEECHER, 228
S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—IF YOU WANT A BARGAIN
on 18th st., see me Monday; lot 46x120 to
alley. only \$350. E. A. MILLER, 227 W.
First st.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN; GRAND AVE.,
close in; also very desirable lots from \$200
up. MATT COPELAND, 112% S. Broadway.

FOR SALE-\$1000 WILL BUY A LOT ON Adams st. near Main if taken in 1 week. A. C. SHAFER. FOR SALE - OIL LOTS FOR SALE AND lease. F. L. MATTHAY & CO., 1311 Court st.

FOR SALE—
Country Property.
FOR SALE—

SPECIAL SALE OF FORE-CLOSED PROPERTIES! Exceptional bargains in city, suburban and country properties, by HENRY A. DARLING,— 242 S. Broadway, For the owners.

I am authorized by the owners to sell the following properties, acquired under foreclosure, regardless of values, to close out immediately; perfect titles,

20 acres at North Ontario, near Euclid ave, and the Santa Fe Raliroad depot; the home of the orange, lemon and olive; soil of the best; near highly-improved proper-ties; authorized to accept \$500 for the whole properties.

100 feet frontage, S. Fair Oaks ave., Pasadena, near Raymond Hotel, Santa Fe and Terminal depots, and on the new electric, line from Los Angelés to Pasadena; street, graded, etc., and property connected with sewer; buildings on property consist of 6-troom rustle cottages, 1 small office building, 1 barn 14x16, 1 building 14x45 now used as a laundry; property now returns about

640 acres good alfalfa land near Delano, Tulare county, Cal.; fine artes[an well, fruit orchard, etc.; cheap ranch-house, barn, etc.; suitable for a fine stock or dairy ranch; was appraised when loan was made at \$12, 600; for immediate sale for \$3200 (\$5 p.

One of the best manufacturing sites in the city, on N. Main st., at a great bar-gain; price upon application.

20 or 40 acres in the San Fernando Val-ley near Chatsworth Park, near the new line of railway; finest grade of soil; ad-joining lands have been recently soid at \$100 per acre; authorized to accept net \$40 per acre.

Improved income business property on Downey ave. 32% feet frontage, corner lot, covered with buildings; for immediate safe, will accept \$5500 net.

10-room house and bath on Bellevue ave. choice location; was appraised at \$3500 price net \$3000.

One of the finest ranches in Riverside county, Cal., for real merit and profit; within 2 miles of the business center of Riverside, on county road; about 140 acres; nearly 10,000 fruit trees in prime bearing condition; apricots, peaches, prunes, etc.; especially choice land for alfalfa; ranchouse, large bara, etc.; everything in running order; 1 inch of water for each acre; authorized to sell at one-half the appraised value at time loan was made; a certain income proposition, paying very large returns on investment.

Special attention is paid to high-grade residence and business properties in this city and at Pasadena. Particular attention invited at this time to several choice residence properties lo-cated in Pasadena.

HENRY A. DARLING, Investment of Capital, Loans, 243 S. Broadway, L. A. Reference, First Endonal Bank of Lo Angeles.

FOR SALE-88 ACRES; 58 TO ALFALFA; 65 shares water stock; 7-room house; 3 ar-tesian wells, barn, crib and stable; \$100 per acre; or will sell 40 acres with im-provements for \$125 per acrs.

provements for \$125. per acre.

40 acres, northeast of Downey; no better land in this valley; 5 to 10-year-old soft-shell walnuts, 5 to 10-year-old soft-shell walnuts, 5 to 10-year-old apricots and prunes; 4-room house, barn, crib and stable; \$162.50 per acre.

1 acre in Downey, 2-room cottage, under good fence, \$250 cash.

105 acres; 40 to alfalfs, balance corn, barley, alfalfs or pasture land; all fenced and cross-fenced; 2 small houses; \$35 per acre; ½ cash, balance 1, 2 and 3 years.

Look out for another dry season. Do not be deceived.

We have more water for irrigating than any place in California; within a radius of 8 miles we have 17 water companies; water costs 8 1-3c per hour for full head of water.

FOR SALE — FIRST-CLASS ORANGE

FOR SALE — FIRST-CLASS ORANGE county clive land.
\$15,000-1500 acres; ½ cash, ½ time; plenty water and fenced.
\$13,670-1367 acres; ½ cash, ½ time; plenty water. water.

4000 acres, suitable for colony, adjoining 2 stations and a thriving town on California Southern Railroad; plenty water, fenced; easy terms. Apply only by letter.

D. WHITING, 9 Room 7, Burdick Block.

P Room 7, Burdick Block.
FOR SALE—JUST WHAT YOU ARE LOOK.
Ing for; fruit lands in Ventura county, of
the highest quality, on terms to suit the
times, at from \$25 to \$50 per acre; teptimes making immediate improvements, if
annual payments; no cash down; you will
regret it if you lose this opportunity. For
full particulars, address F. H. VALLETTE,
Pasadena, or L. A. ROSS, agent, 207 W.
30th st., Los Angeles.

30th st., Los Angeles.

FOR SALE—ORANGE RANCH 10 ACRES, commencing to bear, house, water piped, grapes and deciduous fruit, for family; 2 miles from Riverside, \$8500; 10 acres 1 year old, water piped; 3 miles from Riverside, 1 mile from Bloomington, \$700; terms to suit. Los Angeles or Riverside residence property as part payment. T. A. MORRI-SON, Owner, Riverside, Cal. FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—FINEST RESidence in North Ontario; I acre of ground,
set to oranges and lemons; trees full of
fruit; house 7 rooms; hot and cold water,
heated with furnace; all in first-class order;
will take in exchange lot in Los Angeles
for part payment, balance cash; price \$3000,
Address T. FULKERSON, North Ontario,
Cal.

FOR SALE - CORN, ALFALFA AND sugar-beet land; abundance of water; \$5 to \$30 per acre. 1356 S. Spring st.

FOR SALE — AN ALFALFA AND CORN ranch, fenced, buildings, flowing well; rich, level, damp soil; a sacrifice at \$30 per acre; near school and railroad. JOHN F. HUMPHREYS, 109 S. Broadway. FOR SALE-140 ACRES GOOD LAND ON west side of Ontario at a great bargain; reasonable time; a good chance to make money by subdividing. EDWARD FRASER, No. 216 S. Broadway. FOR SALE-5 ACRES VERY FINE LAND; 2 acres berries, balance affaifa; this is a bargain; if you want acreage, call and see our list. SMITH & O'BRIEN, 147 S. Broadway. FOR SALE-GREAT BARGAINS IN FORE-

FOR SALE-

FOR SALE-\$2500; 5 ACRES IN ORANGE a year old, in South Pasadena; water abundance; must sell because of ill had J. S. LA FARY, owner, South Pasadena. J. S. LA FARY, owner, South Passadena.
FOR SALE—CHEAP HOMES, SUPERIO fruit land, watered by Lake Hemet Wate Co. system, the largest in So. Cal. Ca HEMET LAND CO. Baker Block, L. A.
FOR SALE—435; AS GOOD LAND AS AN in California, on railroad, for \$35 per acr No saloons. Write at once to SAN MAI COS LAND CO., San Diego, Cal. FOR SALE - FOR FIRST-CLASS FRUIT, grain or aifaifa lands, with water, in any size tracts, write BISHOP BROS., owners, Tulare, Cal.

Tulare, Cal.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE, 11 AGRES, house, barn, near city, Particulars, call 502 SOLANO AVE., near Buena Vista st. FOR SALE—25c PER ACRE BUYS RELIN-quishment 640 acres level land. DAY & CLARK, 1194 S. Spring. FOR SALE—

That new French cottage of 8 rooms that we are building on northwest corner Zist and Toberman will be finished in white pine with all modern conveniences, and sold with lot. 45x1174, for \$3300, very easy terms; this includes sewer connections, sidewalks and lawn.

HAGAN, PEREZ & CO., 8

123 W. Third st.

FOR SALE—\$1500; 5-ROOM MODERN COT-tage; hall, bath; lot 50x140, fenced; stable, etc.; southwest; \$200 cash, balance \$20 monthly; fine location. TAYBOR, 102 Broadway.

FOR SALE-3 NEW 3-ROOM COTTAGES-

FOR SALE—3 NEW 3-ROOM COTTAGES—1 14-room cottage.
5 new 5-room cottages.
Ranches all sizes, on the installment plan and easy terms.
10-room house, good location, to let to good party.

SMITH BROS.,
145 S. Broadway, city.

FOR SALE—\$2750; NEW 6-ROOM MODERN colonial cottage; hall, bath, mantel, patent water-closet; marble-top washstand, piped for gas, hot and cold water, stone walks, situated con-ejectric car line; 200 feet of Adams at; the finest location in city; \$500 cash, balance monthly. TAYLOR, 102 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A FINE LOT SOUTHEAST OF Westlake Park on a long, wide street, all graded and sidegwalked, with rows of palms, on the street car line; elegant improvements in all directions; beautiful place for a home, and very cheap; price \$500. Mr GARVIN & BRONSON, 2504, S. Spring st.

FOR SALE—A NEW 5-ROOM COTTAGE

M'GARVIN & BRONSON, 2204 S. Spring st.

FOR SALE — A NEW 5-ROOM COTTAGE with bath, handsome mantel and grate; furnished if desired; barn, young trees and flowers; on car line, convenient to business; price low, easy terms. CARTER & BEECHER, 328 S. Broadway.

\$6590-FOR SALE—BARGAIN IN INCOME property, in center; 245-story house, elegantly finished, 15 rooms, bathrooms, closets, etc.; paying now \$60 month; must have \$3000 cash; owner means business. C. C. LAMB, 213 W. First st.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN; MUST BE SOLD at once; a beautiful, furnished house of 7 rooms, all modern improvements, and in best part of city; only ½ block from Grandave, cabe line. Apply at once at PREMISES, 400 W. 30th st. ISES, 400 W. 30th st.
FOR SALE—A BARGAIN; MUST BE SOLD
at once; beautiful furnished house of 7
rooms, all modern improvements, best
part of city, only ½ block from cable cars.
Inquire at house, 460 W. THIRTIETH ST.,
Monday, December 3.

\$550-FOR SALE-4-ROOM HOUSE, LOT fox150, on Central ave.; walk, trees, hedge, lawn, etc.; all clear; worth \$1200; must sell. Address OWNER, Times office.

FOR SALE — A HOME IN EVERY ACCEP-tation of the term at Pasadena, in the midst of foliage and flowers of the choicest variety; 2 acres of ground; price \$7000, easy terms. CARTER & BEECHER, 328 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE — 4-ROOM, HARD-FINISHED cuttage, cement walks, ½ block from electric cars; lawn, lowers, chicken-house and corral; \$300 cash, balance \$13 monthly, including interest. Apply on premises, 438 E. 21ST ST.

cluding interest. Apply on premises, 435 E. 21ST ST.

FOR SALE — \$100 CASH, BALANCE INstallments, 4-room, hard-finished house; bay window, bath, pantry, closets and screen porch; 4 blocks from Plaza. WM. MEAD, 116 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE — HOME; ELEGANT, NEW, modern house, with large grounds, finely improved, in southwestern residence section. Address A. W. OLIVER, University P. O., Cal.

FOR SALE—\$1500; 6-ROOM HOUSE, 10 MINutes' walk from Times office; graded street; cash \$500, balance \$20 monthly; no interest. TAYLOR, 102 Broadway.

\$775 — FOR SALE — HARD-FINISHED cottage, improved lot, some cash, balance on time; Pico cars. O. H. JONES, 326 W. First \$4.

FOR SALE—5 4-HORSE, SECOND-HAND farm wagenis; 135 up to \$50 each. See HAWLEY, KING & CO., 164 N. Los Angeles st.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME 10-ROOM HOUSE,

les st. 10

FOR SALE—HANDSOME 10-ROOM HOUSE, furnished or unfurnished; fashionable locality. Apply 143 W. 25TH ST.; make an offer.

offer.

FOR SALE— HOUSES ON THE INSTALL—
ment plan; will build to suit purchaser.
EDWIN SMITH, 254 S. Broadway. FOR SALE — INSTALLMENTS, 5-ROOM cottage close in, \$1100, POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 305 W, Second. FOR SALE—CHEAPEST S-ROOM HOUSE, city, installments. Owner, ROBERT RASCH, 735 E. 12th st.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS TOP BUGGY, everything complete, \$40 cash. 803 W. SEV-ENTH ST.

# FOR SALE-A PARLOR SUIT, NEW, \$30. FOR SALE-

FOR SALE — HOTEL BROKERS, WE OF-fer hotels, prices ranging from \$1600 to \$100,000, the best in California; also 90 room-ing-houses, all prices; we are correspond-ents for prominent brokers in Chicago and New York. ASSOCIATED HOTEL IN-VESTMENT BUREAU, 102 S. Broadway, Los Angeles.

Business Property. FOR SALE—VERY CHEAP, TO CLOSE AN estate, a brick block on Third st.; rents for \$35 per month; easy terms. MORTIMER & HARRIS, attorneys-at-law, 78 Temple Blk.

GOR SALE-

Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN'I FOR EVERYBODY at THIRD-ST. FURNITURE EXCHANGE, 118-120 W. Third st., including linen-warp mattings at reduced prices, felt and opaque window shades, bedroom suits, springs, mattresses, chairs, extension tables, Japanese rugs, lindisum, oiloichis, office furniture and general household goods; we pay highest prices for econd-hand household furniture in any quantity.

FOR SALE—THE FURNITURE OF N. S.

furniture in any quantity.

FOR SALE—THE FURNITURE OF AN 8room house, including plane; house for
rent at \$30; the furniture is elegant and
house very desirable, and a decided pargain. L. M. WATSON, 125 W. Third. 4 gain. L. M. WATSUN, 128 W. Third. 4
FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST-PAYING
patents in the country; parties handling
this in the East are getting rich; investigate this; price \$1500. SMITH & O'BRIEN,
147 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE — WELL-BORING MACHINE,
with complete string of tools; also 500 feet
of 6% casing for sale cheap. Room 18,
SCHUMACHER BLOCK.

FOR SALE-BLEGANT, NEW, UPRIGHT plane, slightly used; will take room rent as part payment. Address T, box 72, TIMES OFFICE. FOR SALE—A HANDSOME, HIGH-GRADE plano; strictly first-class; slightly used; cost 5500; will sell cheap. Address W, box 97, TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—DIAMOND EAR-RINGS, VERY fine pair, \$200; cost more than double. Ad-dress W, box 19, TIMES OFFICE. FOR SALE — SECOND-HAND NATIONAL cash register in good order. Address W. box SI, TIMES OFFICE. FOR SALE-A LARGE-SIZED PELONBET & Pelton organ for \$45. Address K, box L FOR SALE-CARLOAD OF SAFES JUST received at 334 N. MAIN ST., Baker Block. FOR SALE-I SELL THE BARTEL & A

FOR SALE-

FOR SALE-CRUDE PETROLEUM IN ANY quantity. F. L. MATTHAY, 1811 Court at FOR SALE - NO. 2 WHEEL SCRAPER cheap. Inquire 644 N. MAIN ST. 6

# BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES-

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES—
Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—READ THIS—DO YOU WANT to buy, sell or exchange a business, or property of any kind? If so, apply at my office; I have some immense business openings in such as manufactories, coal, wood and feed yards, livery, stables, lodging-houses, groceries, cigar stores, salooms, teah houses, chapp lots, house and lots, ranches, properties of every description, ranches, projection, properties of the prop

Second.

FOR SALE—LODGING-HOUSE, 77 ROOMS, within 4 blocks of First and Spring; low rent, established business, paying over \$325 monthly above expenses; this is a snap, and is for sale only during December; cannot be duplicated for double the money; price \$3100. For sale only at 7201/2 & 4. FOR SALE- HARNESS, SADDLERY AND

FOR SALE-1/2 INTEREST IN A CATTLE

ranch and medicated spring water in New Mexico; want money to stock and improve the ranch; grand opportunity at present to stock cheap; reference exchanged. Cal at 134 S. MAIN ST., room 5, bet. 2 and p.m. 4

\$10,000 TO \$30,000 CAPITAL WANTED FOR a thoroughly established mahufacturing business in Los Angeles; this is a most unusual opportunity, and do not apply unless you mean business. Address by letter only E. J., TIMES OFFICE.

only E. J., TIMES OFFICE.

\$1300-FOR SALE-A WOOD, CQAL, HAY,
grain and feed business; large yards, sheds,
etc.; clears over \$100 a, month above all
expenses; will exchange for city real estate. BEN WHITE, 221 W. First st. tate. BEN WHITE, 221 W. First st.

FOR SALE — AT A GREAT SACRIFICE, the nicest and best-paying business in city; \$2000 buys; worth \$5000; must go immediately; will take part in real estate. Address K, box 6, TIMES OFFICE. 6

THERE IS NOW AN OPENING HERE FOR a cheap cash store; best location in the State for a cash business; investigate at once or you will miss a good thing. B. M. BLUTHE, Downey, Cal.

BLYTHE, Downey, Cal.

FOR SALE—150—
A choice little bakery, 2 ovens, good trade; owner compelled to sell on account of failing health. J. C. OLIVER & CO., 237 W. First st.

TO LET—6 MONTHS TO 3 YEARS, HAND-some, 10-room house, furnished or unfurnished; fashionable locality, between Grand ave. and Main st. Address WOODVILLE, Cal. Club.

WANTED — A MAN WITH A LITTLE money to locate desert land and buy a good well of water; land is smooth, level and rich; near town. Call at 125 W. FIFTH ST., city.

\*\*EOR SALE—GROCERY STORE VERY DE

city.

FOR SALE—GROCERY STORE, VERY DEstrable location, doing strictly cash business, with low rent and long lease. ELSER & STEARNS, 121 W. Third st. 4. \$500—FOR SALE — A CIGAR STORE; IS worth \$500, but must be sold at once; lo-cated on Spring st.; don't miss this. Apply to BEN WHITE, 221 W. First st.

to BEN WHITE, 221 W. First st.

45 PER CENT. AVERAGE WEEKLY PROFits on \$150 invested; prospectus, itemized
statistics, free. BENSON & DWYER, \$34
Broadway, New York.

FOR SALE—AN OLD CORNER PRODUCE
store, well stocked and doing a big business; look this up. ELSER & STEARNS,
121 W. Third st.

FOR SALE—THE BEST RESTAURANT IN
Pasadean for \$500; making money; open to
investigation. Address 30 S. RAYMOND
AVE., Pasadena.

FOR SALE—GROCERY STORE POWER.

investigation. Address 30 S. RAYMOND AVE., Pasadena.

FOR SALE—GROCERY STORE, DOING A big business, on old-established corner; will sell at invoice. ELSER & STEARNS, 121 W. Third st.

FOR SALE—GROCERY STOCK AT A SACrifice; town of 7000 inhabitants; 3 grocery stores. Add.css L. box 50, TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—OIL ROUTE, WITH EVERYthing complete; come and see this opening. ELSER & STEARNS, 121 W. Third st.

FOR SALE-GROCERY STORE, GOOD Lo-cation; low rent; will stand close investi-gation. ELSER & STEARNS, 121 W. Third st. FOR SALE-\$1200; MEAT MARKET, WELL located; everything new; 2 horses and wagon. Address F. W., TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—LODGING-HOUSE, 25 ROOMS, close in; rent only \$100 per month; \$1650.

I. D. BARNARD, 11714 S. Broadway. close in; rent only \$100 per month; \$1650,
4. D. BARNARD, 1174; S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT ON SPRING
at; a choice, central location; price \$300,
I. D. BARNARD, 1174; S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—A WOOD AND COAL YARD;
an old corner stand; sure bargain; \$800,
I. D. BARNARD, 1174; S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—A WOOD AND COAL YARD;
an old corner stand; sure bargain; \$800,
I. D. BARNARD, 1174; S. Broadway.

Spring st; pays clear \$60 per month; \$880,
I. D. BARNARD, 1174; S. Broadway.

FOR EXCHANGE—OR SALE: FOR LOW.

EYCHANGE—COR CITY DROWNER, SPRINGER, STR.

FOR EXCHANGE—OR SALE: FOR LOW.

FOR EXCHANGE—OR CITY DROWNER, STR.

FOR EXCHANGE—FOR CITY DROWNER, STR.

FOR EXCHANGE—OR CITY DROWNER, STR. I. D. BARNARD. 1172 S. BROMMS,
Spring st.; pays clear \$60 per month; \$50.
I. D. BARNARD, 1174 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—GENTEEL DINING PARLOR;
first-class; fine. location; bargain; \$50.
I. D. BARNARD, 1175 S. Broadway. FOR SALE — A FRUIT AND PRODUCE store, good location; will sell cheap. EL-SER & STEARNS, 121 W. Third.

FOR SALE—A GOOD-PAYING CASH GRO-cery business; will invoice about \$800. Address W. box 3. TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE-FRUIT STORE ON SPRING st.; this is cheap; rent only \$10. ELSER & STEARNS, 121 W. Third st. FOR SALE-ROOMING-HOUSE, 23 ROOMS, good location; low rent. ELSER & STEARNS, 121 W. Third st, FOR SALE—ROOMING-HOUSE, 19 ROOMS, 2 blocks from postoffice.
STEARNS, 121 W. Third st. FOR SALE—\$225; CREAMERY AND DELI-cacy store at invoice; splendid location. Inquire 401 S. SPRING.

FOR SALE — GOOD CIGAR AND FRUIT stand, very central, only \$80. Inquire 264 FOR SALE — CHEAP, OR A PARTNER wanted, fruit, produce, cigar store. 619 S. BROADWAY. TO SELL YOUR BUSINESS QUICK FOR cash, see ERNST & CO., new office, 113 W. TO SELL YOUR BUSINESS QUICK FOR cash, see ERNST & CO., 118 W. Third.

FOR SALE - \$100; FRUIT AND CANDY store. B. WHITE, 221 W. First st. TO SELL YOUR BUSINESS, GO TO I. D. BARNARD, 1174 S. Broadway. . 3 TO SELL YOUR BUSINESS, GO TO I. D. BARNARD, 1174 S. Broadway. STOCKS BONDS AND MORTGAGES

FOR SALE—CARTER & BEEGHER, MINing brokers, represent leading properties;
gold, silver, copper, lead, etc., examinations made and reports furnished by the
most competent and responsible California
experts; correspondence solicited; information promptly furnished. Office, 328 S.
BROADWAY. BROADWAY. 15
STOCK AND BOND BROKERS. LOAM, mortgages, securities and investments; collections made, taxes paid and property managed for non-residences or others.

CITIZENS INVESTMENT CO., 24 S. Broadway.

POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, BROKERS, 305 W. Second st., buy and sell mortgages, stocks, bonds, and any good securities; if you wish to lend or borrow or invest in real estate, call on us; collections made and property managed for non-residents.

FOR SALE—I AM AUTHORIZED TO SELL, \$10.000 First National Bank of Los Angeles stock for \$1.80; bank value, \$1,50 to \$1.65; paying \$5 per cent. adding to reserve. Address W, box 68, TIMES OFFICE.

# ATTORNEYS-

U. S. HOUSE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, 115 W. First at. Collections promptly attended to.

CARTER & PIERCE, LAWYERS, OFFICES SE to SE Bryson Block, Los Angeles.

J. NOLEN, ATTORNET-AT-LAW, 113 W. Bound & Asyles Ive.

SPECIAL NOTICES-

manship; cestumes a work of art.
INSURE YOUR HOMES WITH THE UNITED
States Fire insurance Company of New
York; established in 1824. GOWEN, EBERLE & CO., agents for Southern California, 143 S. Breadway.
MORRIS PAYS SPECIAL PRICES FOR
good gents' second-hand clothing; give him
a trial; send postal. 1114/ COMMERCIAL
ST., second clothing store east of Main. ST., second clothing store east of Main.

JACK KEE'S CHTNESE LAUNDRY, HORSE and all furniture, owned by Charley, has been bought by Ah Kim. AH KIM, North Ontario, Cal.

\$5000 REWARD IS OFFERED TO ANYone who can explode lamps I use in my 
orient Lamp Stove. F. E. BROWNE, 316 S. 
Spring at.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, WARTS AND 
moles permanently removed by electricty; 
hours il to I. Room 1, 262 S. BROADWAY.

PIANO-TUNING, \$2.50, BY BLOOMFIELD, plano-maker, 233 S. Spring, 522 Downey ave. Address mail orders to 778 E. Pico. MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS, DIES AND tools, made and repaired. J. VON SER-KEY, 216 S. Los Angeles st. Tel. 933. BUSTS DEVELOPED - MOLES, BIRTH-marks, superfluous hair, permanently re-moved. 324% S. SPRING ST., room 4. moved. 324's. SPRING ST., room 4.

MRS. E. M. DIXON, FASHIONABLE HAIRdressing, manicuring parlors, removed to
room 85, BRYSON BLOCK.

WILLOOX & GIBBS'S "AUTOMATIO," THE
only automatic sewing machine on earth.
321 W. FOURTH ST.

FRED HYNER HAS ORNAMENTAL AND
decidaous fruit trees, large variety. 312 W.
FOURTH ST.

SPECIAL CREAM FOR WHIPPING. H. A. BINGHAM'S CREAMERY, 635 S. Main st. LADIES' WEARING APPAREL BOUGHT and sold. Call 646 S. SPRING. RADAM'S MICRORE KILLER - OFFICE, No. 1384 S. SPRING, room 11. IRON WORKS-BAKER IRON WORKS; 950 to 968 Buena Vista st.

FOR EXCHANGE-

FOR EXCHANGE-

BY JOHN H. COXE, 207 S. Broadway. 160 acres. San Jacinto, for house and lot in the city; owner not-particular; will take anything in the shape of a house, only won't assume mortgage; ranch clear of incumbrance; water in pienty; is nearly alliered; will grow anything you plant; now here is a good chance for you to own courter-section; you know you can't make a living on that shanty of yours; come and exchange it for something that you can.

60 acres near Fresno; good income; every foot under cultivation; water in abundance; 5-room cottage and other buildings; farm-ing tools of all kinds included; owner can-not look after it on account of poor health; will exchange for property in this city; in-vestigate, this; you are sure to be pleased.

45 acres at Azusa for city property; water piped on the land; is good for fruits of all kinds; good soil.

A fine piece of property, located a short distance from town; will bear the strictest investigation; will exchange for other prop-erty and assume a mortgage.

40 acres, 10 miles from Plaza, for city property; owner not a rancher, hence rea-son for getting rid of it; it is one of the best pleces of land in the county; to see it is to take it.

JOHN H. COXE, 207 S. Broadwa

FOR EXCHANGE—26 CASTELAR ST., 24room lodging-house; lot 40x80; former rent
\$135; present rent \$75; will exchange for
San Francisco or Oakiand business property. Address J. NEWMAN, 414 Market
st., San Francisco.

FOR EXCHANGE—8 ACRES IN THIS CITY
for a fruit ranch; also an improved corn
and alfalfa ranch south of the city (%,
hours ride) for a nice home in the city,
JOHN F. HUMPHREYS, 103\*S. Broadway.

FOR EXCHANGE — MODERN COTTAGE southeast corner Figueroa and 38th st.; lot 48x163; for property in San Francisco or Oakland. Address OWNER, 26 O'Farrell st. room 18, San Francisco.

FOR EXCHANGE-FROSTLESS FOOTHILL land now in tomatoes for anything clear R. D. LIST, 1254 W. Second.

FOR EXCHANGE-Miscellaneous.

FOR EXCHANGE — FINE DOUBLE-BARrel gun for horse or chickens. Address K,
box 12, TIMES OFFICE.

LOST STRAYED

And Peund.

LOST-SUNDAY, ABOUT 4 P.M., BET, S.
P. freight depot and Plaza, a leather-bound
passbook; name "A. A. Cronkhite" on
cover, Finder leave at 307 S. LOS ANGELES ST. and receive reward.

OST. A MONKEY-SKIN CAPE, BET, LOST — A MONKEY-SKIN CAPE, BET.
Ninth and Golden ave. and Eighth and
Flower sits, Saturday morning; a suitable
reward will be given by returning to 327
S. BROADWAY. S. BROADWAY.

STOLEN—GRAY HORSE, ABOUT 10 YEARS old; small slit in right ear; left knee enlarged, and is unshod. Notify E. C. PITEZEL, 1204 W. State st., and receive reward.

STRAYED — A SMALL BAY HORSE, 3 white feet, shod all around, also piece of rope around neck. Address or telephone G. R. MURDOCK, University.

to HIS TEMPLE.

STRAYED—ON MY PREMISES, COW, RED and white; owner can have cow by paying feed and advertising. 832 SAND ST., near Temple.

FOUND SAM, THE CHAMPION HORSE-clipper, N. BROADWAY.

DENTISTS-

DENTISTS—

W. H. MASSER, M.D., D.D.S. HAS REmoved to 245 S. Spring st.; special attention given to loosening teeth and to diseases of the gums; moderate prices.

DR. L. W. WELLS, SPRING AND FIRST,
Wilson Block; elevator, Gold crown and
bridge work a specialty; teeth extracted;
no pain. Room 1.

ADAMS BROS. DENTAL PARLORS—
2394 S. Spring st. Filling, 11; plates, 24,
83, 10; all work guaranteed; established 16
years.

DR. URMY, DENTIST, 124% S. SPRING st. Painless extracting, new process; legi-class work, at lowest prices

FOR EXCHANGE—FOR CITY PROPERTY, a wood, coal and feed business, worth \$1500.
Apply to BEN WHITE, 221 W. First st. FOR EXCHANGE - FINE FRUIT LAND with abundance of water for city property. SMITH BROS., 145 S. Broadway.

FOR EXCHANGE—LOT NEAR PICO ST. for furniture. Address K, box 3, TIMES OFFICE.

TRAYED — OR STOLEN, GRAY MARE about 10 years old, weighing \$50 pounds (American bred;) \$5 reward for return to \$10 TEMPLE.

Temple.

LOST — A GOLD RING WITH SAPPHIRE set. Finder please return to 110 S. BROADWAY and receive a good reward. LOST-BLACK KID GLOVE, BELOW 10TH on Main. Please return to TIMES OF-FICE.

# LINERS.

TO LET-

LET — HOTEL JOHNSON, ADJOINING estiminator Hotel on Fourth st.; European in; hot water in general and private this at any hour; the most unique diningon; large social hall; general parfor; the est beds manufactured; a perfect model convenience; cail and be convinced that is is the finest house in the city. direct to 811 W. SIXTH ST: 24 furnished rooms, single of en suite: conveniences; home comforts; price general kitchen; lowest, prices. vate or general kitchen; lowest prices.

O LET-FINEST ROOMS IN THE CITY;
large and sunny; all modern improvements;
newly furnished; new management. I'HE
NEWPORT, 140 E. Fourth sl., nearly opposite the Westminster.

O LET-NEAR BELMONT HALL, ON CAR
ine, a sunny room to a gentleman or couple;
the company of the company of the couple of t

LET — AN ELDERLY, GOOD-DISPOSI-ned lady can get a well-furnished room cottage right outside city limits. Apply 327 W. FIFTH ST.

LET-THE ROCHESTER, 1012 TEMPLE, offers the very best of furnished and furnished rooms on installments to deable persons. ING.
LET - FLATS IN THE VICKERY
k; rooms in the Vickery Block, 501-50
dain st. R. G. LUNT, 237 W. Second st. LET - LARGE PLEASANT ROOM IN rivate family; gas, and bath; 1 or 2 gen-lemen preferred. 640½ S. OLIVE ST. 4

LET- DINING-ROOM AND KITCHEN, partial payment of board. HIGHLAND ILLA, cor. First and Hill. "THE MENLO," FURNISHED O LET-FURNISHED ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping, \$6 month. Tel. 113. NITTIN-GER'S, 451 S. Hope st. -IN PRIVATE FAMILY, A FUR-- ELEGANT FRONT PARLORS y window, high and sunny, cheap o and HILL.

O LET — FURNISHED ROOMS, PLEAS-ant rooms; privilege of light housekeeping. 642 S. BROADWAY. LET - THE IRVING, 220 S. HILL; arge, sunny rooms, with or without house large, sunny rooms, with or without house-keeping privileges.

O LET - NICE SUNNY FURNISHED rooms; light housekeeping; no children. 636 S. GRAND AVE.

TO LET - SUNNY, FRONT, FURNISHEI rooms en suite or single; clean. 510 S. MAIN ST.

NO LET-CHEAP, FINELY FURNISHED aunny rooms at the "WAVERLY," 127

O LET-ROOMS AT "GRAND PACIFIC."
\$ per week and upward. 423 SPRING ST.

O LET- AT THE WINTHROP. 3304 S.

STORM OF SUMMY STATES OF STATES LET-UNFURNISHED, SINGLE, SUN-room, close in. 127 E. THIRD. 5 LET-FINE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE TO LET - FINE. SUNNY SUITES, BEST in city. 595 S. SPRING ST. O LET-CHEAP. FURNISHED, SUNNY rooms. 329 W. FIRST ST. LET-2 NICELY FURNISHED, SUNNY coms. 830 S. PEARL ST. O LET - FURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING rooms. 514 FLOWER ST.

SUNNY FRONT ROOM, board, in private family, to ma or gentlemen; bath, piano, FLOWER ST., University line. LET-AFTER DECEMBER 3, NICE raished rooms with or without board private family. 710 S. HILL, next door - THE ADAMS; NICELY FURquire at BOOK STORE, cor.

O LET-ROOMS WITHOUT BOARD. 953 S. BROADWAY.

TO LET SUNNY ROOMS WITH BOARD; a pleasant home in a private family; ref-erence. 3617 FIGUEROA ST. FO LET-BOARD AND RESIDENCE; EX-cellent table and large, well furnished rooms. 1918 GRAND AVE. TO LET—ROOMS AND BOARD; STRICTLY first-class; nicest location in the city. 929
S. PEARL ST.

O LET - WITH BOARD, SUNNY ROOMS with grate; fine location. 1012 S. HOPE TO LET-1 NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, with or without board. 755 S. BROADWAY.

S. BROADWAY, close in. 13

TO LET-TO LET-KENSINGTON; THE PRETTIEST flats in Los Angeles, situated on Temple st., opposite Oilve st.; are ready for occupancy to responsible parties without children; the rooms are large, and light, with all modern conveniences; electric bells and subes. Apply to the owner, J. F. HENDERSON, 143 S. Spring st. O LET-3 ENTIRELY NEW AND MODERN flats, corner of lith and Flower sta; bath. Ras., electric bells, etc. Apply to THE SILENT & BETTS CO., N.E. cor. Second and Broadway. and Broadway.

O LET — LARGE HOUSE, 14 ROOMS, barn, chicken yards, ten acres land inclosed; part in fruit. Corner 23D AND SAN PEDRO STS. Call after 2 p.m. 4

O LET — ELEGANT, 9-ROOM HOUSE, strictly first-class, modern, newly papered and painted; Olive st., near, Pico, HITCH-COCK BROS., 237 W. First st.

4 O LET-AFTER DECEMBER 10. A FIRST-class 5-room, modern cottage close in; price 25. including water. Inquire FISHER'S MUSIC HOUSE, 427 Broadway. O LET — HOUSE OF 5 ROOMS ON E Pico st. near Maple ave., at \$14 a month, including water. See F. A. HUTCHINSON, 213 W. First st. TO LET — 1970 BONSALLO AVE., 2-STORY 8-room house, modern improvements. Apply at 324 S. BROADWAY. O LET-TEN-ROOM HOUSE, EAST LOS Angeles, near cars; \$20, water paid. Ap-ply 305 W. SECOND ST. ply 366 W. SECOND ST.

O LET — 5-ROOM COTTAGE, BEAUTIful yard; corner 21st and Lovelace; \$27.
Key at 923 PEARL.
O LET — CHEAP, 4-ROOM HOUSE IN
country; healthful location. Call 916 S.

O LET- 10-ROOM HOUSE, 833 S. HUA. A. E. POMEROY, 105 S. Broadway. 6

O LET-5-ROOM FLAT, CORNER EIGHTH

TO LET-

TO LET-6 MONTHS TO 2 YEARS, HAND-some 10-room house, furnished or unfur-nished, fashionable locality, bet. Grand ave. and Main st. Address WOODVILLE, California Club. - BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE COM-furnished in Pasadena; lovely barn and other outbuildings; terms month. CARTER & BEECHER, 228 grounds, barn \$50 per month S. Broadway.

TO LET - FURNISHED HOUSE OF 7 rooms, all modern improvements, in best part of city, 460 W. THRTIETH ST. Inquire at premises Monday afternoon, Decomber 1 TO LET-A COMPLETELY FURNISHED 7-

room, sunny cottage, cor. Seventh and Flower; hall, bath, gas, nice yard and flow-ers. Inquire on PREMISES, 801 W. Sev-enth. enth.

TO LET — A BEAUTIFUL, FURNISHED house of 7 rooms all modern improvements and in best part of city. Apply at PREMISES, 400 W. 36th st.

TO LET— A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED house of 9 rooms and bath, with all modern conveniences; plane and large stable.

39 S. HILL ST.

ern conveniences; plane and large stable.

\$39 S. HILL ST.

TO LET — FURNISHED LODGING-HOUSE very cheap; 13 rooms; 1 large enough for a restaurant. 1121 N. Main st. R. V. PAR-KER, proprietor.

TO LET—OUR BUSINESS IS RENTING; IF you have or want a furnished or unfurnished house come and see us. WECK & MILLS, 237 W. First st.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE OF 10 Tooms, with stable, etc., on 25th st. near Grand ave. See F. A. HUTCHINSON, 213 W. First st.

TO LET—NICELY FURNISHED COTTAGE.

4 rooms; pleasant neighborhood. Call after 12 o'clock, 236 E. ADAMS ST.

4

TO LET-NICELY FURNISHED HOUSE 7 rooms, bath, hot water, plane. 212 N. GRAND AVE. GRAND AVE. Plano. 212 N.
TO LET — A COTTAGE CLOSE IN, FUR-nished or unfurnished. Inquire at 220 S.
HILL ST.

TO LET-LARGE HALL, SUITABLE FOR society or club meetings; light, airy, central. H. R. WANNA & CO., 101 Broadway. tral. H. R. CANNA & CO., 101 Broadway.

TO LET—FINE STOREROOM, 521 S. BROADway; immediate possession. WM. H.
AVERY, 113 S. Broadway.

TO LET—A FEW CHOICE OFFICES IN
the M'LAIN BUILDING, 24 S. Main.

TO LET-

TO LET-10 ACRES, ½ MILE FROM POST-office; 7-room cottage; 2½ acres to variety of fruits, 1½ acres to Bermuda grass pas-ture, 6 acres for corn or barley; barn, crib and stable; 19 large orange trees, full of oranges, goes with this year's rent; will give possession December 8; rent \$150 cash. B. M. BLYTHE, Downey, Cal. TO LET - FINE CAHUENGA FOOTHILL ranch; 6-room house, barn. Apply 232 N. LOS ANGELES ST. TO LET — FINE 135-ACRE RANCH WITH implements. Inquire 232 N. LOS ANGE-LES ST.

TO LET-POULTRY RANCH. APPLY 232 N. LOS ANGELES ST.

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PACIFIC LOAN COMPANY,

(Incorporated) amounts on all kinds
of collateral security, diamonds, jewelry,
sealskins, merchandise, etc.; also on
planos, iron and steel safes and furniture in
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without removal; partial payments received;
money quick; business confidential; private
office for ladles. W. E. DE GROOT, manager, rooms 2, 3 and 4, 114 S. Spring st.

NATIONAL LOAN AND INVESTMENT

COMPANY

Loans money on all kinds of collateral se-

NATIONAL LOAN AND INVESTMENT
COMPANY
Loans money on all kinds of collateral security, jeweiry, diamonds, sealskins, pianos,
professional libraries, lodging-house and hotel furniture, iron and steel safes, merchandiss, etc.; also bonds and mortgages bought
and sold; money quickly; business strictly
private and confidential. JOHN MITCHELL
JONES, manager, room 7, 121 Temple at,
cor. Temple and New High sts. )
MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS,
watches, jeweiry, sesiskins, etc.; also
on pianos, merchandise, iron and steel safes,
furniture in lodging-houses, boardis-house
and hotels without removal and shouled
and country property; low interest;
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have money at once; business confidential;
private office for ladies, GEO. S. ROBINSON, 233 W. First st., rooms 2 and 3.

RENTERS' CO-OPERATIVE INVESTMENT

RENTERS' CO-OPERATIVE INVESTMENT Co. will loan you money at 6 per cent. to build a home and you can pay in monthly installments. For particulars inquire of A. E. CHIPMAN, Agent, rooms 111 and 112. Stimson Block.

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GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SO-y of San Francisco will make loans on inside city property. Apply to R. G. NT. agent, 227 W. Second st.

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stallments; long time and easy payments.
Apply NATIONAL BUILDING AND LOAN
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MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, WATCHes, jewelry, planos, live stock, carriages,
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RENTERS' CO-OPERATIVE INVESTMENT CO., F. H. True, general agent, 205
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Second, lend money in sums to suit; reasonable rates; prompt attentions

TO LOAN—\$80,000, IN SUMS OF \$1000 AND
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MONEY TO LEND IN SUMS TO SUIT AT reasonable rates. WM. F. BOSBYSHELL, 116 S. Broadway. TO LOAN -, \$500 TO \$5000 AT RULING rates. See S P. MULFORD, attorney, 223 N. Spring st.

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ple Block.

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MONEY WANTED-

WANTED-\$200 ON A VACANT LOT worth \$700: street and sewer work done; situated north of Temple st. Address W, box 85, TIMES OFFICE. WANTED-5150. APPLY IMMEDIATELY AT FLETCHER PLACE. 938 Stanford ave., near Ninth-st. school; principals only. 4
WANTED-51000 TO BUILD A HOUSE ON a good lot near Pico and Pearl. Address X, box 25, TIMES OFFICE.

PATENTS-

PATENTS FOR INVENTIONS IN ALL countries obtained, bought and sold, by S. J. DAY & CO., who since 1849 have acted for leading inventors, manufacturers and others. Los Angeles office, rooms 232-233. BRADBURY BLDG. KNIGHT BROS, PATENT LAWYERS AND

DERSONAL-

PERSONAL — COFFEE, FRESH ROASTED on our giant coffee roaster; Java and Macha, 35c. lb.; 24 lbs. brown sugar, 31; 5 lbs. good Japan tea, 31; 10 lbs. cornmeal, 15c.; 6 lbs. taploca, 25c.; 10 lbs. raisins, 25c.; 6 lbs. apricots, 25c.; 5 lbs. figs. 25c.; 5 lbs. prunes, 25c.; 6 lbs. buckwheat, 25c.; 5 lbs. beans, 25c.; can deviled ham, 5c.; brook trout, 15c.; 3 cans oysters, 25c.; 5 los. bass, 51; 50-b. sack flour, 35c.; bacon, 11½c.; pork, 3½c.; orange marmaiade, in bulk, 5c. lb. ECONOMIC STORES, 305 S. Spring st.

MAY.

PERSONAL—RALPHS BROS.—GOLD BAR F.our, 96:; City Fr.ur, 75c.; br.wn sugar, 21 lbs. 31; granuisted Sugar, 13 lbs. 31; 44; lbs. 81; granuisted Sugar, 13 lbs. 31; 44; lbs. 81; or 15 lbs. Sago or Tapioca, 25c; 2 can Tomatoes, 15c; 7 bars German Family Soap 25c; Germea, 26c; 7 lbs. Rolled Wheat or Oats, 25c; can Salmon, 10c; 3 cans Corn. 25c; 5 boxes Sardines, 25c; Eastern Gasoline, 70c and Coal Oil 70c; 3 cans Oysters. 25c; Lard, 10 lbs. 80c, 5 lbs. 40c. 601 S. SPRING ST., corner Sixth. PERSONAL-MRS. PARKER, LIFE-READring clairvoyant; consultations on business,
mineral locations, lawsuits, removals, disease, love, marriage, etc. Take University
electric car to Forrester ave. and Hoover
st., go west on Forrester ave. 3 blocks to
Vine st., second house on VINE-ST. west
of Vermont ave.

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PERSONAL—MRS. FANNIE GREEN, THE greatest living healer of the age; no religious creed; instantaneous cures for all organic troubles, chronics excepted; no cure, no pay. 352 S. BROADWAY.

PERONAL—E. H. RYDALL, SHORTHAND reporter, teacher, press correspondent; fiction, poems, press matter wanted to prepare for publication; typewriting. STIMSON BUILDING, city.

PERSONAL—PALMISTRY; 1 HAND READ free; every hidden mystery revealed; life read from readie to grave without a mis-take; 2 to 8 p.m., 11114 W. THIRD ST. 4 ERSONAL - THE DEAD TRANCE ME-dium, Agnes E. Pleasance, gives private sittings daily; satisfaction guaranteed. Per-manently located 534 S. BROADWAY.

PERSONAL—MRS. A. GEORGE, HEALING, business and developing medium; sittings daily: God-given power; satisfaction in-sured. 355% S. SPRING, room 7a. 355. "PERSONAL — LADY PRACTITIONER OF
"magnetiam;" lady patients only. Room 5,
second floor, 345 CLAY ST., near Fourth,
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sional card-reader, tells your past and ture. Parlor, 220 CLAY ST., near Third. PERSONAL—TEST CIRCLE TONIGHT BY
"Starlight," the celebrated little trance medium; sittings daily, 422 W. SEVENTH. 4
PERSONAL—THE FERRIS WHEEL RUNS
daily and evenings; come hear the music
entrance free. FIFTH and SPRING STS. PERSONAL— LADY WANTS FINANCIAL ald in starting small rooming-house. Address K, box 9, TIMES OFFICE. 4

PERSONAL—PROF. HORTON NATERIAL ising circle tonight at 8. 7071/2 S. BROAD-WAY, 50c. PERSONAL — LADIES' WEARING AP
apparel bought and sold. Call 646 S SPRING.

PERSONAL — LIFE-READING. OCCULT scientist, \$1. F. GREEN, \$22 S. Broadway.

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EDUCATIONAL—Schools, Colleges and Private Tultion THROOP POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE AND Manual Training School, the only institution in Southern California providing therough industrial and art training in connection with classical, scientific and illerary education; excellent shops for wood, Iron, pattern and machine work; studies for pattern and machine work; studies for pattern and machine work; studies for pattern and pattern and machine work; studies for pattern and pattern and machine work; studies and biology; department for company and pattern and pat

N. G. FELKER, Vice-Pres.

THE LOS ANGELES BUSINESS COLLEGE (incorporated) located at 14t S. Main st. is the largest and best equipped institution in Southern California. It provides a thorough business training in the most tractical way; the shorthand department leads all competitors, and is a great auccess. Its department of penmanship is conducted by E. K. Isaacs, a teacher of national reputation. Send for catalogue.

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FROEBEL INSTITUTE, CASA DE ROSAS,
Adams st., cor. Hoover, will reopen September 18, 1804; day pupils, 100; boarding pupils,
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PROF. LOUIS CLAVERIE.

MME. LOUIS CLAVERIE.

MME. LOUIS CLAVERIE.

CASA PIEDRA RANCH SCHOOL, CJAI VALley; preparation for college; out-of-door life; each boy has charge of a horse of his own; terms \$700 a year; highest references given and required. Address SHERMAN DAY THACHER, ALLE, LLB, (Yale,) Nordhoff, Ventura county, Cal.

SCHOOL FOR PHYSICAL TRAINING, ELOcution and dancing, 226 S. Spring st; clentific training for restoration of health, development, grace; practical elocution; preparation for stage, platform, society, MISS NAOMA ALFREY, principal.

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PRIVATE SCHOOL—DAY AND EVENING sessions; regular class work, \$12 for 8 months; Sponish or any special study, \$2 per month. MRS. A. M. FARMER, room 300, Stimson Block.

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Boarding pupils received, MISS PARSONS and MISS DENNEN, principals.

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DR. J. ADAMS. PHYSICIAN AND SURgeon; in charge of medical and surgical dispensary; chronic diseases a specialty; special attention given to the treatment of all female diseases, both medical and surgical diseases, both medical and surgical. Office hours: 10 a.m. to 12 m.; 2 to 4 p.m. Office, 320 N. Main st., opp. the St. Elmo Hotel.

DR. J. S. BROWN, 103 LECOUVREUR ST. East Los Angeles; office hours, 8 to 10, 12 to 2, 6 to 7:30; visits to any part of city, 31; obstatrical cases, 310; office visits, 50c up; other charges proportionate; medicine free; graduate of University Medical College, New York city.

DR. REBECCA LEE DORSEY, ROOMS 129, 120, 131 Stimson Block; special attention given to obstetrical cases, and all diseases of to 5 p.m. Tel. 1227.

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K. D. WISE, M.D., OFFICE 226 S. SPRING st.; office hours, 8 to 10 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.; diseases of women a specialty; gra\*1-ate of Jefferson Medical College, Philat st-phia.

MRS. DR. WELLS, REMOVED TO OCEAN View ave., Santa Monica, nearly opposite Arcadia Hotel. Car fare deducted. DR. DEWITT C. BENNETT HAS TREATE auccessfully special diseases over 40 years Room 37, Downey Block.

FARMERS' AND MERCHANTS' BANK OF LOS ANGELES—
Corner Main and Commercial Streets Oldest and largest bank in Southern California.

Officers—Isaias W. Heilman, Pres. Herman W. Heilman, Vice-Pres: John Milner, Cashier. H. J. Fleishman, Asst. Cashier.

Directors—W. H. Perry, Ozro W. Childs, J. B. Lankershim, C. E. Thom, C. Ducommun, H. Sell and buy foreign and domestic exchange. Special collection department. Correpondence invited.

The National Bank of California is one of the few banks that successfully stood the shock of the late panic and maintained full coin payments right through. The National Bank of California pays no interest on deposits in any form, offers no special inducements for the shoess other than reliability when the customers exercise their right to demand their mone?

In the matter of loans it looks more to reliability than high rates of interest, and desires on oans except from good and reliable parties, and then exacts good security, believing that no bank is better or more reliable than its loans

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T. E. WARD & CO.

Bankers and Brokers,

BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON, COFFEE.

Bought and sold for eash, or carried on 3 to 5 per cent maryin. Commission 1-18.

BOUGHT STATE OF CUR RELY MARKET LETTER, WHICH TELLS YOU WHEN TO SELL AS WHAT AND WHEN TO SELL AS WHAT AND WHEN TO SULL AS WHAT AND WHEN TO BUY. You should also send for our CIRCULAR, which gives some valuable suggestions in the way of avoiding losses. And which showed you a loss, and then figure out what you would have made following our rules, you will say your losses were unnecessary.

We have the largest offices, employ more clerks, more brokers, have more private wires, use more stelephones, and have a larger number of customers than any other brokers office is the world, and the stelephones, it is not stell than the stellar than the stellar

Bankers and Brokers,

and Bonds.

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Proposals for Supplies For the Whittier State School.

Sait fish, lard and pork.
Flour and meal.
Barley, bran, middlings, etc.
Beens, potatoes, etc.
Beef, mutton and pork.
Gasoline and coal oil.
Wood and coal.
Flannel, cassimere and blankets,
Crockery and glassware.
Leather and shoe findings,
Brooms and brushes.
Caps and hats.
Furniture and mattresses
Ice.

Daily circular mailed free.

114% SOUTH MAIN STREET,

CRAIN,

81 & 38 Broadway, New York City. STOCKS, BONDS, CRAI COTTON, COFFEE.

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LOS ANGELES NATIONAL BANK— UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY Capital \$500,000 Surplus 57,500 

M. T. Allen, F. C. Howes.

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NATIONAL BANK.
Nadeau Block, cor. First and Spring sta.,
Los Angeles, Cal.
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Los Angeles, Cal.
President
C. N. FLINT
Cashier
Paid wy capital
Surplus and undivided profits... 22,000
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Holliday, L. N. Breed, H. T. Newell, Wm. H.
Avery, Silas Holman, M. Hagan, Frank Rader, E. C. Bosbyshell, W. F. Bosbyshell.

Capital stock 30,000
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P. F. SCHUMACHER. Asst. Cashle
Pive per cent. interest allowed on ter-Money loaned on first-class real estate.

Notice of Dissolution of

Copartnership. Copartnership.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: WHEREas, a partition of lands heretofore held in
common in Grescenta Canada, in the county
of Los Angeles, state of California, and water
privileges incident thereto, having this day
been effected by and between Lyman S.
Thompson and Alfred C. Palfrey, the join
owners and tenants in common thereof:
Notice is hereby given that the copartnership for the purpose of growing fruit on the
above-mentioned lands, hitherto existing between said parties under the firm name of
Thompson & Palfrey, is this day dissolved.

LYMAN S. THOMPSON.
Abfred C. PALFREY.
November 28, 1884.

November 28, 1894.

I IVE STOCK FOR SALE-

FOR SALE- THE BEST SINGLE LIGHT-driving hand-made harness on the Coast for \$15; made from best leather and guar-anteed; one price to all, and that the low-est. W. F. MANN, 107 N. Broadway, next Tally-ho Stables.

FOR SALE—A PHAETON, NEARLY NEW, \$45; 4 large mules, \$50 each; horses for

sell. Cor. Second and San Pedro sts. Gootop buggy for \$30. V. V. COCHRAN, proprietor. prietor.

FOR SALE— AT A SACRIFICE, 9 HEAD of the finest double and single driving horses in the city; also one heavy team; hack, buggles, carts, double and single harnesses, saddle, etc. LEE BROS., 402 S. Spring.

Spring.

FOR SALE — IF YOU WANT LARGE horses, small horses and the finest driving team in the city, go to California Stock Yards, No. 238 S. Los Anneles st., and get them. ALLEN & DEZELL. FOR SALE — BAY MARE, ? YEARS OLD, pretty, very fine for lady; if you need one buy one that you can get for less than worth; I don't need her; price, \$90. Call 1145 W. 28TH ST.

1145 W. 28TH ST.

FOR SALE - HORSES: FAMILY, WORK and driving horses, well broken, yound; sound; prices \$20 upward: good spring wagon, cheap; horses clipped for \$1.50, 232 E. FOURTH ST. FOR SALE — \$25, GOOD LARGE 5-YEAR-old horse; work single or double, kind and gentle; good bargain. 533 DUCOMMUN ST.

ST. 4

FOR SALE—100 LOAD OF PUMPKINS AT
Hoffman's ranch, Lankershim district, \$2 per
load. Or inquire at 129 S. BROADWAY.

FOR SALE—SPEEDY HORSE, HARNESS
and local make road waron, suitable for
city delivery, 213½ N. SPRING ST. 2-4

FOR SALE—A YOUNG, SOUND, KIND FOR SALE — A YOUNG, SOUND, KIND horse, carriage and harness, cheap. Address W, box 46, TIMES OFFICE. 4 FOR SALE—GOOD DELIVERY WAGON, 2 horses, 2 sets double harness, cheap. Inquire at 617 SAN JULIAN ST. 10 horses, 2 lette 407 SAN JULIAN ST. 10
TO LET-PASTURE LANDS; ALSO WANT stock to pasture. Address E. J. BURLING-HAM, Downey.
FOR SALE-2 FINE INDIAN GAME HENS: also 12 laying brown Leghorns. 734 TUR-NED ST. 12

FOR SALE - HORSES AND BUGGIES AT the DEXTER STABLES, 712 S. Broadway. FOR SALE-250 HEAD OF STOCK HOGS Address L, box 57, TIMES OFFICE. 4

IVE STOCK WANTED.

WANTED - PLYMOUTH ROCK HENS large, thoroughbred; state price, where seen. Address K, box 11, TIMES OF FICE.

HYDROPATHIC— And Hygienic Treatment LOS ANGELES CURE BATH AND MAS-sage Institute, 630 S. Broadway, bet. Sixth and Seventh sta. Hydropathic and hygienic treatment of acute or chronic complaints, after the renowned system of Father Kneipp and Louis Kuhne, Leipzig, Germany. This institute is the cleanest place in town for steam and sun baths. We give first-class massage only; first-class attendants. Pros-pectus sent free.

NOTARIES\_

B. D. LIST. NOTARY PUBLIC: LEGAL PA-pers carefully drawn. 1854 W. SECOND.

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Shares and Money.

Shares and Money.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The controlling influence in the stock market todays was the President's message. Before it was published rumors of its touching on sugar had been received by houses who deal for the Sugar managers. This fact was evidenced by the course of the stock and by the heavy selling therein. Sugar opened ¼c higher, but was immediately forced down 1½ per cent. to 84%. At the lower figures a bull movement was started, based on the resumption of work at two of the trust refineries, and good buying carried the price up 2½ per cent. to 85%, but the improvement was not the day. This figure was reached just as the text of the President's message reached the street. The bears renewed their demonstrations against the stock, using the recommendation for the refloval of the protective principle in the sugar schedule, but as usual the thing had been discounted and the stock took an upward turn, rallying 1½ per cent. to 84%, with a final reaction of % per cent, making a decline on the day of 2% per cent day o All of the granger group made gains on the day, and closed at or near the best figures touched. Northwestern made the only important improvement, 1% per cent, on buying by Chicago to cover a short interest. The other grangers are up % per cent, each. The coal stocks benefited by the united action of the sales-agents in fixing rates and production. Delaware and Lackawanna made an advance of 2% per cent, and the others of the group made %6% per cent. Advance, except Reading, which is down % per cent. Lake Shore rose 1% per cent, lost the entire advance and railled to 136 in the final sales. Lead rose % per cent and then broke 1% per cent, but subsequently recovered % per cent. Lead preferred fell off 1% per cent. The changes in the rest of list in the main are in the direction of higher prices. The bond market was strong during the morning and in the afternoon there was some recession. The closing, however, was \$\frac{x}{x}\$ m, the transactions being large, and the total-reached \$\frac{x}{x}\$ for \$\frac{x}{x}\$ and the total-reached \$\frac{x}{x}\$ for \$\frac{x}{ S. R. Cooper & Co., Grain, Provisions, Stocks

San Francisco Mining Stocks.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3. - The official losing quotations for mining stocks today

19 Julia .....

The Visible Supply.

The Visible Supply.

NEW YORK. Dec. 2.—The visible supply of grain Saturday. December 1, as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange, is as follows: Wheat. 85,159,000 bushels, an increase of 1,215,000 bushels; corn. 4,860,000 bushels, an increase of 1,204,000 bushels; oats, 9,740,000 bushels, an increase of 55,000; ryc. 477,000 bushels, an increase of 55,000; barley, 3,809,000 bushels, an decrease of 140,000.

London Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The Evening Post' London cablegram says that the stock markets today were quite good. American securities have risen on expectations of the President's message, which is awaited with much interest. Prices, however, finished under the best. Other markets were dull

DeVan & Rutledge,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

146 North Spring street.

TELEPHONE 157.

PRIVATE WIRE.

For the waittier State School.

IN PURSUANCE OF THE ACTION OF
the Board of Trustees of the Whittier State
School, sealed proposals will be received by
the Superintendent of said school at his office,
in Whittier, Los Angeles county, California,
up to 12 o'clock m. Saturday, December 13,
1884, for furnishing the following supplies to
the said school for the year 1895;
Said supplies to consist of:
1. Coffee, tea, syrup, rice, etc.
2. Canned goods.
3. Groceries.
4. Butter, eggs. cheese and yeast,
5. Saif said lord and nork

19. Drugs
20. Stationery.
All parties or firms desiring to bid will address Superintendent of Whittier State School, Whittier, Cal., for terms and specifications and blank forms.
In order to preserve uniformity, and to facilitate the award, it has been resolved to receive no bids unless made upon blank forms furnished by the Superintendent.
The number of class bid for should be plainly marked on outside of envelope containing bid.

ANDREW MULLEN. Bond List.

FRANCIS L. HAYNES, W. C. PATTERSON.

Examination of Teachers. NOTICE, IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE semi-annual examination of teachers will be held in the State Normal School building, corner of Grand ave. and Fifth street, Los Angeles, beginning on Monday, Dec. 24th, at 10 o'clock a.m.

All applicants for certificates upon examination must be present at the beginning of the examination.

Ala. class B. 105 M. K. T. 124 48. 83
Ala. class C. 2214 M. K. T. 124 48. 4634
Ala. Cur 22 Mutual U. 68. 110
A. C. 48. 514 N. J. C. 0. 58. 115
Missouri 68. 100 N. J. C. 0. 58. 115
N. C. 48. 102 N. J. C. 188. 834
N. C. 48. 102 N. W. 408. 834
N. C. 48. 102 N. W. 408. 842
S. C. non-fund 11/2 N. W. 408. 842
Tenn. n. s. 68. 25 St. P. Con 78. 1304
Tenn. n. s. 68. 105
Tenn. n. s. 68. 105
Tenn. n. s. 69. St. L. & I. M. 58. 79
Va. Con 106 St. L. & I. M. 58. 79
Va. Con 107
Va. Co All approximation must be present at the beginning of the examination.

Teachers dealring their certificates renewed should file application for renewal with the secretary of the county board of education (room 47, courthouse,) on or before Dec. 20th.

Teachers holding valid primary grade certificates issued in this county, and desiring to take the grammar grade examination, must report on Thursday, Dec. 27th, at Normal Schoel building.

By order of the board of education.

W. W. SEAMAN, Secretary. 

Los Angeles, Dec. 3, 1894.

Receiver's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF SALE issued on the 3rd day of December, 1894, in the matter of William H. Abel, an insolvent debtor, out of the superior court of department No. 3, of the state of California and for Los Angeles county, and to me directed and delivered, wherein I am commanded to sell the following property, to wit:

manded to sell the following property, to wit:

One stock of druss and fixtures, 'cgether with the book accounts of William H. Abel, an insolvent debtor.

Notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the Sth day of December, A.D. 1894, at 10 o'clock a.m., I will sell all the right, title and interest of said insolvent in and to the above described property, at Not 4.4 South Main street, Los Angeles city, county of Los Angeles, at public auction, for cash 'n hand, in U. S. gold coin, to the highest and best bidder.

Dated at Los Angeles, this 3rd day of Depated at Los Angeles, this 3rd day of De-sember, A.D. 1894.

J. C. CLINE, Receiver.

Notice for Publication of

Notice for Publication of Time for Proving Will, etc.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT, STATE OF California, county of Los Angeles, ss. In the matter of the estate of Stephen Richards, deceased. Notice of publication of time for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given that Thursday, the 5th day of December, 1884, at 10 o'clock am. of said day, at the courtroom of this court, Dept. No. 2 thereof, in the city of Los Angeles, county of Los Angeles, and state of California, has been appointed as the time and place for hearing the application of Susan Richards, Albert E. Richards and Mary A. Green, praying that a document now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of the said deceased, be admitted to probate, and that letters testiamentary be issued thereon to your petitioners, a which time and place all persons interested therein may appear and contest the same.

he same Dated Nov. 22d, 1894. Dated Nov. 22d, 1894. By C. W. BLAKE, Deputy. By C. W. BLAKE, Deputy. Hortimer & Harris, Att'ys for Petitioners.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Money on call at 1@2 per cent.; last loan, 1 per closed at 1 per cent.; prime mer paper, 2%@5 per cent.; sterling exwas strong, with actual business in billis at 4.57%@4.88 for demand, and 4.57 for 60 days; posted rates, 4.57 and 4.5%@4.89; commercial bills, 4.65%; silver certificates, 62 bid; goverbonds, firm; State bonds, dull; rebonds, firm.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.— Petroleu strong. Pennsylvania oil, sales not ary option, sales none; closed 85% oil, sales none.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS

Grain and Produce.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—Bull news on wheat of the service of the all day. Short sellers resisted the earl tempts of the buyers to put the mark line with the news, and for a time successful, but they were finally routed vance of \(\frac{1}{2}\)c, while December rose \(\frac{1}{2}\)c, made the insignificant gain of \(\frac{1}{2}\)c. Oats vanced \(\frac{1}{2}\)c and provisions also advance little. The opening transactions in we were at a range of \(\frac{60}\)% \(\frac{60}\)%, with a grassagging tendency during the part two he although foreign markets were reported and the Argentine crop giving a much po promise than the early estimates. Expowere reported to have bought 500,000 but of No. 2 red in New York at outports Saturday and to have paid 2c over the of December futures for some of it. Cle cables were very strong, and so was

May

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour v
unchanged and firm; No. 2 spring whe
594,06514; No. 3 spring wheat, 61; No. 2 at
594,0654; No. 2 oars, 874; No. 2 oats,
No. 2 rpc, 48; No. 2 barley, 52624; No.
50,05314; No. 4 46,0514; No. 1 flax see
1.48; prime timothy seed. 5.65; mess pop
per bbl., 12.25612.374; lard, per 100 h
7.024; short ribs, sides (loose, 10,065.30; d
salted shoulders (boxed, 514,05%; short cle
sides (boxed,) 64,054; whisky, distillers' fi
shed goods, per gal., 1.23; sugars, cut lot
—; granulated, —; standard "A,"—t Grain Movements.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

Liverpool Grain.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 3.— Spot wheaf was firm and the demand moderate. Ne. 2 red winter, 5s 10d; No. 2 red spring, stock exhausted; No. thard Manitoba, 5s 6d; No. 1 California, 5s 44d. Futures were firm, with near position offered 2 farthings higher and distant positions 6 farthings higher and distant positions 6 farthings higher and distant positions 6 farthings higher and distant positions 62 farthings higher. Business was about equally distributed. December, 5s 74d; January, 5s 24d; May, 5s 24d. Spot corn was firm. American mixed, 5s, Futures opened firm and closed firm. Business was heavier to near-by positions. December, 5s 4d; January, 4s 64d; March, 4s 54d; April, 4s 54d; May, 4s 54d. Flour was strong and the demand was moderate. St. Louis fancy winter, 6s. Hops at London, Pacific Coast, 22 15s.

Boston Stock Market.

Boston Stock Market. BOSTON, Dec. 3. — Atchison, 4%; Bell elephone, 196; Burlington, 70; Mexican, 6%. London Silver.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—Bar silver, 28%d; con-ols, 103%; discount rate, 2 per cent.—

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS. Grain and Produce.

Grain and Produce.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3. — Wheat was easier. May. 1.05%. Barley was weak. December, 85. Corn, 1.25; bran, 13.50.

Flour — Family Extras, 3.4093.55; Bakers'. Extras, 2.3093.40; Superfine, 2.2002.55. Strong advices from Liverpobl were of encouraging character in the wheat market. No. 1 shipping wheat, 39%, with 95 for choice parcels: milling grades, 95% 401.00. There are liberal offerings of Walls Walls wheat, sales being made at 25% 4085 for damp. 87% 688% for sood stock and 906932% for choice. The volume of business in barley continues small. Feed, after the continues of the continues of

Receipts. Receipts.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2. — Receipts:
Flour, sacks, 11.347; Oregon, 19.074; Washington, 11.656; wheat, centals, 44.129; Oregon, 30.63; Washington, 22.335; barley centals, 5067; Oregon, 7122; Washington, 22.77; oats, centals, 1790; Oregon, 4956; Washington, 4500; corn, centals, 450; rye, sacks, 153; potatoes, sacks, 278; Oregon, 1404.

Drafts and Silver. SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3. — Silver bars, 61%@61%; Mexican dollars, 51@51%; drafta, sight, par; telegraph, 5.

SHIPPING NEWS.

PORT OF SAN PEDRO.

The following are the arrivals and departures at the port for the past twenty-four hours:

Arrivals—None.

Departures — Dec. 3, schooner Maggie C.
Russ, Jacobson, for Eureka, in ballast; schooner Vesta, Lundwald, for Port Blakely, in ballast; barkentine Skegitt, Robinson, for Port Blakely, in ballast, barkentine Skegitt, Robinson, for Port Blakely, in ballast.

Tides, Dec. 4.—High water, 3:41 a.m. and 1:39 p.m.; low water, 8:16 a.m. and 9 p.m.

The Original Way. (Atlanta Constitution:) Lawyer. I tell you, you can't hang this man by law! Rural Justice. Is that so? Lawyer. It is, el! Rural Justice. Well, we'll hang him by

\_ By putting in Browne's hot-air furnace. It don't cost much. Try it. No. 314 South Spring. BELLING RESIDENCES MADE BASY

Rain is Coming.

And you need a house. Before ordering plans for same talk with C. H. Brown and E. H. Fisher, No. 516 Stimson building. They can save you money. Eight-room Colonial houses for \$1500.

SHARP & SAMSON, funeral directors, No. 536 South Spring street Tel. No. 1029.

Chinese and Japanese Curios, art goods, embroidered shawis, hand-kerchiefs, dressing-gowns, retailed at whole-sale prices. Heng Lee, importer, 505 N. Main. 350 ENVELOPES, 50c; 14 ream writing perent, 25c. Langutadter, 214 West Second.

Grain, Stocks and Bonds bought and sold for cash or on margin. Daily mar-ket circular sent free. "JESSE MOORE" whiskles are une THE TURKS' SIDE.

#### (COAST RECORD, WILL LIQUIDATE.

#### The Tacoma National Bank Closes Doors.

It Suspended Last Year, but Re opened and Did Little Business.

Mrs. Mary Lease at Fresno—Trouble at a Moqui Indian Village Settled-Changes on Mt.

esociated Press Leased-wire Service.

TACOMA (Wash.,) Dec. 3.—Owing to erally unsatisfactory business condition Tacoma National Bank closed its doors this morning, having decided to liquidate. Cashier Synder gives the bank's liabilities at \$202,000 and its assets at \$512,000. The bank has paid out \$712,000 in the at \$202,000 and its assets at \$512,000. The bank has paid out \$712,000 in the last twenty-three months. It was one of the banks which suspended in 1893 and reopened in December last. Since that time the bank has settled with a large number of its depositors, but being unable to get back their former business, the directors decided to go inte liquidation.

At the time of the Baring failure, its deposits amounted to \$1,250,000. When it suspended in 1893 its liabilities had been reduced to \$510,000. When it closed today its deposits amounted to only \$116,000.

#### SALVINI'S LATEST.

#### First Production in San Francisco of the Romantic Drama "Zamar."

By Telegraph to The Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—An audience less fashionable or less in number nardly less fashionable or less in numbers than on the opening night of his engage-ment, greeted Salvini tonight at the Bald-win Theater to witness Paul Koster's new romantic drama "Zamar" for the first time

n San Francisco.

The story of the play is laid among the The story of the play is laid among the eventful episodes of early Spanish history. The plot rests upon a question as to the legitimate succession to the throne in consequence of an early marriage of Alphones to the Gypsy Queen Isidra, which was cissolved by the Pope. It transpires that a Gypsy chieftain named Zamar was the issue of this marriage, but he waives his right in favor of his half-brother, Ferdinand, preferring his own Gypsy royalty. He supports his brother's claim against the conspiring regent, Phillip, the struggles between the two factions involving many exciting incidents. There are two quaint and exquisite love rories running through the play which makes it as romantic as any lover of this school of drama can desire.

mantle as any lover of this school of diama can desire.

The play is full of action, and it was received by the audience with almost continuous applause. The final curtain rang down one of the most enthusiastic audiences Salvini has had in this city. As the Gypsy Chief Zamar, Salvini was powerful to a degree, and presented a most picturesque appearance. Outside of the star, individual hits were made by Miss Dickson as the Gypsy maid, Ifinda, and Miss Moretti, as the Princess Isabel.

#### THE HATCH TRIAL.

# Testimony as to Defendant's Previous

sociated Press Leased-wire Service.
WOODLAND, Dec. 3.—The Hatch case was resumed today. Several witnesses tes-tified as to Hatch's previous good charac-ter, and as to the hour he was last seen on July 11.

Gen. Hort's method of questioning R. H. Buckingham, one of his own witnesses brought out many objections from Atter-Cook, which were sustained by the court. Hart wanted the witness to sitively when he had last seen Harch on ly 11, but the witness would only say, bout three-quarters of an hour before

"About three-quarters of an hour before the train went out."
The defendant's mother was the last witness. Mrs. Hatch's 'estimony was to the effect that she had married twenty-one years ago, and that her son was not of age. Attorney Cook tried to prove that Young Hatch had sword falcely when he said he was 21 years of ago, when he procured his marriage license. This brought Gen. Hart to his fact with an objection, which was sustained by the court.

## A LOST SHIP.

#### The Richard Parsons Wrecked on One of the Phillipines.

San Francisco, Dec. 3.—The steamship City of Rio de Janeiro arrived here today, sixteen days from Yokohama. Her Asiatic advices are of even date with the news received on the Northern Pacific

news received on the Northern Pacific steamer Victoria on Saturday last. In fact, the City of Rio de Janeiro aniled eight hours earlier than the Victoria.

The Rio brought Capt. B. W. Joy, formerly of the American ship Richard Parsons, and the news of the wreck of that vessel on the coast of Mindora, one of the Phillippine Islands. The Parsons was coalladen from New South Wales to Manilla. She was lost in a typhoon on the 27th of September last. Six of the crew, including the mate, cook and steward, were lost. The wrecked vessel was owned at Rockport, Me. Among the passengers was W. K. Hill.

Among the passengers was W. K. Hill, the young Petaluma banker, who was fined \$100 by the English authorities at Hong Rong for attempting to sketch the fortifications. Hill is not inclined to talk about his avantance.

## MT. RAINIER.

# Its Marked Changes Due to Ava-lanches and Landslides.

seclated Press Leased-wire Service. SEATTLE (Wash.,) Dec. 3.—The air was sufficiently clear yesterday to permit of Mt. Ranjer being plainly seen, and there now remains no doubt that the mountain has undergone may changes, but it is due to a series of tremendous avalanches of snow, ice and earth, and not to any un-

It was observed that the crater rim was intact, showing that no trouble occurred there, but below great slices of the moun-tain have disappeared, and a bluff of solid rock several hundred feet high and of un-known length her known length has been formed. It is supposed that other slides have occurred on the other sides of the mountain.

## FATHER BOLLA'S FALL.

#### A Portland A. P. A. Editor Arrested for an Alleged Libel.

secclated Press Leased-wire Service.
PORTLAND (Or.,) Dec. 3.-J. T. Hayne publisher of the Portlander, the official organ of the American Protective Associa-tion, was arrested today on an indictment

tion, was arrested today on an indictment charging him with criminal libel. He was released on \$500 bonds. Rev. Eugene Bolla, a Catholic priest, is the complaining witness. The libel consisted in an article which appeared in Hayne's paper November 9, and was as follows:

"The Catholic Sentinel whines about taking girls away from the House of the Good Shepherd, where they have a chance to reform, but the spectacle of a drunken priest being assisted to the one here, as he said that was his home, would stamp it as a place unit for any female. The good father braced up sufficiently to offer the efficer the forms but the officer was not the forms, but the officer was not be a sufficiently to offer the forms. He did his duty. The

priest refused to say where he lived at first, but a threat of arrest made him change his mind."

The Rev. Eugene Bolla is the only priest connected in a special capacity with this institution. He deems that he was referred to in the publication.

#### THE OAKLAND TRAMPS. Mayor Steinman Wont Allow Then to Camp at Sacramento.

ssociated Press Leased-wire Service.
SACRAMENTO, Dec. 3.—The announce SACRAMENTO, Dec. 3.—The announcement being published that the Industrial Army leaders are quietly making arrangements to have the Oakland tramp contingent camp in Sacramento this winter and forage on the residents, Mayor Steinman today told Chief of Police Drew that if such a move is made he will grant him an extra force of special officers to take care of them.

He says this city has contributed all it ever will for any such bodies of men as long as he occupies his present position and that if they some here they will be compelled to make their camp outside the city limits.

#### A SMOOTH YOUTH.

# He Swindles Contractors and Busi

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—Building oct tractors, plumbers, painters, plasterers and tractors, plurabers, painters, plasters and electricians have been swindled out of \$2500 by a young man named J. S. Briean, posing as a Denver architect. Briean opened an office here a month ago and prepared plans for a \$40,000 building, upon which he invited contractors to bid. Briean which he invited contractors to bid. Briean let contracts to various contractors, charging each fees and a bonus for securing the contract for the new flats. When he had secured all he could from the contractors, he levied assessments upon merchants and other material men from whom he promised to buy supplies. Then he skipped with his easily-earned \$2500.

#### THE YOSEMITE.

#### Improvements Made by the Commis sion-The Merced.

ssociated Press Leased-wire Service.
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—The annua report of the Yosemite Valley Commission recounts improvements made in the hotels which will add to the comfort of visitors A new truss bridge has been built across the Merced River to replace the old one the Merced River to replace the old one swept away by floods. The big trees, singly and in groups, have been surrounded by roadways for the convenience of tourists, and as a protection against fire.

The commission desires an appropriation to remove brush and dead trees and to restrain the Merced River from overflows, which threaten buildings and trees.

#### REVERSED THE RULING.

#### University Regents not Responsible for Daniel Laundry's Death.

secciated Press Leased-wire Service.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—Daniel Laundry waz killed three years ago by being caught in a live telephone wire near Mt, Hamilton. His children sued the regents of the University of California for \$10,000 and got judgment. The regents asked for a non-suit because they owned the line in an official capacity and that the members an omcial capacity and that the memoers were not responsible individually for the acts of the board. The Superior Court de-nied the non-suit, and today the Supreme Court reversed this rubing, so that the re-gents escape the penalty.

#### A DOCTORED REPORT.

#### Evidence Against a Young Grainbuyer of Seattle.

SPOKANE, (Wash.,) Dec. 3.—A. Sloane, the young grainbuyer arrested two weeks ago in Portland on a charge of misappropriating funds of Adams & Co. of Seattle, was on preliminary examination today. Manager Carlin was the principal witness for the prosecution. He produced books and papers to show that Sloane doctored the grain report of vember 10 at Fairfield warehouse that he was a forger in consequence, hearing was continued to tomorrow.

# THE CARLIN STRIKERS.

#### They are Set Free and the People of Carson Rejoice.

secciated Press Leased-wire Service.

CARSON (Nev.,) Dec. 3.—The argumen in the second trial of the Carlin strikers, charged with obstructing and delaying the United States mails, closed this afternoon, and the case went to the jury, who retired and, after twenty minutes' deliberation, brought in a verdict of not guilty. When reatest enthusiasm was manifested. Fireells were rung and saiutes were fired.

## THE MOQUI INDIANS.

# Trouble at Their Village is Settled Without Bloodshed.

FLAGSTAFF, (Ariz.,) Dec. 3.—The trouble among the Moqui Indians at their village of Oraibi has been settled without bloodshed. The troops under com-mand of Capt. Robinson are now on their way to Fort Wingate with the leader, Habema, and nineteen other members of the disturbing element. These Indians will probably be sent East so future peace will reign in the

# A COWARDLY CRIME

# Vibian Shoots Down Billings With-

out a Word. SONORA, Dec. 3.—Alexander Billings, a miner, was shot and killed in front of Williams's saloon, this evening, by Steve Viblan, a saloon-keeper. Vivian walked from his saloon to where Billings stood and shot him without saying a word. The dead man is said to have been an industrious miner and leaves a widow and family residing near Jackson, Amador

# A Drunkard's Suicide.

PASCO, (Wash.) Dec. 3.—J. T. Welch, the yard section boss here, while sitting in Gray & Parkinson's saloon, this afternoon, suddenly drew a revolver and, placing it to his eye, fired, the entire top of his head being blown off by the discharge. Welch had been drinking heavily for the past two or three weeks.

# Mrs. Lease at Fresno. FRESNO, Dec. 3.—Mrs. Mary Ellen Lease of Kansas fame arrived here today and will locate on a twenty-acre farm. She will make Fresno her permanent

Killed by His Friend. VOLCANO, Dec. 3.—Thomas Dillon of Pine Grove was accidentally shot and killed while out hunting near this place by Clarence Bradshav, a bosom friend.

# "Bunco" Kelly's Trial. PORTLAND (Or.,) Dec. 3.—The trial Joseph "Bunco" Kelly for the murder George W. Sayres began today.

The District of Columbia grand jury yesterday presented two new indictments for embezzlement against Capt, Henry Howards. One charges that Howards embezzled 111,800 on October 15, 1679, the other bill charges the embezzlement of two sums, aggregating 120,760 on August 21, 1878. The original charge of forgery is Igoored.

# AWFUL ATROCITIES.

#### Armenian Refuges Tell Their | An Official Denial of the Armenian Tale.

The Turkish Authorities Acted with the Most Fiendish Cruelty.

Twelve Soldiers Killed by Indignant Villagers—The Latter's Houses Bombarded and Themselves Put to Death.

ated Press Leased-wire Service ATHENS, Dec. 2.—(By Atlantic Cable, associated Press Copyright, 1891.) The Associated Press exclusively has been able to give to the world the facts of the terrible atrocities perpetrated . upon Armenian Christians in Asia Minor, and today a rep-

atrocities perpetrated upon Armenian Christians in Asia Minor, and today a representative of the Associated Press succeeded in securing additional information confirming the previous statements made. The representative today met twenty Armenian refugees, who arrived here from Armenian refugees, who arrived here from Armenia, after a journey full of hardships and sufferlyg. Securing the services of a first-class interpreter he gathered the Armenians together at a convenient place, and, after relieving their pressing necessities, the interpreter questioned the refugees concerning the terrible events of which they had, in a number of cases, been eyewitnesses. This party of Armenians is the first that has escaped from the districts where the massaces occurred, and it is believed that even worse somains to be told, as the horrors described srequing with the party left. Most of the persons who told their stories today except from Moosh, Bitlas and Sassoun, taking with them what little they could carry and making their way with the greatest difficulty to the Russo-Turkish frontier and going to Erivan and Etchmidazin. Several Armenian women escaped from the villages with this party, but when wer Erzerom they died from the effects of sabre wounds inflicted upon them perfore their escape.

For about eighteen months the Armenians say that the province of Sassoun

First own they died from the effects of sabre wounds indicted upon them before their escape.

For about eighteen months the Armenians say that the province of Sassoun has been surrounded by Turkish troops. Nobody has been allowed to enter or leave. About four months ago the Turkish authorities learned that the inhabitants of Vartemis. a village outside the frontier of Sassoun, were sending for the necessaries of life to the village of Dalvorig. Such communication between the two villages being prohibited, the Turks massacred nearly all the inhabitants of Vartemis. The first took place about a year ago.

One of the refugees, a man named Khadjik, states that his tincle and aunt were both killed, the latter being violated before being put to death. An Armenian priest named Kevont was killed for refusing to celebrate Turkish rites in his church at Vartemis. The village contained 325 Armenian houses before the Turks attacked it, but when the fugitives left only twenty-dive houses remained standing. Dalvorig, it appears, is the largest village in the province of Sassoun, and its inhabitants, when they learned of the horrors perpetrated by the Turks at Vartemis, attacked the Turks on the frontier. The Turkish commander eventually sent twelve soldiers into Dalvorig to learn what had occurred. The Armenians, filled with indignation at the atrocities committed by the Turks at Vartemis, attacked the Sulvers and put them all to death. When the Turkish commander was informed of the death of his soldiers, he determined on vengeance in the most bloody manner possible. A strong force of Turkish roops was sent to the village with artillery, and the massacre began. Guns kept up a continuous fire upon Dalvorig intill practically not one stone was left standing upon another.

seio, the Bey of Initzoun, a Kurd, with a detachment. of Kurdish exazir, went with the Tu'kish soldier's to the village of Semal and foreibly took the Armenian priest from his church, after disgustingly defiling the sacred versels and the priest's hands. They then bound him on a donkey which, they drove 3 distance of a few yards. The soldier's then fired at the priest and killed him and the beast to which he was bound.

In the same village the Turkish soldier's entered an Armenian house and violated a woman and her daughter, the latter being 14 years of age. From this village Selo foreibly took eight. Armenian girls and sent them to his harem at Initsoun. Further atrocities were committed by the Turks at the village of Vellehusen. Before dawn this place was surrounded by soldiers, and while the inhabitants were still asleep it was set on fire. The brutal soldiers entered the residence of a man named Araket, who was asleep with his wife, and tortured them both in a horrible manner with red-hot irons. At this village, the soldiers killed the Armenian priest Motgosa, with the twenty other inmates of a house. They were burned to death, the soldiers hilled the Armenian priest Motgosa, with the twenty other inmates of a house. They were burned to death, the soldiers and the burning building.

The chief of the village of Cheneg was captured by the soldiers and priest may be determined to twenty-five regulars of the Turkish cavairy, after committing inexpressible horrors at the village of Sebghank, went to the village school and ravished the girls found there and then devastated the building.

Ibo Bey, the notorious Kurd brigand of the village of Dibran, and a colonel in the regular army, went with a detachment of Turkish troops to the Armenian villages of Bahlou, together, about two hundred in all, and, after ravishing them, killed them all with guard and the village of Dibran, and a colonel in the regular army, went with a detachment of Darban and Selection of Bahlou, together, about two hundred in all, and, after ra

# government by the Department of State of the United States, Dr. Thoumain was par-

Trouble.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The Turkish WASHINGGON, Dec. 3.—The Turkish legation today furnished the Associated Press the official telegram received by the Minister from Turkey, relative to the trouble with Armenians. It says it has been ascertained that agitators, originally from Roumania and Greece, and recruited in the Caucasus, took an important part in the Sassum rebellion, with the Armenians of the Talouric district, who started the revolt, attacking Mussulman villages. Troops were immediately sent, who never employed more than seventy or eighty Kurds.

Kurds.

The facts show, it is claimed, that far from committing any cruelties, the regular troops succeeded in restoring peace and order. The further proof of that was that there was no persecution of any sort, and there was no persecution of that was that there was no persecution of any sort, and the fact that peaceful Armenian villages, not partaking in the revolutionary move-ment, were left in perfect security and unmodested.

#### PROBING AGAIN.

#### THE LEXOW COMMITTEE RE SUMES ITS INQUIRY.

Father Ducey Ignores Archbishop Corrigan's Command not to be Present—A Witness Admits Perjury.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—After a month's recess, the Senate Investigating Committee today resumed probing into the corruption in the police department of this city. Senator Saxton's resignation leaves the committee with only six members.

the committee with only six members.

Father Ducey appeared in court. The fact that he ignored Archbishop Corrigan's notice not to present timself at the sessions of the Larow Committee was a topic of interest. Father Ducey would only say to the reporters for information of any kind; "I refer you to Madison avenue, where Arabbishop Corrigan lives." Among those present was John Burns, the English labor leader, accompanied by Samuel

jury in swearing that he was the owner of a saloon belonging to Mme. Schaude, who was under the ban of the excise

board, and could not procure a license.

Michael Ryan admitted that he had torn Michael Ryan admitted that he had torn up a subpoens to appear before the committee some time ago. He refused to answer questions which implied that he had been a "green-goods" dealer.

"Do you remember," asked Goff, "that Aplegate testified that you were at the head of one of the biggest 'green-goods' agencies in this city?"

"I do not."

Aplegate testined that you were at the head of one of the biggest 'green-goods' agencies in this city?"

"How much money did you pay Capt. Connor for allowing you to ply your business at the Pennsylvania ferries?"

"I never paid him anything."

"Now, on the solemnity of your cath, by your word as a man, will you swear that you do not know what the 'green-goods' business is?"

"To my personal knowledge, yes."

"Will you also swear that you do not know, of your personal knowledge, of any money that has been-paid to the police of this city as blackmail?"

"Yes."

Ryan denied all knowledge of the "green-goods" business, but was led by Goff to admit that he had met Applegate in Taylor's hotel in Jersey City. Applegate was then called and testified that he knew Ryan as a "green-goods" man, and had met him In Taylor's Hotel and other places, which, he said, were resorts of "green-goods" man.

Meekin.

Applegate was recalled and said that Flannery had told him that he would be rewarded for signing the amidavit. Ryan was recalled and refused to give any testimony about the "green-goods" business, and, on leaving the courtroom, was arrested for refusing to obey a subpoena to testify, and he was held in \$500 ball, ex-Assemblyman Callahan being his bondsman.

registered under an alias from the Grand Central lodging-house, for which Assem-blyman Callahan paid him \$1. Harris did not vote. He was arrested and sent to the Eric County Prison before the election. THE COMMITTEE OF SEVENTY.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3 .- The Committee Seventy is preparing a statement for publication, setting forth its position as regards the more extended and detailed reforms which it has recently decided to undertake. This statement with the reports of sub-comparing ports of sub-committees charged with in-vestigation in the various departments in the city government will probably be com-plete tonight or tomorrow. Charles Stew-art Smith, chairman of the Executive Com-

art smith, chairman of the Executive Committee, said yesterday that the subject of small parks, concerning which there was a plank-in the Seventy's platform, would be carefully considered.

The civil service laws, as they appear to those holding positions in the police department and the board of excise, Smith said, had been the subject of study by Perphaging the Committee of Services (Service).

said, had been the subject of study by Bernheim of the Committee of Seventy and it was the intention to make a thorough and systematic investigation of this subject. Considerable attention, Smith said, will be paid to the subject of removal of garbage and the committee has already some reports on the systems in London, Berlin, Paris and Vienna.

He further said it was the intention of the Seventy to make an investigation of this matter before the Board of Estimate makes up its next budget, with a view to considering if the present appropriation is sufficient. A commission will probably be appointed to examine into the entire expenses of maintaining the city government and making comparisons with those of other large cities. The tenementhouse question will also be considered.

## SOUTHERN PAPERS.

# They Leave Their Organization

Join the Associated Press.

Join the Associated Press.

Jasociated Press Lessed-wire Service.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The Atlanta ournal today withdrew from the Southern Associated Press and signed a ninety-year contract with the Associated Press. The leased-wire service of the Associ-ated Press will be extended to Atlanta next Saturday, The Columbia (S. C.) Register today withdrew from the Southern Associated

The Columbia (S. C.) Register tony withdrew from the Southern Associated Press and signed a ninety-year contract with the Associated Press. The southern night leased-wire service of the Associated Press was extended from Richmond, Va., to the capital of South Carolina tonight passing through Danville and Charlotte, N. C., en route to the Southern papers.

The North Platte (Neb.) National Bar failed to open its doors yesterday morning and is in charge of the national bank exa-mers. Its easiest and liabilities are na-known. The capital stock is \$75,000.

# MEETS AGAIN.

[Continued from first page.]

import duties to be in gold in cash where the articles of importation are brought from countries whose governments refuse to open their mints to free coinage of sil-

WHAT THEY SAY.

PUBLIC MEN AND CLEVELAND'S MESSAGE.

A Few Flattering Encomiums Among a Mass of Adverse Criticism— Press Comment—A Routine Document.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Speaker Crisp had no opportunity to examine the message carefully, owing to the frequent interruptions, and was not prepared to express an opinion until he had done so. Mr. Wilson, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, expressed his great gratification over the President's vigorous recommendation of the free coal and iron bills sent to the Senate, and his indorsebills sent to the Senate, and his indorse-ment of the recommendation of the abo-lition of the differential on refined sugar. Mr. Bryan (Dem.) of Nebraska said he was opposed to any financial scheme which would give private individuals the power to issue money.

would give private individuals the power to issue money.

Mr. Harter (Dem.) of Ohlo characterized the President's banking scheme as a good, long step in the right direction, but personally, he thought he ought to go further. The government, in his opinion, ought not to guarantee the payment of national bank notes or of any corporations.

Mr. Bailey (Dem.) of Texas is opposed to the government becoming a surety for the promissory notes of any business corporation, even though it be a bank.

Senator Mitchell (Rep.) of Oregon said:

"His whole financial scheme is impossible. It is a position really going back to old

wildcats."

Senator Blanchard (Dem.) of Louisana said: "I approve of the State banks recommendation. I am opposed to the repeal of one-eighth and one-tenth of I cent differential on sugar for the reason that 74 per cent. of 7,000,000 pounds of sugar produced in Louisiana shares in the differential."

tial."

Senator Hansbrough (Rep.:) "I had heard the President was suffering from the gout, and the message confirms it."

Senator Perkins (Rep.) of California says: "I like his recommendations for an increase in the navy, but am opposed to his free ship positions."

Senator Vilas (Dem.) of Wisconsin said: "It is a good business message."

Senator Chandler said: "The message is a very commonplace document."

Senator Chandler said: "The message is a very commonplace document."

Mr. Réed of Maine had nothing to say regarding the message. Mr. Burrows of Michigan had no comment to make.

Gen. Catchings (Dem.) of Mississippi, one of the Committee on Rules, strongly endorsed the President's financial views.

Of the Democratic members of the Committee on Finance, Senators Voorhees, Harris and Vest asked to be excused from the expression of any opinion on the financial views by the President, and Senator Jones of Arkansas would only repeat what he has heretofore said, that he did not believe any financial legislation could be possible during the present session.

Republican members of the committee were almost as disinclined to talk as their Democratic colleagues. Senator Sherman would as no further these consenses.

were almost as disinclined to talk as their Democratic colleagues. Senator Shesman would go no further than to say that the message contained nothing striking. Senator Allison declared it was not a time for Republicans to take the lead.

Senator Brice says: "The Baltimore plan strikes me as a pure dream. Its adoption would certainly demoralize the finances of the country.

Senator Teller says: "I cannot see that the message offers any relief to the country and it appears to me as if the President failed to comprehend the financial or political conditions.

Senator Hoar of Massachusetts, said: "It is a message without vigor or cour-

"It is a message without vigor or courage, indicating in every instance the President's consciousness of public disapproval. Can this be 'haughty Mar-Senator Stewart said: "The financial plan in Cleveland's message, stripped of Senator Stewart said: "The financial plan in Cleveland's message, stripped of verbiage, means that the United States shall give bankers \$75 for \$22,50. Any bank that will deposit \$22,50 of legal tender, whether greenbacks or treasury notes, will receive \$75 of our government money, a cunning way of retiring greenbacks. It removes all restrictions of the banking law against expansion and contraction by the banks to enable them and their associates to 'ring' the market."

# PRESS COMMENT.

#### The Denver Republican "Mounts the Frame" of G. Cleveland.

DENVER, Dec. 3. — The Republican (Rep.) will comment on the President's message tomorrow as follows: "In July, 1893, when President Cleveland, at the dictation of the money power and in accordance with an evident agree-ment with the English government, called the Fifty-third Congress together in special session to repeal the purchasing clause of the Sherman law, he boldly declared in his call that repeal was all that was necthe Sherman law, he boldly declared in his call that repeal was all that was necessary to restore prosperity in this country. He accomplished his purpose by the coercion of the 'cuckoos' of his own party through buildozing and a shrewd use of the patronage of his office, but although he has made many public utterances since that time he has never taken occasion to notify the country that his prophesy regarding the best method or securing a return of prosperity has been fulfilled. The reason is obvious. The times have grown worse instead of better since the repeal bill passed in the fall of 1893, and even President Cleveland does not possess the hardihood to attempt to justify that stupendous criminal blunder."

"USEFUL INFORMATION."

"USEFUL INFORMATION."

OMAHA, Dec. 3.—The Bee (Rep.) will say: "The portion of President Cleveland's annual message which will command the first attention of the financial and business interests of the country is that relating to the currency, with which the message concludes. . . The message is a practical, business-like document, notably free from the peculiar characteristics which distinguish most of Mr. Cleveland's deliverances, and will repay careful perusal for the great amount of useful information it contains."

A DISAPPOINTMENT AND A HUMILIATION. "USEFUL INFORMATION."

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 3.—The Journal (Rép.) says that the President's message is a document which will attract attention only because of its length, and not because of the handling of subjects in which the American people are interested. Like all his official acts during the present term, the document is a disappointment to the people and must be a humiliation to his remaining adherents.

STRIKING AND SUPPRISING

STRIKING AND SURPRISING The Times (Dem.) says that the striking The Times (Dem.) says that the striking feature of President Cleveland's annual message is its lucidity and comprehensiveness. The surprising feature of the document is the absence of any recommendations that would invite contention. The message is written in the vigorous style and rugged periods which mark all the state papers of Mr. Cleveland.

HENRI WATTERSON'S HUDGWENT. HENRI WATTERSON'S JUDGMENT.

LOUISVILLE (Ky.,) Dec. 3.—The Cour-pr-Journal (Dem.) says: "The President's annual message, submitted to Congress seterday, is unusually long, and is al-lost as uninteresting as it is long. Aside

from the indorsement and synopsis of Seretary Carlisle's plan for currency reform with one or two other recommendation the message has but little other signicance than attaches to a clock-like codensation of the various departmental ports. In this respect it is very different from some of the preceding messag of Mr. Cleveland."

PLEASE THE POPULISTS. PLEASE THE POPULISTS.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 3.—The Leader says the message is remarkable for nothing but the President's financial recommendations which, he declares, are intended to please the Populists and Democrats of the South and West and which, if carried out, would result in the revival of wildcat currency and the material weakening of the national banking system by decreasing the security of the holders and leaving depositors at the mercy of dishonest bank officials.

LEAST ORIGINAL MATTER.

LEAST ORIGINAL MATTER ST. LOUIS, Dec. 3.—The Globe-Dem will say: "The message of the Presiden this year is the longest one her has ever written and the one that contains the least matter of original interest and importance That part of the message which will at tract the most attention is the outline of a plan for a new currency system."

WILL EXCITE LITTLE HOSTILE CRIT CHICAGO, Dec. 3 .- The Herald will say

CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—The Herald will say:
"The annual message of Mr. Cleveland is
very much in earnest, and those portions
which express his personal views on public
policy and the principles of the gowernment have his usual force and directness.
On the whole, it is a satisfactory document, which clears up the situation; which
will excite but fittle hostile criticism, and
which is a creditable American state paper." CLERICAL AND GOUTY.

CLERICAL AND GOUTY.

The Tribune (Rep.) says: "With the exception of the brief tariff statement and the somewhat longer financial statement, the message is purely clerical, and revealisthe routine work of the departments. Summed up, it is a long business message, without partisan exalitation on the one hand or useless mourning over recent catastrophes on the other hand, and with evident suggestions of gout." GROVER LOST HIS GRIP. NEW YORK, Dec. 3.-The World says

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The World says:
"The message, as a whole, is a disappointment. There is no clear note of leadership in it. It contains not the slightest
recognition of the causes of the recent disasier to the Democratic party. It has not
a word indicating the purpose to amend
the faults and correct the blunders that
contributed to this defeat."

# THE ESTIMATES.

WHAT UNCLE SAM IS EXPECTED TO SPEND.

Changes of Interest as Compare with Appropriations for the Cur-rent Fiscal Year—Public Works.

ated Press Leased-wire Esrolee Associated Press Leased-wire Szvolee.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The Secretary of the Treasury today sent to the House his estimates of the appropriations for the fixed year ending June 30, 1896, which aggregate \$410,435,079 as against \$411,879,041 estimated for the present fixed year. Following is a recapitulation of the estimates by the departments for 1895 with convergence of 1895. 1896, with comparisons for 1895, cents Departments. Estimates. Appropriations

| Departments | Estimates | Appropriations | IS96. | IS95. | I

Grand total ....\$410,435,079 \$415,760,943 The changes of interest which these estimates present, as compared with the are as follows: In the Legislative branch salaries and expenses are increased about \$225,000; public works about \$400,000; public printing about \$150,000; Treasury public printing about \$150,000: Treasury Department, salaries and expenses are increased about \$100,000: Territorial governments are decreased about \$30,000: internal revenue increased \$317,100, of which \$469,600 is on account of collection of the income tax provided for by the Act of August, 1894.

The estimates for public work are nearly \$4,700,000, which is for the continuation or

\$4,700,000, which is for the continuation or completion of public buildings as follows: Allegheny, Pa., to complete, \$175,000; Buf-falo, continuation, \$200,000; Chicago, for repairs \$50,000; Clarksville, Tenn., com-pletion, \$15,000; Fort Worth, Tex., comple-tion, \$40,000; Kansas City, continuation, \$100,000; Little Rock Ark, additions \$53 \$100,000; Little Rock, Ark., additions, \$58, 000; Newark, N. F., completion and additional lands, \$200,000; Norfolk, Va., completion, \$50,000; Omaha, continuation, \$200,000; Portland, Or., continuation, \$100,-000; Pueblo, Colo., continuation, \$50,000 St. Paul, continuation, \$105,000; San Fran

St. Paul, continuation, \$105,000; San Fran-cisco, commencement, \$150,000; Savannah. Ga., completion, \$200,000; Sioux City, Iowa, continuation, \$50,000; Worcester, Mass., completion, \$50,000.

The estimates for miscellaneous pur-boses are increased by \$1,190,000; District of Columbia, \$1,700,000 increase, while the permanent annual appropriations are de-creased by \$586,000.

Under the head of War Department the salaries and expenditures are increased by

creased by \$586,000.

Under the head of War Department the salaries and expenditures are increased by \$47,000; the military establishment by \$1,230,000; public works by \$9,661,000, which is accounted for by the necessity of paying nearly \$4,000,000 under contract for steel coast-defense guns and over \$4,000,000 for river and harbor works. Miscellaneous increase \$600,000, while the permanent annual appropriations are decreased \$200,000.

Under the head of the Navy Department there is an increase of \$5,519,423 for naval establishment, to meet contract payments on vessels in the course of construction. Public works, \$665,500 increase.

Under the head of Interior Department, departmental salaries are increased \$97,000; land office, \$50,000; Indian affairs, \$162,000; miscellaneous, about \$2,265,000; pensions are decreased \$10,000.

The estimates for the Department of Justice show an increase of about \$2,260,000 on account of prosecutions in United States Court.

Estimates for river and harbor improvements under the War Department include the following: Improving harbor and bay at Humboldt, Cal., \$225,000; axaminations, surveys and contingencies of rivers and harbors, \$150,000; improving the Mississippi River, \$750,000; total rivers and harbors, \$12,862,116.

SHIPPING INTERESTS.

## SHIPPING INTERESTS.

Bills Diminishing Taxes on Sailing Vessels and Measurements.

| secciated Press Leased-wire Service. |
| WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Two bills of in-

terest to shipping people were introduced in the House today by Representative

in the House today by Representative Pithian of Illinois.

The legislation incorporated in them was recommended by Commissioner Chamberlain of the Navigation Bureau of the Treasury Department, in his last report. The first bill provides that the gross tonnage instead of net tonnage shall be the basis of computing tonnage taxes, and what is knewn as the 3-cent rate per ton is reduced to 2 cents, and the 5-cent to 5 cents. These changes will not affect the desermand

revenues, but will diminish the taxes on salling vessels which are now said to be too high, and will transfer a portion of those charges to steam vessels.

The second bill changes the measurement law also to make it conform to those of Great Britain, Norway and other nations, and the object sought by the proposed legislation is to diminish the amount of taxes which vessels of the United States have to pay in foreign ports.

CHANGES IN RULES.

# The Democratic Senators Propose to

Associated Fress Leased-wire Service.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—There was more or less talk on the Democratic side of the chamber during the day about the importance of a change in the rules of the Senator George looking to that end. The resolution directs the Committee on Rules to report at the earliest practicable moment such amendments as will enable the Senate to reasonably discharge the legislative functions imposed upon it.

The resolution specifically provides that the Senate shall have power to come to a vote on any pending question after giving such reasonable opportunity for amendment and debate as the Senate may decide to be proper to compel the attendance of a quorum; that for the purpose of making a quorum, all Senators present may be counted without answering to their names, or that a Senator present who falls to answer to the call of his name shall be punished for disorderly behavior.

#### THE PUBLIC DEBT.

# A Decrease Owing to Receipt of Gold

for Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The monthly, debt statement, issued today by the Secretary of the Treasury shows that on Normber 30 the public debt, less the cash in the treasury, amounted to \$379,583,919, a decrease for the month of \$317,445.52. This decrease is altogether due to the receipt of gold in payment of new bonds not yet. gold in payment of new bonds not yet

#### SLUMP IN SUGAR.

Prices Cut at Philadelphia-Franklin Refinery Starts Up.

Prices Cut at Philadelphia—Franklin Refinery Starts Up.

Associated Press Leaset-wire Service.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 3.—Refined sugars declined % cent today, the result of an overstocked market, and the light demand. The Franklin refinery started today, but is running on short time. German granulated sugar is being laid down here at 39-16 cents, and the supply has something to do with the decline.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—President H. O. Havemeyer of the American Sugar Refining Company, this evening gave out the following signed statement:

"If one will fairly and dispassionately consider the President's recommendation, it will become apparent that it comes down to this, that the sugar company has taken action, the result of which is to deprive temporarily of work 25,000 persons employed in the various industries dependent upon the refining of sugar, together with the members of their families. I recommend such action as to deprive those persons of work permanently. If the industry is languishing, the proper course is to destroy it. There are some things which can be established through a demonstration. A comparison of the duty put by the tariff bill upon varieus articles will show that while the maximum protection accorded to sugar is 5 per cent., other and more favored articles receive protection up to 40 and 50 per cent. Why this discrimination shoulh be made arguinst a large number of persons who hold the atock in the company and are employed in its refineries, it is impossible to say. They protest against it. The answer to this protest in the President's message is, as the present protection is inadequate, it ought to be removed altogether.

"Reasonable legislative aid requires the sugar industry shall be treated as other important industries are. If this is done the industry cannot languish and thousands of discharged workmen will have remunerative employment. The country has already pronounced its judgment on the mode in which the last Congress dealt with the interests of workingmen. The President apparently has

"H. O. HAVEMEYER."

TRAILEDAD PROOPD WESTERN ROADS.

THEY DO NOT AGREE ON ALL PROPOSITIONS. The Rock Island Takes its Orders Out- Earnings of that Line for

Wage Schedule. CHICAGO, Dec. 8 .- The transcontinent lines have so far failed utterly in ma any progress which will lead to a se ment that will enable all of the Wes roads to get together in one agreeme Another general meeting of all lines slated, but it is difficult to see how it e slated, but it is difficult to see how it commount to anything so long as the transcontinental lines have agreed upon nothing tending to stop the demoralization in the territory. The Western roads held a shomeonic tending to stop the story.

meeting today to consider the question removing their orders from Eastern removing their orders from Basican territory.

The Rock Island has already taken its
orders of, but some of the other lines,
netably the Alton, do not see their way
clear to follow the lead. Nothing definite
was decided upon. Third Vice-President
Truesdale of the Rock Island has assumed
the duties of general manager of the system because of the resignation of St. John.
The earnings of the Rock Island for the
month of November are estimated at
\$1.148.463, a decrease of \$144,840 compared
with the estimated earnings of the system for the month of November, 1893.

THE O. R. & N. WAGE SCHEDULE.

THE O. R. & N. WAGE SCHEDULE.
PORTLAND (Or.,) Dec. 3.—In the United
States Court today the argument begun in
the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company wage schedule case, in which the
engineers, firemen, conductors, brakemen
and telegraphers petition the court for an
order restraining Receiver McNeill from
reducing their wages.

THE LEHIGH VALLEY ASSENTS.

THE LEHIGH VALLEY ASSENTS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The Lehigh Valley
Railroad Company has signified its assent
to the agreement proposed by the other
coal companies as to the tide-water and
Western prices, reduction of the output for
December to 50 per cent. of the June (1884)
output. This makes the agreement unanimous. The prices adopted are on the basis
of \$4:40 per gross ton at Buffalo and \$5.80
at Chicago, against \$4.60 on cars at Buffalo
and \$6 at Chicago, the same time last
year.

THE PASSENGER AGENTS. THE PASSENGER AGENTS.
OMAHA, Dec. 3.—General Passenge
Agent Lomax of the Union Pacific, wh
has just returned from the meeting of
the general passenger agents, now bein
held in Chicago, with a view of formin
a new association, said tonight that th
prospects seemed quite bright for a new
association, but did not expect anythin
definite before the last of the year.

THE D. & R. G. EARNINGS.

NEW YORK Dec. 3.—The October care

THE D. & R. G. 3.—The October e ings of the Denver and Ric Grands I road were: Gross, \$725,777. increase 328, net, \$337,997, increase \$18,291; sur-\$123,066, increase \$15,391.

# FANCY STOCK SOLD.

Frisco Prize-winners Bring Low Prices.

Five Thousand Dollar Horse nocked Down for Five Hundred.

Sale of Thoroughbreds at Lexington The Chicago Live Stock Show a Failure—Road Records

san Francisco, Dec. 3.—The thorughbred horses which won prizes at the orse show went for a rong at the auction day. The highest price paid for any animal was \$500 for El Beutzn, the son of Blectioneer, and Nellie Benton. The same

ctioneer, and Neille Benton. The same se sold for \$5000 thrso years ago. len Fortune, another son of Electioneer, ught only \$130. Theodore Kearney's rin-hand beauties were sold for \$710; gray leaders for \$490; the black selers for \$310. Mary B., daughter of agon, went for \$105, and Minnie B., sister, for \$65. Don Figaro, a granding son of Whippie's Hambletenian, ght \$100, and the average price was than that figure. Finally the bids best so slow that the sale was declared

# John L. Scudder Sees Nothing

Associated Press Leased-wire Service NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—Rev. John L. Scudder of Jersey City went to see the Yale-Princton football game, and preached

Hearing that football was degeneratinto slugging matches and was no ger fit for the eyes of fair ladies to old, I resolved to obtain my own inmation on the subject and draw my a conclusions," said he. "I went to nhattan field expecting to see twenty-human battering-rams engage in fiend-combat, but imagine my surprise when aw nothing that New England deacons a dominie of the old school could not rove.

r a dominie of the old school could not poprove.

"The match was a manly contest beween perfect gentlemen, It was rough, if course, but in no wise brutal. The layers were frequently lumped together a mass of struggling humanity. Ocsisionally this might have been uncomportable for the man at the bottom of the cap, but the hardy athletes did not seem o mind the crush, and appeared to us to e made of lindia rubber. No one was arried off dead, and no serious injuries occurred. The game showed vim, but no renom. The match was a marked contest to the brutal Yale-Harvard game, which was played a week previous, and which was played a week provious, and recipitated such prompt and universal condemnation. It showed the instantan-pus and overwhelming power of the pub-

#### BAY DISTRICT.

#### ay Day's Bun for Second Place the Mile Selling.

Suwanee and Enthusiast, showed in place today. There was nothing tional except May Day's run for d place with odds of 100 to 1 up to

won, Miss Willoughby second, wer third; time 1:06%. In furlongs, selling: Expense won, to second, Democrat third; time

mile, selling: Enthusiast won, May econd, McLight third; time 1:50. furlongs, 2-year-olds: Miss Clay yon, Gallant second, Playful third;

furlongs, selling: Braw Scot won, second, Captain Rees third; time

## ROAD RECORDS

#### The Century Club Officially Approve mber of Quick Runs.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—The following road records have been allowed by the Century Road Club of America: P. J. McDuffle, ten miles, 27:17, June 2, Massachusetts State record; A. E. Weinig, twenty-five miles, 1h. 10m. 25½s., September 15, New York State record; A. E. Weinig, fifty miles, 1b. 30m. 40s., September 15, American record; R. P. Searles, Chicago to New York, 1065 miles, 6d. 5h. 34m.; F. McFarland, five miles, 13:48, October 28, California State record; L. H. Darby, Denver, Swans century course, 6h. 56m., November 11, course record; A. P. Senior, 100 miles, 5h. 06m., November 11, Utah record.

# MORE-BRILLIANT.

#### ves Plays a Better Game and Beats Press Leased-wire Service

CHICAGO, Dec. 3 .- Ives won the first ight's billiard tournament in Central Music Hall, defeating Schaefer by a score of 600 to 413 in 22 innings. Schaefer vas the favorite, although every good ilay by Ives was applauded. Capt. A. C. on was referee. Ives played a more billiant game than Schaefer and did nuch more open table work. Schaefer's argest runs were 68 and 64, while Ives nade a run of 158 and another of 127.

# SALE OF THOROUGHBREDS.

finety-six Head Average Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars Each.

Issociated Press Leased-wire Service.

LEXINGTON (Ky.,) Dec. 3.—At Wood ward & Shanklin's auction sale of thor-nighbred yearlings today some good prices were realized. The attendance was large. Sinety-six head brought \$24,000, an aver-ige of \$250 per head.

ige of \$250 per head.

The best sales were: Bay colt by Leonatus, dam by King Alfonso, W. T. Woodward, Jr., of Lexington, \$1500; bay colt by leonatus, dam by Imp. Billet, Baker & Senerty of Lexington, \$1000; bay filly by Duke of Montrose, dam by Imp. Billet, Syron McClelland, \$1000; bay colt by Imp. Bellet, James Vichols, Paris, Ky., \$1000.

# BELIEVES IN BRIEN.

# Lucky" Baldwin Will Stand by His

Head Trainer.

Issociated Press Leased-wire Service.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—The excitement attendant upon the investigation of everal men connected with the Santa inita stable has about died out, but depite the action of the board of stewards it the California Jockey Club, William Frien is still head trainer for the stables.

J. Baldwin, the owner of the Santa inita horses, has confidence in Brien. He hinks the board of stewards made a missia in warning Brien off the track.

"There is no evidence against Brien," aid Baldwin. "A trifting circumstance as been made to work against my trainer and I propose to stand by him. There she other tracks in the United States laides San Francisco. In my opinion

all the in-and-out running of Rey el Santa Anita was due to Duff. This young man grew up with the stable, and was doubtless disappointed that he was not promoted to head trainer when I made a change. I have discharged Duff, but I propose to reta'n Brien."

#### ISOM AND COOMBS.

## The Two Jockeys Will be Heavily

Fined for Fighting. Fined for Fighting.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—Jockeys Bob
Isom and "Dutch" Coombs, who engaged
in a cutting scrape Saturday, will be severely punished by the board of stewards.
Their case is under consideration, and,
though they will not be ruled off, they will
have to pay a heavy fine. Coombs was not
badly hurt. Felix Carr had nothing to do
with the row, and did not hand a knife to
Isom, as has been stated. Isom is still in
jall.

# NO FAT FOR THEM.

# Live-stock Show at Chicago Financial Failure.

a success so far as presentation of exhibits was concerned, but the attendance outside of the night sessions was poor. What effect the deficit will have upon the future of live-stock shows will depend largely upon the feelings of the men who may be called upon to make good their guarantees.

#### SHEEPSHEAD TRACK.

#### Racing is Conditional Upon Favorable Legislation.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The following was given out at the rooms of the Jockey

"The racing season at Sheepshead Bay next summer will be all arranged for and left in abeyance until after the meeting of the Legislature. If the Legislators do of the Legislature. If the Legislators do not make racing a misdemeanor there will be racing at Sheepshead Bay next season. While entries will only be received subject to the conditions set forth in the resolution, there is very little doubt among competent turf authorities that the anti-gambling amendment will be so construed as to allow entrance fees and stake events. If such is the case there will be a Suburban, a Futurity and a Realization stake in 1895."

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 3.—Five furlongs: Barney Laraway won, Belle T. second, Nimrod third; time 1:09. Nime-sixteenths of a mile: Republic won, Dolly Brown second, Paddy Flynn third;

Dolly Brown second, Paddy Flynn third; time 0:55%.

Eleven-sixteenths of a mile: Ballardine won. Herndon second, Oakriew third; time 1:14.

One mile: Powhattan won, Mitra sec-ond. George Hakes third; time 1:50%.

Six furlongs: San Blas won, Hart Wal-lace second, Storekeeper third; time 1:201%.

# Dunraven's Challenge. LONDON, Dec. 3.—Mr. Grant of the Royal Yacht Squadron telegraphs from Cowes to the Associated Press as fol-lows: "The challenge was posted last night." This refers to Lord Dunraven's challenge for further races next year for

Capt. Brewer.

## TRADE UNIONISTS.

THEY MEET IN NEW YORK TO ENTERTAIN VISITORS.

Burns and Holmes, the Delegates to the American Federation of Labor Conference, Address Them.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3 .- John Burns, M.P. and David Holmes, M.P., the English delegates to the annual conference of the in Denver, spent a busy day. In company with Samuel Gompers, they made a trip through the Bowery and viewed the tene-ment houses on the East Side. Tonight a mass-meeting of the trade unionists of New York and Brooklyn was held in principal speakers.

David Holmes, who is chairman of the Textile Fabrics Association in England, If the war were c said it would be the duty of the workers in America, as they had done in England, to put down faction and insist upon united

in America, as they had done in England, to put down faction and insist upon united action.

Chairman Gompers, in introducing Burns, referred to him as the hero of Trafalgar Square. Burns was received with an ovation.

"We are determined," said he, "that the American workingmen shall unite in one grand movement, an international movement, unfettered by race or creed or color, joined with the workingmen in the Old World for the emancipation and amelioration of all those who earn their bread by honest labor."

Speaking of pensions paid to the veterans of the civil war, Burns said: "These men fought for a great principle. It was right to reward them, but if you deem it right right to reward these men who at best were partakers in the bloody and brutal trade of war, do you not cansider that the toilers in the slums, the men who, in removing garbage from your streets, inhale malarial odors which bring them to the grave; the men who, in the malarial odors which bring them to the grave; the men who, in the men who toil in the furnaces of Pittsburgh and other cities, do you not think that the families of those men whose lives have been lost in peaceful employment, or who, broken down in health, wear out the nds of their lives in your slums and misery and starvation are more worthy of pensiona than those who fought in battle?" (Cheera.)

Burns concluded by saying he had mere pity for the American woman than for the man. It was they who had greater privations. He appealed to all workmen to unite and they would "ere long succeed in carrying out the principles of true so-clailsm."

When President Gompers arose to introdues John W. Benn, M.P., he was greeted

cialism."
When President Gompers arose to introduce John W. Benn, M.P., he was greeted with a storm of hisses. These came from a strong contingent of the Socialist Labor party and the din became so general that Benn did not speak.

## GARTER IMPEACHED.

# The U. S. District Atterney is Denounced by A. R. U. Attorneys. BAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—A sensation was created this morning in the United States District Court, before which Mayne and Cassidy, the A.R.U. men, are on trial for conspiracy. Attorney Montelith, their counsel, formally moved to have United States District Attorney Garter

United States District Attorney Garter and Assistant District Attorney Samuel Knight removed from their positions as prosecuters in the case on the ground of bias and undue friendliness for the Southern Pacific Railroad Company.

Two affidavits by the defendants were introduced. It is charged that through all the recent strike trouble the District Attorney and his assistant conspired with the Southern Pacific officials and that they

#### FLASHES FROM THE WIRES.

took such unwarranted action on behalf of the railroad interests and became so biased that the conviction of the men now on trial is essential to a vindication of the District Attorney. It is further charged that the District Attorney and his assistant have a personal interest in suppressing evidence on behalf of the accused men, and that when the matter was under investigation before a United States grand jury the District Attorney's influence was wrongfully used to prevent the grand jury from hearing material evidence on behalf of the strikers.

It is also charged that Dist-Atty. Garter owes his appointment to the late Senator Stanford and the railroad influence, and that through all of the recent trouble he was active in their behalf. The motion to remove Dist-Atty. Garter and his assistant, Knight, and to substitute a special counsel for the prosecution was denied by Judge Morrow and the trial ordered to proceed.

and the trial ordered to proc

#### BUTLER'S SCHEME.

# be Pulling the Wires.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

COLUMBIA (S. C.,) Dec. 3.—In the Su-COLUMBIA (S. C.,) Dec. 3.—In the Supreme Court this morning Senator Butler's petition for an injunction restraining the State Treasurer from making payment, of salaries of supervisors of election registration was held. The attorneys for the Senator claim that the registration law is unconstitutional, and his supposed intention is to have the recent general election set aside as illegal, and then vittate the legality of the Legislature now sitting, and which will elect Tillman as his successor.

cessor.

Atty.-Gen. Buchanan for the State took the position that Gen. Butler, having here-tofore acceded to the constitutionality of the law, and having been a beneficiary under it by repeated election to the Senate, was barred from attacking, also that he could not bring action of a purely abstract nature. Argument is not yet completed.

#### CHINESE FIENDS.

# HORRIBLE TREATMENT OF FA-THER GOETTE.

Letter Giving Further Particulars of the Assault on the Mission-ary by Shensu Natives— Japan's Claims.

Japan's Claims.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 2.—A letter received from Father Hugh, O.S.H., a missionary priest in the province of Shensu, China, contains an account of the outrages of which Rev. Father Capislan Goette, formerly of St. Louis, was the victim.

The letter is dated September 18, and is addressed to the provincial of the Order of the Sacred Heart in this city. It said that on the 9th of September Father Goette was assaulted by natives, who drove off his Chinese servants and carried him a prisoner to a neighboring market town. At the time when the assault was made the father was engaged in locating and making claims to lands belonging to the church. For a whole day he was exposed to the indignity of the populace, who vented their rage by beating him, spitting in his face and striking at him with their long, brass-headed pipes. They tore his face with branches of thorns and committed other outrages. An attempt was made by his captors to shoot him, but, fortunately, the old firelock gun used by the Chinamen did not answer its trigger. One of the spectators offered to kill him for f.S.

From this town Father Goette was conducted to the gates of another market village, where he was treated in the same manner as at the first town. It was intended to put him to death at the third village, to which he was led, but the head man of that district declined to assume the heavy responsibility, and the prisoner, who was securely bound, was drawn out into the fields. His tormentors here stuffed his mouth full of dry clay, then some held him close to the ground by the hair, while others knelt upon his prostrate body and one of them applied a long knife to his neck. The father was able to grasp the arm of the would-be murderer, and some of the Chinese protested against this extreme act, and his life was saved. His captors finally concluded to throw him into a well, but the timely arrival of an official saved his life again.

The condition of the unfortunate father was most deplorable. He w

forces.

If Taku and Shen-Ual-Kwan cannot be attacked this winter because of the climate, the war will be pushed in other parts of China. No armistice will be granted unless and surthe war will be pranted unless China. No armistice will be granted unless China formally sues for peace, and surrenders Peking, or gives other pledges in proportion to the demand of Japan. It must be stipulated that Japan's power is

## FED ON GERMS.

#### The Marine Hospital Horse Thriving on Liquid Diphtheria.

associated Press Leased-wire Service.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Coincident with the return to the United States of Dr. Kinyon of the Marine Hospital Service

the return to the United States of Dr. Kinyon of the Marine Hospital Service, who went to Europe to investigate and report on the diphtheria cure, is the fact that experiments are already being made to obtain serum with which to conduct experiments in this country. The horse which is being used for the purpose of experimentation, and from which it is hoped to obtain a supply of serum, was purchased for the Marine Hospital Service some time ago, and is now kept in a branch station of the Agricultural Department, near Bentlings.

The animal has been given injections of the liquid obtained from the feeding of diphtheria germs taken from the throat of a child suffering from diphtheria, in a mixture of beef broth and peptine, until they have reached full development. To get the animal thoroughly immuned against the disease will take from six to nine months' administration of the liquid. When the animal is in condition, and the germs have had full effect, the horse is bled, and the serum is secured. The effect on the horse is watched with much interest, and care was taken in selecting him to get one free from disease of any kind.

# Dick Fails Pleads Guilty.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 3.—Dick Fails, the pugilist, who killed James McCarthy in a saloon last June, pleaded guilty today and was sentenced to six years and six months in prison. What Tammany Hall is.

What Tammany Hall is.

(New York Times:) To say that Tammany Hall is a gang of thieves is not a rhetorical flourish, but an arithmetically accurate statement of fact. It is impudent for the leader of the organisation to talk as if the things brought to light by the Lexow Committee were mere incidents of Tammany government. They are nothing of the kind; they are its essence. Tammany Hall is primarily an association of men who are bent upon getting livelihoods or fortunes by taxing the earnings of men engaged in honest industry, and also by taxing the earnings of dishonest industry in the form of blackmail.

was fibi,258,784; net gold reserve, \$108,983,-419.

At Manistique, Mich., Joe Mitchell's house and two boys, aged 4 and 5 years, were burned yesterday.

The steamship Lahn will take out tomorrow 177,000 cunces of silver and the Majestic on Wednesday will take out 30,000 cunces more.

The Belleville Brass Works Company made an assignment at Belleville, Ill., yesterday, for the benefit of its creditors. The liabilities are \$27,000; assets, \$37,000.

The Legislature of the State of Mexico has ordered the Governor to place all arms and soldiers he has at the disposal of the government, in case of war with Guatemala.

The German navai recruits were aworn in at Kiel yesterday, in the presence of the Emperor who exhorted them to remain faithful to their oath both at home and abroad.

Two convicts, John Brady and Jake Rossemayar, foucht in the State's prison at Jaf-

faithful to their oath both at home and abroad.

Two convicts, John Brady and Jake Rosemeyer, fought in the State's prison at Jefferson City, Mo., yeaterday, and Brady killed Rosemeyer, beating him, to death with a bucket.

Ex-Sanator Brown was buried today, Memorial services were held in the hall of the House of Representatives and short eulogies were pronounced by a number of speakers of the House.

Mrs. Col. B. E. Crofton, wife of the commandant of Fort Sheridan, died yeaterday of apoplexy at Chicago, aged 60 years. She was the daughter of Commodore Shubrick of the United States Navy.

Nothing has been heard at Austin, Tex., from Gov. Flower of New York, relative to his purpose in regard to the requisition issued by Gov. Hogg for John Rockefeller and other Standard Oil magnates.

A St. Petersburg cablegram says that a petroleum train was derailed at Moorshank, sixty miles north of Tamor, and caught fire. Three railroad officials were burned to death and several others were killed or injured severely.

marun, constituting the agency. The parties are charged with conducting a fraudulent scheme.

Gov. Tillman of South Carolina, has pardoned the dispensary constable, Jack Brandon, convicted of murdering one Wilson, a negre, while searching his residence for contraband whisky in Spartanburg. He also pardoned Watts, a white man, in the penitentiary, convicted of manslaughter. Watts killed Bethune in Kirsch county, who seduced his sister. The petition for pardon was signed by hundreds of women in various parts of the State.

The action of the United States Supreme Court in granting the application of the Last Chance Mining Company will have the effect of transferring to that court a littigation which has attracted much attention in Idaho for the past five years. The case is important, because of questions of mining law, the most consequential being as to the rightly of mining claimants to follow their ledges beyond the lines of their claims into the claims of their neighbors.

NAPOLEONES DESPONDENCY

# NAPOLEON'S DESPONDENCY

#### Bad News From His Home Made Him Talk of Suicide.

Bad News From His Home Made
Him Talk of Suicide.

Prof. Sloane's "Life of Napiteon" reaches
its second installment in the Century for
December. This treats of the outbreak of
the revolution and of the studies of Napoleon while he was a young artillery officer. One chapter in his life Prof. Sloane
describes as follows:

"The agreeable and studious life at Valence was soon ended. Early in August,
1787, a little rebellion, known as the "Twocent revolt," broke out in Lyons over an
attagnt to reassert an ancient feudal right
concerning the sale of wine, which had
long been in abeyance. The neighboring
garrisons were ordered to furnish their respective quotas for its suppression. Benaparte's company was sent among others,
but the disturbance was already quelled
when he arrived, and the month he spent
at Lyons was so agreable that, as he
wrote his uncle Fesch, he left the city
with regret to follow his destiny. His
regiment had been ordered northward to
Douay, in Flanters, and there he rejoined
it about the middle of October.

The short time He spent under the inclement skies of that frontier fortress was
a dreary one. Bad news came from home.
Joseph, some time before, turned his eyes
toward Tuscany for a possible career. In
order to test his chances of success at
court he had made application for an
empty decoration. The answer to his request had been a gracious permission to
prove his Tucsan for a possible career. In
order to test his chances of success at
court he had made application for an
empty decoration. The answer to his request had been a gracious permission to
prove his Tucsan nationality, which was,
of course, equivalent to a repulse. Utterly
without success in finding occupation in
Corsica, and hopeless as to France, he
was now about to make a final desperate
effort, and, decorated or not, to go in person to Florence and to seek employment
of any kind which offered. Lucien, the
archdeacon, was seriously fil, and Gen.
Marbeut, the last influential friend of the
family, was dead. Louis h

an end for a time to all study, historical or political. Napoleon immediately applied, as his mother requested, for leave of absence, that he might instantly set out to her belief. His request was refured. His could obtain no leave until January.

Despondent and anxious, he moped, grew miserable, and contracted a slight malarial fever, which for the next six or seven years never entirely relaxed its hold on him. The pages of his jeurnal for the ensuing weeks show how dispirited he was, and contain, among other things, a long, wild, pessimistic rhapsody, in which there is talk of suicide. The plaint is of the degeneracy among men, of the destruction of primitive simplicity in Corsica by the French occupation, of his own isolation, and of his yearning to see his friends once more. Life is no longer worth while; his country gone, a patriot has naught to live for, especially when he has no pleasure and all is pain—when the character of those about him is to his own as moonlight to sunlight. If there were but a single life in his way, he would bury the avenging blade, of his country and her violated laws in the bosom of the tyrant. Some of his complaining was even less coherent than this. It is absurd to take the morbid outpouring seriously, except in so far as it goes to prove that its writer was a victim of the sentimental egoism into the sighteenth century had degenerated, and to suggest that possibly if he had been Napoleon he might have been a Werther.

#### FISH AS PETS.

# Oriental People Keep Aquaria Containing Valuable Collections.

oriental countries it is customar in the same way as we have cats and dogs, and in almost every house in Japan one can find jars containing some fine one can find jars containing some fine specimens. Japanese nobles have large aquaris, in which are to be found species of odd and curious fish that have been cultivated for the past 500 years or more. In China the Paradise fish is a good example of the result of careful cultivation, for it is nowhere found in a wild state, and is remarkable for its colors, which surpass in brilliancy those of any other fish extant.

Another household pet is the Chinese comet fish, which is equipped with immense caudal fins that spread out like sails, when the creature is swimming. The scaleless goldfish is fndigenous to Germany, and, as the name implies, the peculiarity about it is that the body is entirely without scales, so that one can see the heart and the other internal organs.

Crispi a Lonely Man.

(W. J. Stillman in the Christmas Century:) Isolation is Crispi's natural condition. He is a lonely man, silent and reticent to an unusual degree; sits alone in the chamber, and takes no part in the combinations of the deputies; has no group, and accedes to none. He has, perhaps, more than any other of his colleagues, strong, devoted friends, with whom personal admiration, confidence, and even veneration are intense, but he forms no party of his own. When he entered the Chamber of Deputies, he had a programme in which the unity of Italy was the chief article, and the maintenance of the bouse of Savoy the second, and from this he has never varied. The court and its influences have always been höstille to him; he was always regarded as a dangerous man, his silence and seclusion being mistaken for signs of ambition, and his unflinching adherence to his ideas of government sutting-iil the invertebrate nature of Italian politics. A distinguished ambassador to the Italian government told me that when Crispi was first charged with the direction of affairs, he asked the King if he did not regard Crispi as a danger, and the King replied: "It is better to have him with us than against us"—a reply which showed the general feeling in court and conservative circles.

# Democratic Financiering. (Louisville Commercial:) At the close of the civil war the amount of interest we paid on our debt amounted to \$150,000,000 annually. At the close of the Harrison administration this had been reduced to \$22,000,000. Mr. Cleveland has managed to increas: the interest about \$5,000,000 more per year so far, with a fine prospect of running it up still higher. Not sines the war, until now, have we sold bonds and borrowed money except to refund maturing obligations. Now we borrow money to pay current expenses.

# A Literary Forecast.

A Literary Forecast.

(Chicago Record:) "I have read your poem, young man," said the publisher, kindly, "and I must say that after mature reflection, and in view of the quality of the verse, it seems to me—"

"Yes, yes—it seems—" repeated the poet, breathlessly.

"As I was saying, it seems to me that you ought to make an excellent workman at almost any kind of manual labor."

(Indianapolis Journal:) "I do detest modern slang," said the young woman with the bulging brow. "What is the matter now?" asked the fluffy girl.
"Oh, that horrid Chollie Sibbetts; I asked nim what he thought of 'Beautiful Snow,' and the idiot said he thought it was hot stuff."

# Useful Holiday Gifts.



The Broadway Dry Goods House

# KIDGLOVES.

Children's 2-button real kid 500

adies' 4-button white and pearl, black embroidered, worth \$1.50...... \$1.00

ients' 2-button Dogskin \$1.00 Ladies' Biarritz Kid Gloves, 85c

Ladies'SuedaMousquetaire, \$1.00 Buy a Glove Order, good at any ime-an acceptable gift.

G. Verdier & Co. 223 SOUTH BROADWAY.

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# Clothing

# Center

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SALABLE UP-TO-DATE CLOTHING.

One Price to All-And That the Right One-No Misrepresentations-That's Why, and This is Where.

# LADIES, REMEMBER

"This is where" you can best please the men folks. We can assist you in selecting suitable sensible Holiday Gifts.

OVERCOATS, SUITS, FURNISHINGS,

For all ages. An endless variety, and all the latest swell garments.

Mackintoshes, Silk Umbrellas, Hats.

In FURNISHINGS-many choice things-just what

In sunshine or moonlight-UNDERWEAR.

# MULLEN, BLUETT & CO

101 North Spring Street,

201, 203, 205, 207 and 209 W. First Street

# Need be paid for Medicine or Treat-ment until we Cure You.

CHICAGO SPECIALISTS FOR DISEASES OF MEN ONLY. We make the above offer to show the people that we mean to deal fairly with all.

We have had it years experience in the largest hospitals in the United States and Europe in the treatment of all diseases peculiar to MEN. We have the best equipped and MOST PRIVATE offices west of Chicago, supplied with all INSTRUMEN IS and APPLIANCES known to science for the cure of this class of diseases.

WE CURE every form of Sexual Weaknes, Nervous or Private Diseases, results of excesses or unskillful treatment. Blood Taints, Varicocele, Hydrocele, by our own new mechanical methods and pure Vegetable Remedies without operations or mercury. FREE CONSULTATION AND ADVICE. OFFICE HOURS—9 to 4 and 7 to 8: Sundays 10 to 12.

Sundays 10 to 12. NO. 241 SOUTH MAIN STREET.



Send your Eastern friends a CHRISTMAS PRESENT

Something that they don't see every day. Nothing more appropriate than a souvenir from California or Mexico, the land of the Aztecs. No charge for packing.



# This is not a Cross-eyed Person, aithough it looks like it. It shows how poor ly-fitted frames and glasses look. Besides the eyes suffer in consequence. To avoid ill fitting glasses, call upon us for an exact scientific fit. It is our specialty. Eyes examined free. Pacific OpticalCo., Scientific Opticans, 167 North Spring st., opp. old courthous-

# NOT A DOLLAR For Sale

# SPECIAL BARGAINS IN

REAL ESTATE. 10-acre ranch at 80-acre ranch in .\$4000

Fine business property in \$7000 Manufacturing property in \$12000 Unimproyed property in San Fernando Valley ..... \$40 to \$60 per acre Unimproved property near Port Ballona......\$30 to \$75 per acre 4-room house and lot. 28th street. near Main, Los Angeles. .....\$350

Cottage 6 rooms, North Figueroa street.....\$1100 12-room S-story house, Beaudry avenue.....\$3500 2 tenements, 14 rooms, 15th st., near Main.....\$4500 Improved and unimproved acrage at West Riverside, \$50 to \$150 per acre

Satisfactory terms made on all prop-

MONEY TO LOAN. W. W. Lowe.

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# E. L. DOHENY, J. A. CONNON Manager. Doheny Oil Co.

# **Fuel**

prices. Satisfaction guaranteed. Our oil contains no Benzine, naphtha or other dangerous explosives. We furnish—Maier Zobelein Brewery, Los Angeles Cold Sterege Co., Cudahy Packing Co., and many other consumers, to whom we refer. Can be burned with any style of burner. In any quantity at market

Telpehone 1472. Wells and office, Cor. Douglas and West State Streets.

Poland Address FOR-Rock Water

Bartholomew & Ge 215 W. Pirst st. TELEPHONE (1)

# THE PUBLIC SERVICE

Annual Report of the City Water Overseer.

Zanja System Paid a Net Profit During the Past Year,

atters of Interest at the Courthouse The Sensational Campbell-Kelso Slander Suit-Court Notes. New Suits.

At the City Hall yesterday business was practically suspended, owing to the elec-tion. The various offices were, of course, open, and deputies were in attendance to wait on any who called, but these were mparatively few. One of the polling aces was in the City Hall and a number of spectators called to see a practical illus-tration of the Australian ballot system. At the Courthouse it was also quiet. The sensational Campbell-Kelso slander suit was up in Department Two on demurrer, several divorce cases were heard.

#### AT THE CITY HALL.

The Zanja System. THE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE WA

The annual report of the Water Over-seer for the twelve months ending November 30, was filed yesterday, for presentation to the City Council. The sales for the several months, respectively, were as follows: December, \$436; January, \$54. February, \$50.50; March, \$819.50; April, \$4348; May, \$3782; June, \$5767; July, \$5252.50; August, \$3625.50; September, \$2385.50; October, \$831; November, \$374; total receipts, \$27,726.50. The gross ex-

total receipts, \$27,726.50. The gross expenses of the same period were \$17,726.38, making a net profit of \$10,000.12. There were laid during the year 9585 feet of pipe, partly twenty-two inches and partly thirty inches in diameter, the expense of the same being included in the general expenses of the department. The report urges that zanja No. 9-R be piped.

#### Petitions and Protests.

Southern California Railway Company has addressed a communication to the City Council in reference to the putting in of crossings at Ella street Arroyo Seco avenue and E street. The communication states that the company is ready and willing to put in crossings on streets where public use and convenience for inhabitants make it a public necessity. In this instance, however, it does not seem that the demand is anything more or less than a hardship on the company, for the benefit of some real estate speculators or party desiring to annoy the company by making this demand.

C. A. McD. Spencer has filed a petition asking that the grade of Providence street be established between Pico and Twelfth streets. unication states that the company

odore Brown and others have peti-i that proceedings be instituted for opening and extending of Santee into Twenty-third street. Mrs. Caroline Adams and others have filed a protest against the change of the grade of Hill street, between Rock street and Bellevue avenue, in the manner pro-

#### City Hall Notes.

ity Justice Seaman reports for the nth of November the collection of fees

amounting to \$44.

Building Superintendent Eisen has filed for presentation to the City Council, specifications for the form of construction of buildings, such as are proposed to be rented to the city for the housing of the three chemical engines, which the city has contracted for.

## AT THE COURTHOUSE.

The Courts. THE CAMPBELL-KELSO DAMAGE SUIT

IN DEPARTMENT TWO. The sensational slander suit brought by Miss Toesa Kelso, the City Librarian, against Rev. J. W. Campbell, came up for hearing on demurrer to the complaint in Department Two yesterday morning, but at the close of the argument Judge Clark granted the defendant therein five days' time within which to file by contract. time within which to file his points and authorities in support of the demurrer, which will then stand submitted.

G. Wiley Wells, Esq., in presenting the demurrer, took the ground that it was the custom in the Methodist church to offer up prayers for all public officials, and intimated that since no one was without sin none should object to being prayed for. W. I. Foley, Esq., of counsel for the plaintiff, however, argued that if the case plaintiff, however, argued that if the case were pending before the moderator of a Methodist conference, the grounds of the démurrer would undoubtedly be well taken, but inasmuch as the court recognized no God or church, only principles of justice and law were required. In a court of justice infidels stood upon the same footing as the members of the various religious denominations, and no cognizance was taken of the doings and modes of prayer of any particular church or creed. While he had no doubt that Senators, Congressmen, and even the President of the United States sometimes, required the prayers of the people, he was of the opinion that, under the circumstances, prayers for the City Librarian were quite prayers for the City Librarian were qui

prayers for the City Librarian were quite superfluous.

Frank H. Howard, Esq., also of counsel for the plaintiff, argued that the law of slander was such that any statement or action tending to diminish the authority of one occupying an official position was actionable and that the acts complained of certainly tended to diminish the confidence of the public in his client as a public officer.

officer.

Ira Hall, Esq., in closing the argument for the defendant, contended that the natural significance of the prayer set out in the complaint was not sianderous, per se, and that an innuendo cannot increase the significance of the language used, even though it be admitted as true.

THE COX DAMAGE SHIT Judge Van Dyke rendered his decision restered ymorning upon the motion for a new trial in the damage suit of Gertrude Cox, by her guardian ad litem, against the Los Angeles Terminal Railway Company, ordering that said motion be granted, for the reasons set forth in a lengthy written opinion filed therein.

The facts in the case are, briefly stated

for the reasons set forth in a lengthy written opinion filed therein.

The facts in the case are, briefly stated, as follows: The plaintiff, a child of 7 or 8 years of age, together with two elder sisters, and another little girl, boarded one of defendant's trains at Bond station for the purpose of riding to Tropico, a mile distant, where they went to school. Just efter they entered the car, the conductor came round to collect their fare and demanded 30 cents. As they had only 20 cents and had only been required to pay 5 cents on previous occasions, they demurred, whereupon he stopped the train and put them off, although a lady passenger offered to pay their fares. It was muddy under foot, and a light rain or mist was falling, but the conductor said he had his orders and the train proceeded. The jury found for the plaintiff on the special issue submitted to them and also brought in a general verdict for her in the sum of \$400.

The court holds that under its charge and the special findings, the only damages that could be awarded are compensatory damages for the detriment proximately caused by the wrongful act of putting the plaintiff off, and that the amount awarded, under the circumstances, suggests that the fury must have acted under some influence possitionally or unconsciously, not justified

by the facts, and a new trial is therefore ordered.

DIVORCE BUSINESS. DIVORCE BUSINESS.

Prof. Billy Manning, the Thespian pugilist, was the defendant in an action brought by his wife, Emily Cecilia Manning, to obtain a divorce from him, in Department Three yesterday morning, but failed to enter the legal arena. Mrs. Manning based her application upon the ground that her spouse had failed to provide her with the necessaries of life, on account of his idleness, profigacy, and dissipation, but the court not being entirely satisfied with the evidence adduced, continued the matter in order to admit of her producing further proof.

Judge York heard and granted the ap-plication of Mary Bunce for a decree di-vorcing her from Mark Bunce, a barber, upon the ground of cruelty, and granted her the custody of her two children, the defendant being allowed to see his off-

SUIT FOR DAMAGES.

Suit was commenced yesterday against the Los Angeles Consolidated Electric Railway by Mrs. Amanda P. Everett, the widow, and Marchia A. Everett, the infant daughter of Charles E. Everett, deceased, who was run over and killed by one of defendant's cars at the crossing of McClintock avenue and Thirty-seventh street on October 17 last, to recover \$25,000 damages for the loss they sustained by his death.

#### Court Notes.

Court Notes.

Ethan Allen Feeler and Lucien T. Healey were called upon to plead to the charge of having murdered Camille Elikan at Long Beach recently, in Department One yesterday morning but, upon motion of their counsel, they were allowed until Friday next in which to do so.

When Charles A. Karl was called upon to stand up for arraignment upon the charge of forgery preferred against him, in Department One yesterday morning, Judge Smith was informed that the defendant was too sick to be brought into court, whereupon the matter went over until December 17 next.

Owing to the absence of a material witness for the prosecution the trial of the case against Robert Ashworth, charged with murder on September last, was deferred by Judge Smith yesterday morning until December 10.

Upon motion of the District Attorney informations were filed in Department One yesterday charging Sam Dugan, Valentine Maley, Marcus Shinn, Ed Curtis, J. A. Saunders, Eugene Heaton, Eddle Munger, F. J. Brown and A. Dahl with various felonies, and Judge Smith ordered that all nine defendants appear for arraignment tomorrow morning.

tomorrow morning.

In the Probate Court yesterday morning Judge Clark set the hearing of the motion of the contestants in the Pratt will case for judgment in accordance with the ver-dict returned on Friday last, for tomorrow

afternoon at 2 o'clock the case of Dodd & O'Gara vs. C. C. McComas et al., an action to foreclose a mechanic's lien for \$133.36 alleged to be due for cement work on two lots fronting on Pennsylvania avenue, in Department Three yesterday, but at the close of the evidence took the matter un-

The injunction suit instituted by Mrs. Lucy C. Goodspeed and the other heirs of Mrs. Pratt against Mrs. Anah E. Mansfield et al., came up for hearing before Judge Shaw in Department Five yesterday morning on the demurrer of the plaintiffs to the answer of the defendants, and also upon a motion to strike out certain portions of said answer. Both matters at the close of the argument were taken under advisement by the court.

F. M. Kelsey, as administrator of the estate of Samuel Barker, deceased, who died in New. York on January 6, 1888, commenced suit against Mrs. Jennie A. Bovard, and the heirs of M. M. Bovard, deceased, yesterday to quiet title to lot No. The injunction suit instituted by Mrs

ceased, yesterday to quiet title to lot No. 1, in block N, of the West Los Angeles

## AT THE U. S. BUILDING.

Federal Courts. SAN DIEGO WATER COMPANY CASE DISMISSED.

to a stipulation filed therein vesterday, Judge Ross signed an order in the United States Circuit Court, dismissing the case of Constantine W. Benson et al., trustees, vs. the San Diego Water Com-pany, and finally discharging Joseph A. Flint, the receiver, upon the filing and approval of his final report, within fifteen approval of his final report, within fifteen days. It was further ordered that said receiver turn over to the company full and absolute control of the affairs of said corporation, except that he was directed to pay the sum of \$13,000 out of the funds in his hands over to the solicitors for complainants, immediately, and was authorized to retain the balance for the purpose of meeting the expenses he has incurred, until his final report is made.

The \$13,000 referred to, is to be applied to the payment of the interest due on the bonds in controversy.

Against the "Charity Ball." The Methodist ministers' meeting of

this city passed the following resolution at their regular meeting yesterday:
Resolved, that the Los Angeles Methodist Preachers' Association look with great disfavor upon the proposed "Charity ball," and hereby earnestly protest against such questionable means of raising money for charity purposes; and we hereby urge all our members in the interest of our church and the cause of Christ, to have nothing to do with it, either in attendance or in financial support.

## Licensed to Wed.

Marriage licenses were issued at the County Clerk's office yesterday to the following persons:

W. B. C. Randolph, a native of Missouri, 33 years of age, to Hattle McLennan, a native of Canada, 30 years of age; both residents of this city.

Pat Cody, a native of Ireland, 55 years of age, to Mary Ann Otis, a native of New Mexico, 43 years of age; both of this city.

# ELECTIC OIL HEATERS.

There are no stores on the market that approach these. They are the best made, the atrongest heating, the most perfect working stoves of their class ever produced, giving the best and urest combustion it is possible to secure in a stove of this kind. The evaporation of the water in the reservoir, located within the burner, creates a mild and healthful atmosphere in the room. One wick will ask a whole season. They are graceful and symmetrical and are real stoves. See them at the W. C. Furrey Stove Co., Nos. 159 to 185 North Spring street.

YOU CAN'T MISS IT If you buy the Orient Lamp Heater at F. E. Browne's, 314 S. Spring; every one guaranteed.

Who Has any U. S. Claims?

All persons holding certificates, war into or claims of any kind against the United States Marshal's office will present the same at the earliest opportunity to Leigh Cha! mers and J. S. Easby-Smith, examiners Department of Justice, at the office of the United States District Attorney.

WE HAVE increased our capacity for the manufacture of mirrors, and are now prepared to furnish anything in the looking-glass line at prices heretofore unknown. Remember that we guarantee the silvering of all our French-piate mirrors. Beveled plates of all descriptions made to order. H. Raphael & Co., No. 440 South Spring street.



With the Consent Of our family doctor we have used Tip Top and found great relief. Consider it a very valu-able family medicine. A. A. Sparks, San Die-go. Cal.

# CASTORIA

#### for Infants and Children.

HIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine

Castoria destroys Worms. Castoria allays Feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd. Castoria cures Diarrhosa and Wind Coli-Castoria relieves Teething Troubles Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air. Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow any one to sall you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE HAWKINS MURDER. . Healey Believed to be One of the

Guilty Parties. It is highly probable that L. T. Healey, one of the self-confessed murderers of Camille Eliken at Long Beach, will have

to answer to another murder charge, this to answer to another murder charge, this time in company with a certain well-known young man now in Long Beach. It will be remembered that after the cold-blooded murder of John Hawkins, the cold-blooded murder of John Hawkins, the Wilmington baker, on the night of April 19 last, many clews were followed to intercept the criminals, but at the time were unsuccessful. Since the arrest of Healey and Feeler, much startling evidence has been found, and the officers now firmly believe they are on the right trail. Sheriff Cline naturally disclaims any knowledge of a probable arrest, but a gentleman who got his information from an authoritative source, says it is correct. Several residents of Long Feach were seen up town, and say that there is no doubt the mystery of the Wilmington murder will soon be cleared away, and that a young man in their town is about to be arrested.

Opium Manufacturers Captured. Ah Sing and Ah Loy were captured in Chinatown yesterday in the act of-manufacturing opium without a license. Officer Robbins of the police and Deputy Collectors Vance and Noah of the revenue service made the arrest and captured the paraphernalia. The Chinamen were taken before the United States Court for arraignment and were committed to the County Jail.

Richardson, Lowry, & Co.
No. 109 E. First street, make a specialty of packing fine fruits to send to friends in the East. A generous sprinkling of California flowers in each box free of charge. Call and see us. Tel. 1378.

TOURISTS WILL STAY LONGER,
Pay better prices, if the whole house is
warm. Investigate F. E. Browne's hot-air

TRY our Columbian lump coal, \$8 per ton, delivered to any part of the city. Banning Company, No. 120 West Second street.

MOTHERS! Be sure and use "Mrs. Win-slow's Soothing Syrup" for your children while teething. The best of all.

Men men in Los Angeles is sur-prisingly large. Let them use Paine's Celery Com-pound and keep well. Scores of our customers praise it. C. H. HANCE, 177-179 N. Spring street Work

# **NERVOUS** PROSTRATION,

INSOMNIA. NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA MELANCHOLIA,

AND THE THOUSAND ILLS THAT FOLLOW A DERANGED CONDITION OF THE

#### NERVOUS SYSTEM Are Cured by CEREBRINE

THE EXTRACT OF THE BRAIN OF THE OX, PREPARED UNDER THE FORMULA OF Dr. WILLIAM A. HAMMOND,

IN HIS LABORATORY AT WASHINGTON, D. C. DOSE, 8 DROPS. PRICE, PER PHIAL OF 2 DRACHUS, \$2.50. COLUMBIA CHEMICAL CO.

WASHINGTON, D. C. SEND FOR BOOK. For sale by H. M. SALE & SON, 220 South Spring st., Los Angeles. At wholesale by F. W. BRIAUN & CO., 401-407 N. Main st., Los Angeles.

Bath Tubs. | Water Heaters, Eighteen Styles | Four Styles. Sold all Over the World.

HOT WATER short notice.

to over 2c per bath.
smoke, soot or odor.
explosions possible.
INDEPENDENT FITTED WITH



The W. H. PERRY Lumber and Mfg. Co.'s LUMBER VARD AND PLANING MILL.



By the oldest Specialist on the

NERVOUS Chronic, Blood, Kid-ney, Bladder, Skin diseases and all forms of Weakness guaranteed cured.

Lungs and Heart. Our Specialist on diseases of the Lungs and Heart has made these dis-eases a life study; successful treatment by the latest methods; diagnosis of consumption by the aid of the MICRO-

Diseases of Women departm't exclusively to the treatment of all

Catarrh. \$5.00 per month. Quickly relieved and permanently cured by our own new method. Medicine included. One

method. Medicine included. One week's treatment FREE. CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION FREE. Office hours: 9 to 5 and 7 to 8; Sundays 10 to 12.

Rooms 1, 3, 5 and 7, 241 South Main Street.



# Auction.

At salesroom, 418 South Spring street, on Tuesday and Wednesday, December 4 and 5, at 2 p.m., of elegant furniture, consisting in part of elegant Oak and Birchwood Bedroom Sets, also 15 Ash Suits, 5 Extension Tables, handsome Brass Enamel Bedsteads, 25 Springs, 30 Bedsteads, new Brussels Carpets, handsome Smyrna Rugs, Bedspreads, Lace Curtains, Pillows, Cigars, etc.; also 100 pairs of assorted Shoes, Ladies invited.

C. M. STEVENS.

Auctioneer.

# CHRONIC CASE RESULTING FROM BAD TREATMENT QUICKLY CURED. Our Offices are the most elaborate and private in the city, and supplied with every instrument and remedy known to cure these disease Consultation, examination and advice absolutely FRES. If you cannot call, write for our free book on the nature and treatment of these diseases, together with rules for diet, exercise and sleep.

# 

Corner Main and Third Streets,

Private side entrance on Third St.

GRIDER & DOW'S

Adams-St. Tract.

Fifteen minutes' ride from Second and Spring streets. Lots 50 and 60 feet front. \$25,000 have been expended in street improvements alone. Four 80-foot streets; one 100-foot street; all graded and graveled; cement walks and curbs; streets sprinkled; water mains laid and shade trees planted. Beautiful Adam's street, 82 feet wide, and Twenty-eighth street 100 feet in width, lined with palm trees. Central avenue, four miles

A Double Track Electric Road Will be in Operation Within Thirty Days.

The Maple Avenue Electric Road is only two blocks to the west. Soil is rich sandy loam. The property is from 20 to 30 feet higher than Grand avenue and Figueroa streets. 150 lots sold since June 1st.

Examine this property. See the large number of Beautiful Homes built in four months. A personal examination will satisfy any buyer as to its merits. Lots are \$250, \$300, \$350, \$400 and \$600, on the most favorable terms Until January 1st, When Prices Will be Advanced.

Take Central avenue or Maple avenue cars to Adams Street. Free carriage from our office at all times.

Of New York, Permanently Located in Los Angeles,

The Leading Specialists for

Not a Dollar

Need be Paid

Medicine or Treatment

Until We Cure You.

Every Form of Weakness of Men,

Telephone 1299.

Exclusively.

Telephones-Office. 1309; Residence, 129 W.

GRIDER & DOW, 109 1-2 South Broadway.

Diseases of

Bookseller,

117 South Spring Street, Below Nadeau Hotel.

Christmas Books, Christmas Novelties, Booklets, Juvenile Books, Bibles, Prayer Books and Hymnals, Leather Goods and Albums. Calendars for 1895 in beautiful profusion.

WE ARE READY FOR THE HOLIDAY BUSINESS.

We Will Sell at Auction 160 lots

# Diamond St. Tract Bounded on the south by West First St., and on the north by Temple St., and on the east by Hoover St., and on

Wednesday, Dec. 12, At 10:30 a. m. on grounds. Temple Street Cars pass this tract, One fare all over the City.

As a place for residence there is no healthier or more sightly position than this, and without doubt these lots are far ahead of any in the center of the city where there is no view and only FOUL AIR AND CRAMPED HOMES added to which a larger lot can now be bought for one-fourth the price, with the certainty of its doubling in value within a year, and with the advantage of Fresh breezes, Fine scenery

and Pure water. oll experts claim that the Diamond street tract is right in the oil belt, and the wells on either side prove this to be a fact. There is a fortune in sight in the oil industry. Don't lose this opportunity of a lifetime to be rolling in wealth on a small outlay. These lots are to be sold to the highest bidder on easy te apply to terms. For further particulars

C. A. Sumner & Co., Real Estate and Insurance Agents and Auctioneers, 134 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

People's Dental Parlors, 431% South Spring St. Teeth extracted free of charge from 8 to 9 a.m. and 7 to 8 p.m. Omce open from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Special offer until Jan. 1, 1895.

Teeth without plate and Gold Crowns reduced one-half in price. Gold Filings \$1 and up Amalgam. Silver or Gold alloy Filings Soc and up Bone or Cement Fillings Noc.

Teeth cleaned for Si. Sets of teeth, upper or lower, the best \$6 per set.

People from the country will receive prompt attention. All work done in this omce will be first-class and guaranteed

C. H. Parker & Co. TATAL DE LA CONTRACTOR DE LA CONTRACTOR

#### Artistic Coiffures Shampooing. Cutting and Curling, Manicuring.

MISS I. S. EBY. Becently from Chicago. Rooms 5 and 28 Potomac Block, opposite Public Library—217 South Broadway.



# Pease,

WHOLESALE AND BETAIL DEALER IN

Furniture, Oarpets, Lace and Silk Our tains, Portieres, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Linoleums, Mattings, Baby Carriages, etc.

337, 339 and 341 SOUTH SPRING STREET.

"Thrift is a good revenue." Great saving results from cleanliness and

SAPOLI

# HERNCALIFORNIANEWS

PASADENA.

WOOD WORKER BUN DOWN BY

stioned—A Marriage in So-ciety—Briefs and Personal Items.

marriage of Miss Alice Polley and arry Macomber, well-known mem-f Pasadena society, took place at the bride on South Moline avenue, wedding was private, only the relase being present. Rev. E. L. Conger, ited by Rev. N. H. G. Fife, persed the ceremony, After an elegant heon the newly married pair was en to Los Angeles, whence they will sed tomorrow to Santa Barbara and rriage drive through the Ojai valley an Yaldio. After an absence of ten Dr. and Mrs. Macomber will return leer new home, No. 100 Worcester te, the deed to which was a bridal ant from the father of the groom, will be "at home" Fridays in Feb-

Whitmore, F. W. Stokes, Helen Hardwick, Arthur W. Woodville, Newton B. Woodville, Henry O'Melveny, Kenneth Gregory, Elise Gregory, Elise McGregory, Wyllys Hall, C. C. Harding, William F. Pascoe.

The ninth annual meeting of the Congre-gational Church will be held Wednesday vening at the church, when a good sup-ser and good time can be counted on or members of the congregation and in-ited friends.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the First Presbyterian Church is making elaborate preparations for the Christmas fair to be given in Williams's Hall Thursday of this week. Luncheon and supper will be

It was a delightful card party that was given by Mrs. Emil Kayser and Mrs. F. Bruce Wetherby Saturday afternoon at the Kayser home, in honor of Miss Visscher to a number of young lady friends.

a number of young lady friends.

At Dr. Rowland's office Tuesday evening the Pasadena Medical Association will hold a meeting to complete arrangements for receiving and entertaining the visiting medicos the day following.

Prof. A. J. Cook of Pomona College lectures next Monday evening in Throop Polytechnic Hall upon "Insect Curios and Their Significance." Admission, 25 cents. Glothing, silk umbrellas, furnishing goods, many sensible holiday gifts. See Mullen, Bluett & Co., the Los Angeles leaders in clothing for all ages.

A team of horses ran away on Illinois street this morning and did some damage to electric poles along the route traversed by the frightened animals.

A unique and pleasing entertainment is

A unique and pleasing entertainment is to be given by the infant class of All Saints Church for which the teachers are now making preparations.

Patrolman Freeman discovered an in-cipient fire in the rear of the Doty Block Sunday night and put it out; without terh-ing in an alarm.

fing in an alarm.

Rev. Florence E. Kollock held another reception this evening at the home of E. C. Webster, South Morengo arenue.

E. F. Huribut and family arrived today from Chicago and are again installed in their Orange Grove-avenue home.

The Young People's Society of the Presbyterian Church will have a social at the church Friday evening.

Special drive Wednesday. Navy blue figured prints, 5 cents. Bon Accord.

Violated the Liquor License. Frank Billick was arrested by Officer long at 4 p. m. yesterday for violating he liquor ordinance at his place on Los angeles street. He is out on 350 de-cest to appear at 1:30 p.m. today.

The Gold Discoveries Near the Sol-

The Gold Discoveries Near the Soldiers' Home.

SOLDIERS' HOME, Dec. 2.—(Special Correspondence.) It seems that the gold discoveries made in the past few days have been made almost wholly by veterans of the home, who have heretofore been mining in the West, and many of them since '49. One of these is James Eller, lately from the State of Washington, and it is to him that is mostly due the eredit of the valuable quarts found.

Most of the finds that have been made are situated on both sides of the big canyon that runs due north from the home, through the Santa Monica range. Nothing in the way of vein matter has as yet been found, but merely float in immense quantities. The hills are covered by many feet of dirt and wash, and it will take some time to remove this and finally develop the true lead. A few hundred yards above Lake Brown the canyon forks, or, rather, a smaller canyon, It was up this last canyon a short distance where the richest and best quarts was found. It is in the mouth of a small arroyo that had been made by the last rains, a year or more ago, but is very plentiful, and certainly could not have come very far.

mot see or hear which was moving apposed the train and papers of the track all the was terribly had was carried by the last rains, a year or more ago, but the last rains, a year or more ago, but the last rains, a year or more ago, but the last rains, a year or more ago, but the last rains, a year or more ago, but the last rains, a year or more ago, but the last rains, a year or more ago, but the last rains, a year or more ago, but the last rains, a year or more ago, but the last rains, a year or more ago, but the last rains, a year or more ago, but the last rains, a year or more ago, but the last rains, a year or more ago, but the last rains, a year or more ago, but the last rains, a year or more ago, but the last rains, a year or more ago, but the very far.

A mile east of this is a shaft down thirty or more feet in a ten-inch bedy of black spar. The ore has been subjected to frequent tests by pan and mortar, and the senith country of the senith live of the time that the present all the ore the appearance of pure gold. They have a considerable quantity of this on the dump, and, as the body is good and large, they expect to have a shipment ready within two or three weeks.

Near the first-mentioned discovery there is a bee ranch, and near by a clear spring of water, said to be never-failing. There appears to be po resident, however, and the bees are left to care for them self-the the first-mentioned discovery there is a bee ranch, and near by a clear spring of water, said to be never-failing. There appears to be por resident, however, and the bees are left to care for them self-the the first-mentioned discovery there is a bee ranch, and near by a clear spring of water, said to be never-failing. There appears to be por resident, however, and the bees are left to fat for the bear of thirty or more feet in a ten-inch bed to frequent tests by pan and mortar, and the very different that the ore the appears to be a subjected to frequent tests by pan and mortar, and the its old-the miner that are doing the work the tis

Making Official Bonds - That Tie

Making Official Bonds — That Tie Vote—Local Notes.

SANTA MONICA, Dec. 3.—(Special Correspondence.) The township officers generally have received from County Clerk Ward their certificates of election, and the making of official behds is now the order of the day. These so far as this township is concerned, will be promptly forthcoming, but will be inclusive of but one constable. Meantime Messrs, Hunter, and Forsythe, tied for the other position on the constabulary, are not quite certain "where they will get off at." If the matter is permitted to rest on the face of the returns, a new election is the only way out. In that case the gates will swing wide open for a free-for-all, and who will finally score is more or less problematical. On the other hand, a recount would probably discover sufficient clerical errors to make a result, but in whose favor is as uncertain as they of a new election. However, such course is quite probable, and it will be cheaper and quicker than to resort to the cumbersome machinery of a complete election.

E. B. Gage, one of the directors of the New Mexic, and Arizon: Railroud Company, is on the list of Santa Monica visitors.

George, the fourteen-year-old sch of R. P. Elliott, had the misfortune of shooting. Vote-Local Notes.

jtors.
George, the fourteen-year-old sen of R.
P. Elliott, had the misfortune of shooting a hole in his hand Sunday evening while carelessly handling a pistol, which, as usual, he didn't know was loaded. It is not a dangerous wound, but will keep him indoors as nurse to it for a few days.
The steamer Pomona went North from this point Monday afternoon, carrying about its usual quota of passengers. The boat travel, however, like that by rail,

Tax Collector Dexter turned over \$5397 to Town Treasurer Boehme Monday in full of taxes collected by him up to date.

A. L. Forsythe is putting in time on the Los Angeles building boom these days, being engaged on a contract on Downey avenue, East Side.

Capt. Tomkinson and wife are in Santa Monles once more, enjoying the beauties.

of our equable winter climate and greeting old friends.

His horse got the better of one of our Chinese laundrymen on Third street Monday morning, and Santa Monica soiled linen, contrary to the usual custom, was miscellaneously displayed along several blocks. The wagon was smashed and John was considerably bruised about the head and face.

hn was considerably bruised about the ad and face. Hunters complain that ducks are scarce the marshes, and will probably remain until after some good rains. Other incrests are anxiously watching for signs the coming storm.

Officers of the Masonic Lodge Elected Personal Mention.

Officers of the Masonic Lodge Elected.

Personal Mention.

POMONA, Dec. 3.—(Special Correspondence) At a meeting of Pomona Lodge, No. 346, F. and A.M., in their hall in this city Saturday evening, an election was held for the purpose of selecting officers for the ensuing year, resulting as follows: W. S. Winters, W.M.; J. L. Howland, S.W.; J. A. Gallup, J.W.; George Heath, treasurer, and F. A. Molyneaux, secretary.

There are perhaps as many of the secret and benevolent orders represented in Pomona, and that, too, with as large membership, as any other community of the same population on this Coast. It is fact often remarked by strangers, tourists and visitors that one can find something to attend in this city every one of the 355 nights in the year, either of a church, lodge, literary or amusement character, besides being in close enough communication with Los Angeles with sufficient railroad facilities, to attend anything of an extraordinary nature in that city, returning home on the same night if so desired. This was the collegt morning of the season in this valley, the thermometer in some places registering as low as 30 deg., and in a few instances a very thin soum of ice forming in certain low and damp lecalities. Such mornings, however, are of a very healthful and invigorating character.

R. N. Loucks reports this morning that

of a very healthful and invigorating character.

R. N. Loucks reports this morning that his family physician has pronounced the sickness of his youngest child a slight form of scarlet fever, but by no means serious.

The Monroe brothers of this vicinity have leased 1000 acres of the Chino ranch lands for five years, with the intention of growing grain thereon. They have put their necessary buildings at the foot of Euclid avenue, just across the line.

The trial of Pavid Bowers, charged with threwing a stone through the glass of a Pullman window on a Santa Fe train near San Dimas some weeks since, which was set for 10 o'clock this morning, has been postpeined until Wednesday of this week.

The ladies of Rebekah Lodge will give a social at Odd Fellows' Hall Tuesday evening.

ORANGE COUNTY.

CROUCH'S LITTLE DAUGHTER IS PROVIDED FOR

Adopted by a Well-known Family of Santa Ana-Meeting of the Su-pervisors-Notes and Personals.

SANTA ANA, Dec. 3.—(Special Correspondence.) When "Rev." Josiah Crouch was compelled to take his departure from Orange county a few weeks since, he added to the already overgrowded list of his offenses against humanity and decency the abandoment of his 3-year-old daughter, Gracie, a sweet and pretty little augnier, Gracie, a sweet and pretty little girl whom he had recently brought to the home of Mrs. E. C. Shaw, where he was then stopping. Gracie is the child who was with her mother and Crouch at the time Mrs. Crouch was drowned, in the State of Washington. The suspicion that Crouch was responsible for his wife's death being so strong that he had to get out of the country, he left the child, according to his own story, in the care of its grandmother, who afterward brought it to Los Angeles, he having located in that city. After establishing himself in the vicinity of El Toro, this county, where he was holding revival services, and winning the confidence of Mrs. Shaw and her daughter, whom he preposed to marry, he brought little Gracie from Los Angeles to their home, where he evidently intended to leave her. Just about that time; however, his plans were interfered with by the exposure of his scandalous record, a full account of which was published in The Times, and he was forced to take a hurried departure from the home of his intended fictims and the community upon which he had been imposing. After using all the arts of persuasion and flattery at his command—and it may be truly said that in this respect he is "no slouch"—in a fruitless attempt to induce the young lady to leave her home and ge with him, he begged Mrs. Shaw to keep his little girl for a few days, promising to have the child's grandmother come and take her away. With this understanding little Gracie remained with the Shaw family till the time when her grandmother was to meet her at El Toro and take her to Los Angeles. Crouch quietly skipping in the direction of San Diego and across into Lower California, where he is now thought to be. At the time appointed the child was taken to El Toro, but no grandmother showed up, nor has any indication been received that it has such a relative in Los Angeles.

Having received no directions as to what disposition should be made of the load of supervisors, asking them to relieve her of the burden. Much sympacts t

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS. The Board of Supervisors met in regu-lar session at 10 a.m., with all the mem-

Mrs. H. F. Stafford went teday to Los Angeles, where Mr. and Mrs. Stafford are likely to reside in the future. J. N. Everett was in Anaheim today. W. P. Paine, a prominent and highly-eseemed resident of Orange, died Sunday

Girl wanted for general housework. Dr.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

Elks' Memorial Service—The Flume and the Water Companies.

and the Water Companies.

SAN DIEGO, Dec. 3.—(Special Correspondence.) At the Elks' memorial service in Fisher's Operahouse Sunday, Judge George Puterbaugh delivered an eloquent eulogy on the character of dead members.

E. S. Babcock, manager of Hotel del Coronado, has returned from a hunting trip in the Cocopah Mountains.

The marriage of Arnold E. Babcock to Edith L. Snider of Chicago, at Orange, December 2, caused the greatest surprise at Hotel del Coronado. Even Mr. Babcock's intimate friends were surprised at the report of his marriage.

at Hotel del Coronado. Even Mr. Babcock with the report of his marriage.

Judge John D. Works publishes a statement saying that the flume and the water companies have not yet been consolidated. He denies the truth of other statements made in public by interested parties, who appear striving to injure the water and flume companies.

Application has been made to the State fish hatchery for 30,000 black bass for the Escondido reservoir.

Rev. Dr. E. W. Caswell preached his first sermon in the Methodist Church on Sunday since his arrival here as the new presiding elder of the San Diego district.

Thus far this geason the Culbertson Packing Company, El Cajon, has shipped 196 tons of raisins east.

The San Diego Land and Town Company is rapidly completing its new pipeline in the Sweetwater Valley.

Lieut Benjamin, U.S.A., of the First Infantry, has arrived at Hotel Florence. After duty as a most efficient Indian agent, he returned to post duty at San Diego Barracks. The dinner at Hotel Florence last night, in honor of Dr. Borland and Lieut. Benjamin was attended by Dr. Edwin Garson, Frank Sargent, Lieut, Amos H.

Martin, U.S.A., W. J. Bailey and M. Y. Beach.

Bacch.
Vice-President Hughes of the Fremont,
Elkhorn and Missourr Valley Railroad,
is here in his private car. He is so well
pleased with this place that he proposes
renting a house and spending the winter
here.

It is reported on the street today that
the San Diego Flume Company will build
the proposed eight-million-gallon reservoir
instead of giving the work to contractors.
The work involves an expenditure of about
\$25,000.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

The Genus Tramp an Expensive Luxury—Briefs and Personals.

RIVERSIDE, Dec. 3.—(Special. Correspondence.) Tramps are sometimes thought to be as cheap a commodity as is found in the form of human fiesh. But statistics will hardly bear out this belief. Last month there were sixty odd of this genus placed under arrest, convicted and sent up for a period of from five to ten days each. The board bill for these was \$358. To arrest, try and convict these cost about \$1 each. Some were brought from Banning and other distant points at a much greater cost. Add to this the cost of keeping up the additional police force made recently because of this class of men, brings the expense to the county to about \$4000 for November alone,

A DRY NOVEMBER.

to about \$1000 for November alone.

A DRY NOVEMBER.

There was no rain last month. From this fact some have predicted another dry and cold winter. The records at Riverside for a number of years (14) past will hardly bear out the prediction, if the future is to be judged by what has gone before in this county. The average rainfall for November has been but .85 of an inch, and the dry November has usually been succeeded by a wet winter. A notable instance of this kind was in 1883, when there was a dry November, yet that was the wettest winter known here, the total rainfall for the season being 22,14 inches. It may yet be a wet winter.

RIVERSIDE BREVITIES.

the wettest winter known here, the total rainfall for the season being 25,14 inches. It may yet be a wet winter.

RIVERSIDE BREVITIES.

The coach on the 10:55 Santa Fe this morning was pretty well covered with rice, inside and out. The cause was the departure upon that train for their future home in Los Angeles of Rev. L. F. Lavery of Los Angeles and his bride (nee Burnap) of this city. They were married in this city this morning.

An attempt is being made to re-establish a stage line being line in last winter, but both were discontinued because of lack of patronage.

Hobert Downing, who drew such large houses in Los Angeles last week, is to be at the Loring in "The Gladiator" next Wednesday evening. There will be a good audience to greet him here.

Mrs. A. A. Bynon, who went with her husband to spend Thanksgving with their son at Wildomar, is lying quite ill at that place with pneumonia.

The Riverside Business College has removed from the Dickson Block to the Y.M.C.A. building, where a half-dozen rooms have been fitted up for the school.

Twenty tramps were turned loose in the city this morning, being released from the City Frison.

While boring an artesian well near San Jacinto, Joseph Logsden brought up from a depth of 251 feet a piece of well-preserved cedar wood. This is pretty good proof of the theory that this country was at one time the home of the glacters, the cedar having been covered in that way.

the cedar having been covered in way.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Horsford have removed to this city from Alessandro.

A guitar and mandolin club has been organized among the members of Co. C.,

N.G.C.

The new schoolhouse at West Riverside is to be built upon a two-acre lot deeded for that purpose to the trustees by Mr. and Mrs. Shirley C. Ward.

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY.

An Oil Boom at Summerland-The New Water Scheme.

SANTA BARBARA, Dec. 3. — (Special Correspondence.) The oil boom is on a Summerland in good shape, and the resi-The monthly allowances to Mrs. Meyerleitner and Charles Wagner, indigents,
were increased.
Applications for saloon licenses in Fulleitner from C. B. Huggans and Oil Jensen were denied.
The Tax Collector was instructed to turn
over the money collected for the city of
Santa Ans, less \$150 for expenses of collection.

Mrs. E. C. Shaw of El Toro appeared
geriff Syears old. daughter of Rev. J. C.
Crouch, who abandoned the child when
compelled to leave the county. The matter was referred to Chairman Yoch with
power to act.
The remainder of the day was spent in
the inspection and consideration of the
monthly demands upon the treasury.

SANTA ANA BREVITIES.

Marriage licenses were issued today as
follows: J. G. Harrison, aged 48 years, a
native of Indiana and resident
of Wistminster; Levi W. Ponder, aged 22
years, a native of Minnesota and resident
of Orange, and Miss Della Cormack, aged
17 years, a native of Missouri and resident
of Orange, and Miss Della Cormack aged
17 years, a native of indiana and resident
of Orange, and Miss Della Cormack aged
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of Wistminister; Levi W. Ponder, aged 22
years, a native of indiana and resident
of Orange, and Miss Della Cormack aged
17 years, a native of indiana and resident
of Orange, and Miss Della Cormack aged
18 years, a native of indiana and resident
of Wistminister; Levi W. Ponder, aged 22
years, a native of Missouri and resident
of Orange, and Miss Della Cormack, aged
17 years, a native of Missouri and resident
of Orange, and Miss Della Cormack, aged
18 years, a native of Missouri and resident
of Orange, and Miss Della Corm

returning.

Col. H. M. Van Arman, immigration agent of the Southern Pacific, with head-quarters at San Francisco, is in the city for a few days.

Intercollegiate Athletic Association.

Intercollegiate Athletic Association.

The Intercollegiate Athletic Association held a special meeting yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the rooms of the Y.M. C.A. A long discussion took place on the making a new constitution.

The secretary was instructed to issue a challenge to the Los Angeles Athletic Club. At a previous meeting C. H. Ward of Pomona was elected president, H. I. Priestly of Chaffey, secretary; W. E. Parker of Occidental, treasurer. The delegates at the meeting were: Ocidental, William Edgar McKee, Oscar C. Mueller; Pomona, C. H. Ward, J. L. Whitney, F. S. Hutchins, J. F. Fradenall; United States College, E. Elliot, H. L. Martin, A. P. Thomson, P. Jones, J. D. Funk.

MARRIAGE RECORD. BLAKE-ADAMS—Saturday, 6 p.m., at the home of Mrs. A. M. Babcock, West Adams street, by Rev. F. A. Field, Charles, Blake to Miss Hester E. Adams, both of Los Angeles.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

A SERMON BY A LAWYER TO

The Legal Fraternity Turn Out in Force to Hear the Attorney's Place in the Bible Dis-

many lawyers meet in any church in this city to hear a sermon as assembled at Unity Hall last evening in response to the anhouncement by Rev. H. Digby Johnston, for many years himself a lawyer, that his sermon would be, "To Lawyers, About Lawyers, by an Old Lawyer." Nearly all the attorneys of the city were present, and they and others filled the hall. Questions mut by lawyers to Jesus and His Lawyers, by an Old Lawyer." Nearly all the attorneys of the city were present, and they and others filled the hall. Questions put by lawyers to Jesus and His answers to them formed the subject of the sermon, which was a comprehensive and entertaining discourse upon the attorneys place in the Bible. In the course of the discourse the special opportunities for good or evil which lawyers possess, the peculiar temptations to which they are exposed, and the special need of unfilnehing integrity and religion were illustrated by many of the preacher's own observations and experiences as a lawyer, gained in a practice extending over a period of thirty-five years, since he was admitted to practice before the bar in England. Next Sunday evening Mr. Johnston is announced to talk "About Talk."

A LYNCHING FOILED. The auditing of the bills of the past month by the County Supervisors today month by the County Supervisors today revealed the fact that there was, early in the month, a plan conceeded for a jail delivery. The object for which the delivery was planned was not to set a prisoner free in the usual sense of 'the word, but rather to prepare for a lynching. It was expected that an attempt would be made to take Tom Saiter, awaiting trial for poisoning Sam W. Barnes, and put an end to him. Hearing that such a scheme was well matured Jailer Newt Brown considered the safest plan to be in having Saiter somewhere else than in jail, so, after consulting Sheriff Booth, Dist. Atty. Oster, and Chairman Victor of the Board of Supervisors, he secured a carriage and guards and drove Saiter off and kapt him in hiding. This was done two nights, and the plans of the would-be lynchers were folied.

COUNTY PRODUCTS.

In addition to twenty cases of the prod-

In addition to twenty cases of the prod-ucts of San Bernardino county shipped last Friday to Los Angeles for the county last Friday to Los Angeles for the county display at the Chamber of Commerce, there will be sent six cases on Wednesday of this week. It will include eome excellent wainuts, almonds, limes, persimmons, dates and oranges. In going over the material twenty jars were found broken. The exhibit bas been sent from here to the Columbian Exposition at Chicago without a single glass being broken, and returned and sent to the Midwinter Fair without breakage. But the work of packing to return to San Bernardino was evidently poorly done, and the cases carglessly handled, else there could not have been such have among the jars.

The work of oveparing the local display to be placed in the room secured in the Stewart Riock on E street has not been started yet.

SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES.

SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES.

Co. E has been faithful in its rehearsals for "Through the Lines," to be presented at the operahouse on Tuesday evening. There has been much pains taken in selecting the cast, and from all reports the play will be well put on.

The new orchestra organized by Prof. Erbe will make its first appearance at the concert to be given next Friday night at the Methodist Church by Miss Selkirk, San Bernardino's new vocalist.

At the next meeting of the Websters

At the next meeting of the Websters hot local strife will be recalled in the subject, "Resolved, that the building of the new Courthouse was for the bost in-terests of this county."

The Associated Charities has decided to start a fund for the purpose of purchas-ing a permanent home for the orphans. There are now twenty-four children in the Orphans' Home.

rphans Home.

The Grapeland Irrigation District tunnel, now in the gravel and a flow of about ne hundred inches has been secured. The skating rink opened in Turner Hall on the 1st.

John Suverkrup is in San Francisco.

eity.

E. G. Judson reports the sale today of two lots on the corner of State and Tenth streets for John F. Walsh to Mrs. Tilda M. Harthorne; consideration, \$230. Gen. J. C. Breckenridge, U.S.A., was in Redlands today, a guest at the Windsor. Ed D. Thorne of Boston is a guest at the

Ed D. Thorne of Boston is a guest at the Windsor Hotel.

F. C. Hoogstraat and bride have returned from their wedding tour and will go to housekeeping on the corner of Vine and Eureka streets.

The Cricket and Leader job printing offices have consolidated and will continue in the rooms in which the Leader is located.

in the rooms in which the Leader is located.

The Y.M.C.A. meeting yesterday afternoon was led by Rev. J. H. Williams of the Congregational Church.

The two boys of the Lugonia school that gave the superintendent a drubbing, have humbly apologized and have been reinstated in the school.

A series of revival services has been inaugurated in the Methodist Episcopal Church.

From the Sublime To the Useful

"CUPIDENE,"



the great life-giver cures general and nervous debliny, and all diseases wearing on the body and mind. \$1.00 a tox. six for \$5.

For sale by
C. H. HANCE,
177-179 N. Street,
Los Angeles, Cal.

Parisian Millinery.

Miss E. C. Collins invites the ladies to examine her new and elegant flue of milinery goods, just received from New York. Imported Hats and Bonnets and the largest and finest general millinery stock ever displayed in the city. Prices reasonable and satisfaction guaranteed. No. 200 South Broadway, Y. M.C.A. building.

C. F. Heinzeman, DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST, NORTH MAIN ST., Lanfrancos Building Telephone 60 Los Angeles, Cal

SAN BERNARDINO, Dec. 3.—(Special Correspondence.) Never, perhaps, did so many lawyers meet in any church in this

Miss Grace Metealf is back from Los Stephen Palge has started for Cleve-

REDLANDS. spondence.) Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Hird of Brooking, S. D., are visiting friends in this

Today's overland brought in a number of tourists.

Mr. Wimberly returned on Saturday

Pearline-Easy washing



evening from a visit of several months South and East. - W. N. Chamblin and family returned to-day from a visit to Riverside.

Help the Students.

Help the Students.

A correspondent writes The Times at length calling atention to the wants of struggling students in this city. There are a number of young men and women who are forced to earn their ows ducation. While the public school system puts this within their reach, in one way, they are forced to live while pursuing their studies, and there is where the rub comes. Many of the students of the High School have a hard time to eke out an existence, and a little aid in the shape of small jobs outside of school hours, would be very welcome. It is hard to believe it, but is actually a fact that some of them often do not know where their next meal is coming from, and have a hard struggle to keep syen a roof over their heads. It would be quite worth while for the wealthy citisens of Los Angeles to interest themselves in the behalf of these young people, and it is suggested that a good way to do it would be for some church or society to take hold and organize a bureau of information where young men and women known to be deserving, could work for their board and lodging outside of school hours.

#### Beware of Imposition!

The attention of fathers and mothers called to the fact that Castoria is put and sold in one size bottles only, and not any other form. It cannot be purchased bulk. The wrapper around each original bottle of Castoria bears the facsimile signature.

an unprincipled druggist who effers for sales a preparation, giving it a name sounding similar to Castoria, which is integded to deceive the public and enable him to make a few cents more profit, at the same time risking the health of children using such a preparation. Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of

is on the wrap per We shall protect our selves anothe cold in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is 'just as good' and 'will answer every purpose."

The fac.

simile signate that H. Fletchers per. The fac-

CHOCOLATE WHICH COMBINES STRENGTH,

A



# GHIRARDELLI'S GROUND CHOCOLATE.

"A MEAL IN A MINUTE" THE BEST OF ALL.

THE ORIGINAL. Skin

diseases are caused by impure or depleted blood. The blood ought to be pure and

rich. It is made so by Scott's Emulsion

the Cream of Cod-liver Oil. Scrofula and Anæmia are overcome also, and Healthy Flesh is built up. Physicians, the world over, endorse it.

Don't be deceived by Substitutes! Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggista.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

REDONDO RAILWAY—
—NO. 12, IN EFFECT—
5 A.M., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1884.
Los Angeles depot, cor. Grand ave. and Jefferson st. Take Grand-ave. cable or Mainet, and Agricultural Park horse cars. | Leave | Los Angeles | Leave | Redondo | for | Redendo. | Los Angeles | Los Angeles | 1:55 pm | 10:30 am | 10:30 pm | 10:30 am | 5:30 pm | 5:35 am | Sat. and Sun. only 6:45 am | 10:30 am For rates on freight and passengers, apply at room 422. Bradbury building, corner Third and Broadway, Los Angeles. 'Phone 1304, or at depot, corner Grand avenue and Jefferson street, 'Phone No. 1. west.

J. N. SUTTON, Supt.



(Spreckels line)
Los Angeles to Honolun of the stura
125. Yoko ha ma
Hong-Kong via
Honolulu and China
lines. Round the
world, ist class. 500
to 600.
HUGH B. RICE, Agt.
134 W.2d, Los Angeles

LINES OF TRAVEL.

DESTINATION. |Arr. from 4:00 am Fri. New Orleans .Sat. See foot note.
6:40 pm Sat. San Francisco .Fri 2:00 pm San. F. & Sacramento.
2:00 pm San. F. & Sacramento.
2:00 pm San. F. & Sacramento.
2:00 pm Ogden & East 2st class.
7:45 pm Ogden & East 1st class.
7:45 pm Dordland, Or S:00 am El Paso and East ...
8:30 am Deming and East ...
8:30 am Banning ...
Rediands
8:30 am Rediands
10:30 am Rediands
4:30 pm Rediands
Cotton 8:30 and 10:30 am 4:30 pm

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA RAILWAY-

General passenger office, 144 S. Spring st.

Leave for LOS ANGELES. | Arr. from ... Overland Express...
... Chloago Limited ....
... San Diego Coast Line...
... San Diego Coast Line...
... San Bernardino ....
yla

\*Daily except Sunday. \*\*Sunday only.

\*\*\*Saturday only. All other trains daily.

Trains via Pasadena line arrive at Downeyave. station seven minutes earlier and leave
seven minutes later.

Palace vestibuled sleepers, upholstered tourjet cars through to Kansas City and Chloago ist cars through to Kansas City and Chicago daily. Personally conducted excursions to Boston every Thursday. For rates, sleeping-car reservations, etc., call on or address. City Passenger and Ticket Agent, 129 North Spring st., and La Grande Station, Los An-geles.

General Passenger Agent.

LOS ANGELES TERMINAL RAILWAY-Los Angeles 7 Ensatival RallwayIn effect Monday, September 24, 1894.
Leave Los Angeles for Pasadena—
6:35 am 7:10 am 8:00 am 9:00 am
10:30 am 12:25 pm 1:40 pm 3:00 pm
4:00 pm 5:20 pm 6:20 pm 91:30 pm
1-30 pm 9:30 pm

10:30 am 1:30 am 9:00 am 10:30 am 10:30 am 12:35 pm 1:30 pm 6:20 pm 6:20 pm 6:20 pm 6:20 pm 6:30 pm 6:35 pm 10:35 am 12:30 pm 1:45 pm 3:06 pm 4:05 pm 12:35 pm 7:06 pm 8:06 pm 4:05 pm 12:35 pm 7:06 pm 8:06 pm 4:06 pm 12:35 pm 7:06 pm 8:10 pm 4:06 pm 12:35 pm 10:35 am 10:30 am 11:40 pm 4:00 pm 10:30 am 10:30 am 10:30 am 10:30 am 10:30 pm 12:35 pm 6:35 pm 10:30 am 12:30 pm 12:35 pm 6:13 pm 12:35 pm 12:35 pm 6:13 pm 12:35 pm 12:35

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP COMPANY—Goodall, Perkins & Co., general agents, San Francisco.

Steamers leave Port Los Angeles and Redondo for San Diego Nov. 4, 9, 13, 18, 22, 27, Dec. 1, 6. Cars to connect leave Santa Frodepot at 10 cm.

For San Francisco, Port Harford and Santa For San Francisco, Port Harford and Santa For San Francisco, Port Harford and Santa Sarbara. Nov. 2, 6, 11, 15, 20, 24, 29, Dec. 3, 58 arbara. Nov. 2, 6, 11, 15, 20, 24, 29, Dec. 3, 6. Cars to connect with steamer at Redondo Rairos Santa Fe depot at 10 a.m., or Redondo Rairos Santa Fe depot at 10 a.m., or Redondo Rairos Santa Fe depot at 10 a.m., or Redondo Rairos Santa Fe depot at 10 a.m., or Redondo Rairos Santa Fe depot at 10 a.m., or Redondo Rairos Santa Fe depot at 51 f. 21, 21, 25, 30, Dec. 5, 9. Cars to connect with these steamers leave S. P. Co.'s depot, Fifth st., at 5 p.m., or L. A. Terminal depot at 51 f. p.m.

The company reserves the right to change steamers or their days of salling.

W. PARRIS. Arms.

124 W. Second st., Los Angeles, Cal.



#### The Weather.

S. Weather Bureau, Los Angeles, Dec. 3, 1894.—The barometer at 5 registered 30.06; at 5 p. m., 30.03. thermometer for the correspond-iours showed 48 deg. and 61 deg. Max-que temperature, 75 deg.; minimum erature, 44 deg. Character of weather

eter reduced to sea level.

Weather Bulletin.

United States Department of Agricultur. Weather Bureau Reports received at Lo Angeles, Cal., on December 3, 1894. Observa-tions taken at all stations at 8 p.m., seventy fifth meridian time.

PLACE OF OBSERVATION.	Baromete	Temp'tur
Los Angeles, clear	30.02	61
San Diego, clear	30.02	60
San Luis Obispo, clear	30.08	56
Fresno, clear	30.08	58
San Francisco, cloudy	30.06	54
Sacramento, cloudy	30.10	54
Red Bluff, rain	30.12	50
Eureka, rain	30.02	*52
Roseburg, rain	30.10	38
Portland, clear	30.16	42

GEORGE E. FRANKLIN, Observer. or and shame from no condition rise, well your part—and widely adver-

-(Printer's Ink.

Y. W. C. A. concert for the purchase of a piano. Buy your ticket now. The programme includes numbers from Misses A. L. Murphy, Kate C. Rider, Mrs. M. E. Auer, Messrs. H. S. Williams and J. Boud Francisco. In Bartlett's Music Hall, No. 103 N. Spring St., Dec. 6, at 8 p. m.

8 p. m.

Don't send you fur work away, when
the Parisian Cloak and Suit Company,
No. 221 South Spring street, does all kinds
of work in this department in their own
establishment by reliable furriers. We
will give you close estimates.

Special meetings for women only, will be held by Mr. Yatman at First Metho-dist Church, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, at 3 p. m. Theme, "Woman and Her Special Work."

Thursday, at 3 p. m. Theme, "woman and Her Special Work."

A strong musical and literary programme at the Y. W. C. A. concert at Bartlett's Music Hall, No. 103 N. Spring' St., Dec. 6, 8 p. m. Proceeds for the purchase of a piano.

Ah! No rent, light expenses, finest goods, cut rates on all drugs, 50 per cent. off on prescriptions. Vogel & Co., Seventh and Broadway; h'dq'r's. Cooper's medicines.

Experienced solicitors can find perminent employment by applying to the Los Angeles Mutual Life and Accident Insurance Company, room 327, Bradbury Block.

The only place in California where you can get pure aluminum ware and nothing else is at Baker's Aluminum Store, No. 22 South Broadway.

Kreglo & Bressee, funeral director, Sixth

222 South Broadway.

Kreglo & Bresee, funeral director, Sixth and Broadway. Lady-attendant. The lowest prices on the Coast. Telephone 243. tal—Finest enameled cabinet photos d to \$1 per dozen. Sunbeam Ar s, No. 236 South Main street.

Parlors, No. 236 South Main street.

Go to the Woman's Exchange, No. 330½
South Broadway, for Marshall Island mats
and Indian baskets; splendid stock.

Visit the Arrowhead Hot Springs, the
finest mountain resort on the Coast. See
notice under hotels.

Mantels, tiles, office fittings, hardwood lumber. H. Bohrman, No. 514 South Spring. Read "California Educator." published by L.A. Bus. College. On sales news-stands. Electric cook stoves, entirely new, Nau-erth & Cass Hardware Co.,326 S. Spring A large, well-lighted front room on the third floor of Times Building for rent. Buy the Whitney make of trunk. Fac-ory and salesroom, 344 N. Main street. Every man pleased who visits Barden's.

Chas. A. Baskerville, notary, stenographic reporting. 218 North Main. Tel. 33. Tangarine oranges at Althouse Bros.

The City Council will meet at 10 o'clock The Women's Press Association met last night at the Nadeau Hotel.

The semi-annual examination of teachers will be held at the State Normal School building, beginning Monday, Dember 24, at 10 a. m.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for Robert Hall, A. W. Dennett, Mrs. Al Sanborn, Fred B. Lowenthal, F. H. Doncaster. The Coroner's jury, in the case of Louis Mammont, who died suddenly Sunday, found that he had died of dropsy, super-induced by diseases of the lungs and

A notice of appeal was filed in Justice Seaman's court yesterlay by Mock Wing The Chinaman was found guilty of seli-ing opium without a license, and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$35, hence the

appeal.

The Associated Hotel Investment Bureau of this city have secured for Len J. Clark, a prominent Chicago hotel man, a two years lease of the Hotel San Marcos, at Santa Barbara. Mr. Clark will open the hotel about December 22.

The Presbyterian Alliance of Los Angeles, held its first meeting, last evening, at the First Presbyterian Church. An interesting, paper was read by Rev. E. S. Chapman, D. D., of Oakland, on "The Needs of Presbyterianism in California."

The regular all-day monthly meeting

The regular all-day monthly meeting of the Woman's Church Work Society of the First Congregational Church will be held today from 10.30 to 3:30. Mrs. Pease, returned missionary from Micronesia, will give an address. Mrs. Anna S. Averill will give a short talk. All are cordially invited.

dially invited.

In accordance with the suggestion of the County Auditor the Board of Supervisors yesterday ordered that \$20,000 and \$5000 be transferred from the unapportioned funds of the county to the current expense and salary funds, respectively, in order to meet the demands now being presented for the month of November last.

A Southern Pacific train collided with the end of a coal-wagon at the East Los Angeles viaduct yesterday afternoon and smashed it into kindling wood. Two boys who were in the front end were thrown out, but were uninjured. The two horses were not injured. It was a narrow escape for the boys.

The international Exposition is is full.

cape for the boys.

The International Exposition is in full running order again. Among the wonders of attractions, is Millie Christine, the Carolina twins, the only two-headed woman in the world, who holds receptions every half-hour to the public without any extra charge. Also there is a first-class stage performance every afternoon and evening. There will also be on exhibition in a few days the wonderful air-ship, invented by Capt. Wolf of Berlin, Germany.

A Newspaper Suspends.

TEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The Daily Journas suspended publication. It has bernunprofitable enterprise for several year.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U. S. Gov't Report

# Baking ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE EVANGELISTS

REV. MR. YATMAN CONTINUES HIS MEETINGS

Mr. Pratt Begins a Series of Meetings on the East Side Under the Most Favorable Auspices.

The First Methodist Episcopal Church was well filled Monday evening, when Rev. C. H. Yatman spoke on the subject of "Danlel." As Mr. Yatman stepped before the audience, he said: "I never felt better in my life, or more like preaching, and you will find it out before I get through."

In beginning his theme, Mr. Yatman said: "There is no better way to study the Bible than by studying character, and for three nights I will try to help you the Bible than by studying character, and for three nights I will try to help you do it by presenting to you the lives of some of the great men of the holy book. "I suppose that God would like to have all the people converted that is possible, but I believe that He is looking more for quality than quantity. Oh, that our eyes might look toward Jerusalem, as did Daniel's, for God's blessing tonight! Daniel seems to have found favor with God, as there is nothing written against him.

as did Daniel s, for God s blessing consist.
Daniel seems to have found favor with God, as there is nothing written against him.

"First, Daniel worshiped Him. Every one does not do thet. Some worship gold, but there will come to the man who worships gold a time when he cannot buy one moment with all his hoard. And so it is with all worldly gods. Some time they will fail you. Who is your god? If it Daniel's God? The simple lesson taught by this man is, God first.

"Another thing that Daniel had was a purpose. Have you one? You should have, for what are you living? Consider tonight the object of your life. Whatever place you may hold, see that you fill it well. I have registered a vow in heaven and written it on the tablet of my soul, to spend my life in winning souls to God. I want you to have a purpose, also, to do good. Live pure lives. Daniel refused to eat meat from the king's table, or drink his wine. He came out shead and saved his conscience.

"Then, Daniel was prayerful, and when the edict of the king went forth, that unless his dream was rightly interpreted, all the wise men should die, Daniel called his companions together and prayed. Held's not pray long, only about half a minute, and his prayer was not answered at first, but before morning he received the desired sign. Brothers, when you pray, don't worry, but wait.

"Daniel also, had influence. So have you. You can use it in your business to win men to God. Daniel made converts. Men of importance, too—Nebuchadnezzar and Darius. Have you led any one to God? Daniel loved the king, but when be had to choose between the king and God, he did not hesitate. In return, God rescued him from the lions' den and other dangers."

"Will you be numbered among those who have chosen Daniel's God as their

God, he did not nestate.

God, he did not nestate.

"Will you be numbered among those who have chosen Daniel's God as their God? Make a prayer to Him to save you now, and He will do it, even as He saved His servant, Daniel."

Mr. Yatman preaches tonight on "Paul."

There will be a service at 3 o'clock for women only.

# Evangelist Pratt.

The East Side Congregational Church was filled with a large audience last night, eager to hear Evangelist Pratt. Several eager to hear Evangelist Pratt. Several churches have entered into a united effort which promises to be successful from the very start. On the platform sat Rev. D. D. Hill, pastor of the Congregational Church, Rev. George E. Dye, pastor of the East Los Angeles Baptist Church, and Rev. Mr. Sterling, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church. They are in hearty sympathy with the work, and doubtless the churches they represent will co-operate. Mr. Raglin has charge of the tinging. He was assisted by a choir of singers, among whom were Mrs. Morfoot, Mrs. Brown and others.

others.

Mr. Pratt delivered a strong and scarching sermon from the fifty-first Psaim. His first sermon made a good impression.

The Bible readings will be held at the Asbury Methodist Episcopal Church each day at 3 p.m. There will be a ladies' meeting conducted by Mrs. Banks at 2:30 p.m. at the same place.

## IN SOCIAL SPHERES.

Miss Mildred Tarble entertained the nembers of La Revista Pintoresca at her residence on Grand avenue last evening The time was spent most pleasantly, and refreshments were served. The invited guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Edward Swaine, Misses Jessica Rhoades, Wenon Huntley, Lottie Bowers, Edith de Luna, Lottie Knewing, Pearl Langstaff, Evans; Messrs. Karl Klokke, John Osgood, Bert

Messrs. Karl Klokke, John Osgood, Bert Robinson, Harold Butler, Herron, Battelle, Schnyder and Rundell.

Miss Clara Bennett entertained her friends pleasantly last Thursday evening.

Miss Matie Crandall arrived in the city Sunday from Madison, O., and is stopping at the Virginia.

Mrs. Clarence Barnes has returned from her trip to Redlands.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Johnson entertained last evening.

Mrs. Washington Berry will give a concert at the Blanchard-Fitzgerald Hall the 12th of December.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira O. Smith have returned from the East.

Miss A. S. Mable of San Francisco is making a two week's visit with her sister, Mrs. Isaac A. Brener of East Jefferson street, lately of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mrs. Senator Stephen M. White invited her friends to luncheon yesterday to meet Miss Carrie Dalton. Covers were laid for fourteen.

A fine line of monogram stationery just arrived. The Whedon & Webb Co., 114 West First street.

Arrivals at the County Jail Pasadena sent up five vagrants yesterday to enjoy the county's hospitality at the jail, Will'am Holland for five days, T.

O'Brien, five days; Michael Kirkwood, ten days, J. Osborn, five days, and F. Wes-setts, five days. Sam Goldstein, for contempt of Judge Ross's court, was booked yesterday to serve eight months in the County Jail. Michael Daly, a San Pedro petty larceny thief, was sent up for ninety days.

PERSONALS. J. H. Graves of Craig, Stuart & Co., who so narrowly escaped being killed by a runaway horse three weeks ago, is now convalescent.

Messrs. Danziger, well known in Port-and, Or., are in the city on an extended usiness and pleasure trip.

Died.

GILBERT—At South Pasadana, December 1, 1884, David Gilbert, late of Missouri, aged 47 years.
Funeral Tuesday at 2 p.m. from the new funeral pariors of C. D. Howry, Fifth and Broadway, All Masons and G.A.R. respectfully invited to attend.

Death from Apoplexy. Edward L. Chandler was found dead in

Edward L. Chandler was found dead in his room yesterday morning. He was manager of the Grimth Lumber Company, and lived at No. 722 West Beacon street. His wife entered his room early in the morning and found him lying on the floor in his night clothing, holding a shattered lamp in his hand. She thought he had only fallen and injured himself, so called for Dr. C. T. Pepper, whose residence is immediately opposite, and he immediately responded. After examining the body he pronounced Chandler dead. The doctor said death was due to apoplexy. The body was removed to Orr & Patterson's undertaking establishment, and at the inquest held by the Coroner yesterday the jury returned a verdict of death by apoplexy.

Deceased leaves besides a widow to mourn his loss, his parents and two brothers, his father being Rev. Loomis Chandler, a Presbyterian minister at Holly, Mich. Deceased was born in December, 1847. He was general manager of the mills of J. M. Grimth & Co. of this city for the past twelve years.



WHAT YOU NOTICE.

At first, perhaps, in taking the Carlsbad Sprudel Salt regularly, is a decrease in weight. It is getting rid of all the unhealthy, unnatural flesh and tissue-if you have any. That is what makes it so valuable in cases of obe

But after that, or, if you are thin already, the firm, sound, healthy flesh that you need comes in a thoroughly natural way. Your digestive organs are put into perfect condition; your appetite is sharpened; there's no waste; the food that you take nourishes you.

No matter whether you're too stout or too thin-the Carlsbad Sprudel Salt brings you to the proper, healthy standard, either way.

Take no imitations sold as "improved" or "artificial" Carlsbad Salt, which are only mixtures of ordinary Glauber Salt and Seidlitz Powder, sold by unscrupulous dealers in order to make larger profits. The only genuine imported article has the signature of "EISNER & MENDELSON COM-PANY, Sole Agents, New York," and the seal of the city of Carlsbad on every bottle.

# East India Herb Tea,

It will give you a clear skin, a torpid liver, purify your blood, relieve your dyspepsia and biliousness. Purely vegetable. Samples free at

H. M. SALE & SONS. Druggists, 220 S. Spring St.

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325 South Spring. Big Bargains This Week



SEE ENGINE OF Finest and Cheapest Souvenirs in the city. Mexican Hand-carved Leather Work. Open Evenings

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# Decisive December Distribution.

Our big stores are in the heighth of their winter glory. Such a gathering of altogether splendid stocks—such a massing of merchandise is without a parallel in the history of mercantile transactions in the Golden State. Great mountains of goods bought for instant cash from manufacturers who are crippled by the tariff vacillation; these stocks are now in shape awaiting your inspection.

# The Ships That Pass in the Day,

And the trains from over the mountains have packed our stores with the grandest aggregation of Toys, Crockery, Chinaware, Silver and Plush Novelties that has ever been in Southern California.

# Our Great Amusement Hall

In the basement is a revelation in itself; every ingenious toy that mankind can devise is there. Every artistic piece of bric-a-brac which the brain of man can conceive, finds its place on these tables. The useful, the beautiful and the amusing, are blended in one great, grand, glittering display. No fathers or mothers of the coming men and women should neglect to have the little ones see this great show.

All people who are far-sighted enough to purchase their holiday wares before the heavy rush of the last few days sets in, can have them stored in our house free of charge, and delivered at any designated time.



MISSES' SHOES, made by J. & T. Cousins; real French dongola, spring heel, come in button only; repriced from \$2.50.

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No customer shall ever have it to say of us that they have paid as much here for any drug or patent medicine as they would have to pay

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Let customers show their purchases to their neighbors. If you buy drugs of us at the right price be honest and tell your friends. We are the drug people.

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# A. HAMBURGER & SONS

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For His Wonderful Success in the Cure of Catarrh

CHRONIC DISEASES.

Yesterday Thirty New Patients Applied For Treatment, Compelling Dr.

Shores to Extend His Office Hours. Careful, Scientific and Consciencious Treatment is the Foundation of Success.

Dr. Shores is the only specialist who advertises his credentials. He is not ashamed to publish his name and school of graduation. His diploma is regularly indersed by the California State Medical Board, a copy of which can be seen at the Courthouse and at the offices of the Board of Health and



DR. ANDREW J. SHORES.

in his offices. He is a graduate of the Medical Department of the University of Louisville, Ky., one of the oldest and most reputable medical schools in the world. The doctor has special diplomas for proficiency in diseases of

the Nose and Throat, as well as in Chronic Diseases. His diploma regularly indorsed by the Medical Board of California, Dr. Shores comes to Los Angeles with the highes of recommendations, and his residence here will be hailed with delight by

many sufferers. Go where you can get true specialty services. Dr. Shores's offices are daily thronged with patients who note the difference between the real and the

TERMS\_\$5 to \$10

month for all diseases.

Medicines furnished free

"Of all the sufferers who live to tell his story, I was the worst. For 18 years I was the victim of a chronic case of Catarrh, affecting my HEAD, NOSE, THROAT and STOMACH. I suffered headache that almost set me crazy. My stomach was a source of constant annoyance, cramping pain, after eating a bloated feeling.

new specialty treatment has made me feel better in every way."

Mr. Craig resides at No. 817 Montreal street. His place of business is at No. 1067 North Alameda street. See him. He will tell you more.

"In conclusion I can say Dr. Shores'

MISS NETTIE GRACE. Whose residence is University, says "After suffering from the terrible effects of catarrh since a child, I wish to state to the public that under Dr. Shores's new treatment I have gained seven pounds. In the way of recommendation I cannot say too much in praise of this successful physician."

OFFICE HOURS EXTENDED. On account of the large number of patients Dr. Shores has been com-pelled to extend his office hours from 9 to 12 morning, 2 to 5 afternoon and 7 to 8 evening.

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SPECIALTIES - Catarrh, Asthma Dyspepsia, Bronchitis and all forms of

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